

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.1762, 52.8830,  
-31.3464)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(46.1762, 52.8830,  
-31.3464) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(46.2347, 52.5495,  
-30.8794)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C353BB
RGB	195, 83, 187
RGB Percent	76%, 33%, 73%
CMY	0.2353, 0.6745, 0.2667
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.04, 0.24
HSL	304°, 48%, 55%
HSV	304°, 57%, 76%
XYZ	34.5686, 21.3765, 49.3178
YIQ	128.3440, 33.3680, 56.0880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

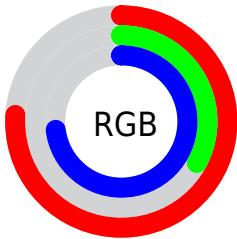
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	195, 83, 187
Decimal	12800955
CIE Lab	53.36, 57.94, -34.01
CIE LCh	53, 67.184, 329.588
Yxy	21.3775, 0.3284, 0.2031
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290991035 (0xFFC353BB)
YUV	128.3440, 28.9174, 58.4573
Hunter-Lab	46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794

# Details

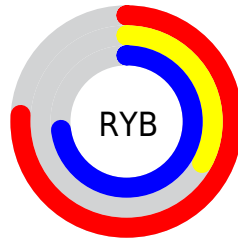
The HunterLab color **46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **64.5178, -43.8174, 29.8917**, and the grayscale version is **46.4779, -2.4799, 2.5252**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.6605, 56.4802, -32.3187**, and **27.6958, 48.2194, -29.5940** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.2920, 60.8511, -35.5801**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.8523, 43.1875, -25.3740**.

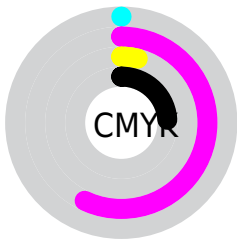
# Distribution



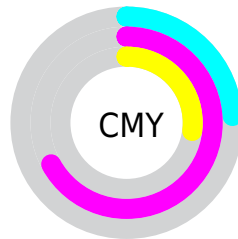
- Red (76%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



46.2347, 52.5495,  
-30.8794

46.2347, 52.5495,  
-30.8794

161.0210, 66.5251,  
-34.8106

36.6063, 50.5119,  
-30.2616

67.6128, 56.3330,  
-32.0746

27.7573, 48.4200,  
-29.7004

79.2741, 58.0702,  
-32.6157

19.7651, 46.3696,  
-29.3276

91.5380, 59.7058,  
-33.1082

12.7336, 44.6511,  
-29.4994

104.3763, 61.2444,  
-33.5499

6.0991, 52.2264,  
-36.2209

117.7643, 62.6907,  
-33.9401

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

131.6803, 64.0498,

-34.2795

0.0000, NaN, NaN

146.1050, 65.3265,  
-34.5692

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.2347, 52.5495,  
-30.8794

■ 46.2347, 52.5495,  
-30.8794

■ 43.2920, 60.8511,  
-35.5801

■ 49.8523, 43.1875,  
-25.3740

■ 41.0776, 67.5204,  
-39.1292

■ 54.0658, 33.2770,  
-19.3908

■ 39.6081, 72.0677,  
-41.2477

■ 58.7971, 23.1826,  
-13.1717

■ 38.8133, 74.3902,  
-41.9130

■ 63.9728, 13.1340,  
-6.8780

■ 38.6541, 74.8344,  
-41.9843

■ 69.5291, 3.2561,  
-0.6051

■ 75.4122, -6.3963,  
5.5973

■ 81.5780, -15.8098,  
11.7080

■ 87.9902, -24.9941,  
17.7228

■ 93.4188, -32.3342,  
22.4971

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.2358, 26.6469, -66.0820



46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794



46.2358, 63.1861, 2.1537

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.2358, 52.5475, -30.8778



46.2358, -2.0888, 29.8533



46.2358, -40.0555, -29.8504

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794



64.5178, -43.8174, 29.8917

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.2358, -44.3583, 2.8768



46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794



46.2358, -25.7912, 28.3716

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.2358, 52.5475, -30.8778



46.2358, 27.4614, 28.2762



46.2358, -39.8089, 21.4268



46.2358, -26.3099, -65.2831



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794



46.2358, 58.6461, 16.4052



46.2358, -39.8089, 21.4268



46.2358, -42.4885, -17.7250

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.2358, 52.5475, -30.8778



85.7358, 17.3502, -9.0616



35.1068, 26.0497, -65.1072



39.4352, 9.4023, -5.0490

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.2358, 52.5475, -30.8778



57.0587, 84.0323, -49.0365



44.0941, 43.1989, -1.2031



31.9917, 2.4060, -0.8469



31.1709, 60.3600, -33.9580



6.5084, 12.6482, -7.4404



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.2358, 52.5475, -30.8778



57.0587, 84.0323, -49.0365



65.5438, -37.6085, 14.9564



31.9917, 2.4060, -0.8469



31.1709, 60.3600, -33.9580



6.5084, 12.6482, -7.4404



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

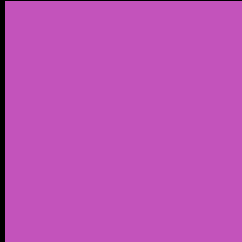
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

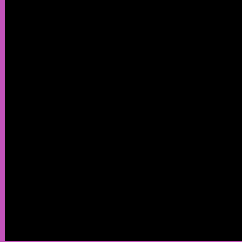
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794.

-30.8794.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794

### Protanopia

46.7758, 10.9075, -59.4753

### Deuteranopia

46.6787, 3.4271, -26.0228



## Tritanopia

46.1382, 27.4658, 9.5851

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794



## Protanomaly

44.8220, 23.1968, -52.6289



## Deuteranomaly

45.2222, 20.3938, -30.5133



## Tritanomaly

45.8788, 35.7687, -2.6698

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794



## Achromatopsia

46.4608, -2.4790, 2.5243



## Achromatomaly

45.2036, 16.3278, -9.1542

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 83, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 83, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 83, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 83, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 83, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 83, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 83, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 83, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 83, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 83,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.2347, 52.5495, -30.8794 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 83, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195, 83,  
187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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