

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.2400, 66.4686,  
4.2180)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(46.2400, 66.4686,  
4.2180) contains.

<b>HunterLab(46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(46.2834, 66.2673,  
4.3941)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E7397E
RGB	231, 57, 126
RGB Percent	91%, 22%, 49%
CMY	0.0941, 0.7764, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.75, 0.45, 0.09
HSL	336°, 78%, 56%
HSV	336°, 75%, 91%
XYZ	38.1840, 21.4215, 21.8609
YIQ	116.8920, 81.5550, 58.3470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

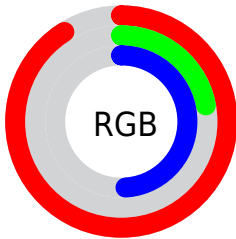
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	231, 57, 126
Decimal	15153534
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	53.41, 69.76, 2.56
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	53, 69.808, 2.101
Yxy	21.4227, 0.4687, 0.2630
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293343614 (0xFFE7397E)
YUV	116.8920, 4.4902, 100.0727
Hunter-Lab	46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941

# Details

The HunterLab color **46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. The color can be described as middle washed rose. A complement of this color would be **77.8659, -51.9357, 21.0394**, and the grayscale version is **42.0986, -2.2463, 2.2873**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.3743, 55.0944, -1.9061**, and **30.1361, 53.3870, 5.6909** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.9308, 71.2349, 7.6047**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.6331, 59.0158, 2.0057**.

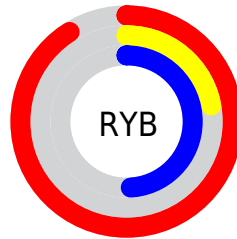
# Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (22%)

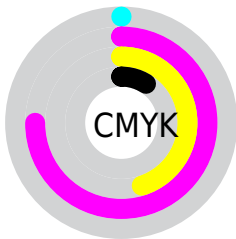
Blue (49%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (49%)

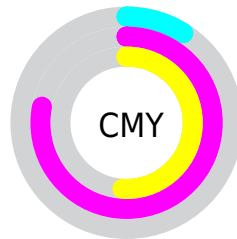


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



46.2834, 66.2673,  
4.3941

46.2834, 66.2673,  
4.3941

161.0952, 83.3802,  
11.6465

36.6516, 63.9645,  
3.7243

67.6683, 70.6970,  
5.8228

27.7986, 61.7001,  
3.0822

79.3327, 72.7853,  
6.5780

19.8019, 59.6590,  
2.4684

91.5995, 74.7788,  
7.3599

12.7654, 58.3614,  
1.8806

104.4405, 76.6774,  
8.1678

6.1433, 69.0325,  
2.0609

117.8312, 78.4834,  
9.0010

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.7497, 80.2001,

9.8590

0.0000, NaN, NaN

146.1768, 81.8311,  
10.7410

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.2834, 66.2673,  
4.3941

■ 46.2834, 66.2673,  
4.3941

■ 43.9308, 71.2349,  
7.6047

■ 49.6331, 59.0158,  
2.0057

■ 42.5535, 73.5321,  
11.3674


■ 53.9081, 50.1915,  
0.5295

■ 42.1361, 73.9763,  
13.1425


■ 59.0010, 40.4750,  
-0.0753


■ 64.7936, 30.3804,  
0.0781

■ 71.1768, 20.2312,  
0.8575

 78.0574, 10.2018,  
2.1406

 85.3588, 0.3703,  
3.8255

 93.0197, -9.2415,  
5.8315

 97.7258, -13.5706,  
4.3755

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.2847, 56.8132, -29.2340



46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941



46.2847, 53.9024, 22.5829

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.2847, 66.2631, 4.3954



46.2847, -28.2103, 28.5316



46.2847, -25.4868, -71.6102

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941



77.8659, -51.9357, 21.0394

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.2847, -40.4389, -34.7713



46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941



46.2847, -41.7222, 20.9160

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.2847, 66.2631, 4.3954



46.2847, -4.4698, 30.2317



46.2847, -45.5902, 0.5615



46.2847, -0.4400, -86.1151



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941



46.2847, 36.3643, 27.7021



46.2847, -45.5902, 0.5615



46.2847, -31.6293, -60.6484

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.2847, 66.2631, 4.3954



81.2677, 20.1538, 1.2304



40.3933, 64.8314, -84.9434



36.3454, 11.2233, 0.3684

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.2847, 66.2631, 4.3954



48.2177, 81.3927, 10.6315



47.1562, 54.3909, 25.1406



38.0292, 2.0366, 1.4261



31.5853, 55.5220, 9.3149



8.6897, 15.4717, 1.0387



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.2847, 66.2631, 4.3954



48.2177, 81.3927, 10.6315



73.8452, -32.4013, -15.7640



38.0292, 2.0366, 1.4261



31.5853, 55.5220, 9.3149



8.6897, 15.4717, 1.0387



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

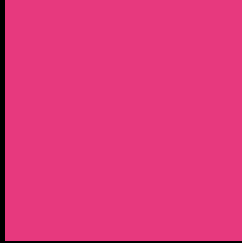
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

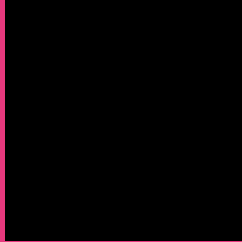
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.2834, 66.2673,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941

### Protanopia

46.6376, 2.2059, -17.7009

### Deuteranopia

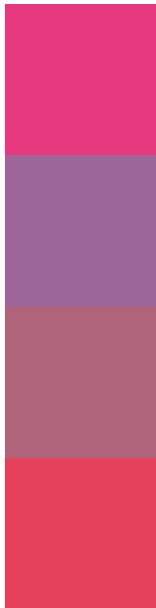
46.5324, 2.8817, 6.8848



## Tritanopia

46.2263, 55.8803, 21.1533

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941

## Protanomaly

43.6335, 23.9476, -13.0587

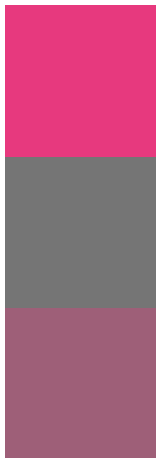
## Deuteranomaly

44.4128, 26.4245, 3.6809

## Tritanomaly

46.0749, 59.5319, 16.1071

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941

## Achromatopsia

42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915

## Achromatomaly

40.9995, 22.2167, -0.0438

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 57, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 57, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 57, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 57, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 57, 126) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 57, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 57, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 57, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 57, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 57,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.2834, 66.2673, 4.3941 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 57, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231, 57,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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