

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.3616, -2.9886,  
2.8691)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(46.3616, -2.9886, 2.8691)  
contains.

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# Color

HunterLab(46.3494, -2.9235,  
2.8245)

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7F807F
RGB	127, 128, 127
RGB Percent	50%, 50%, 50%
CMY	0.5020, 0.4980, 0.5020
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.50
HSL	120°, 0%, 50%
HSV	120°, 1%, 50%
XYZ	20.3023, 21.4827, 23.1552
YIQ	127.5870, -0.2750, -0.5230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	127, 128, 128
Decimal	8355967
CIE Lab	53.47, -0.57, 0.40
CIE LCh	53, 0.700, 144.672
Yxy	21.4836, 0.3126, 0.3308
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286546047 (0xFF7F807F)
YUV	127.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148
Hunter-Lab	46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245

# Details

The HunterLab color  $46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $46.1811, -2.0110, 2.2011$ , and the grayscale version is  $46.3008, -2.4705, 2.5156$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $67.8574, -4.1009, 4.0134$ , and  $27.8599, -1.8998, 1.7947$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $44.9995, -8.4036, 6.5260$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $47.8381, 2.9251, -1.1250$ .

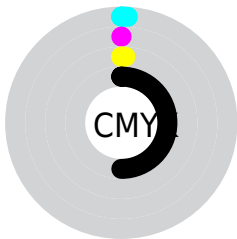
# Distribution



- Red (50%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 46.3494, -2.9235,  
2.8245

■ 46.3494, -2.9235,  
2.8245

161.1947, -9.2905,  
9.2331

■ 36.7123, -2.3761,  
2.2779

■ 67.7429, -4.1279,  
4.0307

■ 27.8540, -1.8663,  
1.7709

■ 79.4113, -4.7790,  
4.6846

■ 19.8514, -1.3982,  
1.3078

■ 91.6820, -5.4608,  
5.3704

■ 12.8082, -0.9758,  
0.8932

104.5267, -6.1721,  
6.0866

■ 6.2022, -0.7324,  
0.6081

117.9209, -6.9117,  
6.8320

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.8428, -7.6786,

7.6055

0.0000, NaN, NaN

146.2732, -8.4718,  
8.4062

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.3494, -2.9235,  
2.8245

■ 46.3494, -2.9235,  
2.8245

■ 44.9995, -8.4036,  
6.5260

■ 47.8381, 2.9251,  
-1.1250

■ 43.7911, -13.4527,  
9.9372

■ 49.4564, 9.0882,  
-5.2858

■ 42.7294, -18.0136,  
13.0192

■ 51.1982, 15.5114,  
-9.6212

■ 41.8171, -22.0329,  
15.7358

■ 53.0566, 22.1473,  
-14.0989

■ 41.0548, -25.4672,  
18.0575

■ 55.0244, 28.9542,  
-18.6908

■ 40.4407, -28.2868,  
19.9639

■ 57.0946, 35.8967,  
-23.3730

■ 39.9701, -30.4810,  
21.4479

■ 59.2606, 42.9453,  
-28.1255

■ 39.6350, -32.0622,  
22.5175

■ 61.5158, 50.0758,  
-32.9320

■ 39.4234, -33.0689,  
23.1988

■ 63.8544, 57.2687,  
-37.7794

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.3504, -2.7055, 2.9970



46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245



46.3504, -3.0233, 2.5717

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.3504, -2.9246, 2.8252



46.3504, -2.5268, 1.9977



46.3504, -1.9735, 2.7414

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245



46.1811, -2.0110, 2.2011

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.3504, -1.9254, 2.4743



46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245



46.3504, -2.2453, 2.0438

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.3504, -2.9246, 2.8252



46.3504, -2.7940, 2.0930



46.3504, -2.0249, 2.2187



46.3504, -2.1564, 2.9488



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245



46.3504, -3.0078, 2.3899



46.3504, -2.0249, 2.2187



46.3504, -1.9411, 2.6556

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.3504, -2.9246, 2.8252



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



46.4338, -2.6341, 2.9279



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.3504, -2.9246, 2.8252



61.4554, -4.0610, 3.8706



46.3645, -2.8471, 2.6237



22.4928, -1.4546, 1.3951



39.1258, -33.5498, 23.5205

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.1811, -2.0110, 2.2011



61.1621, -2.4778, 2.7889



46.1669, -2.0890, 2.4043



22.3974, -0.9396, 1.0432



24.6883, 48.5356, -32.5438

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

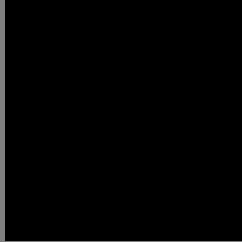
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

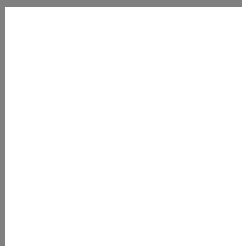
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## HunterLab 46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.3494, -2.9235,

2.8245.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245

### Protanopia

46.2936, -1.7333, 3.2154

### Deuteranopia

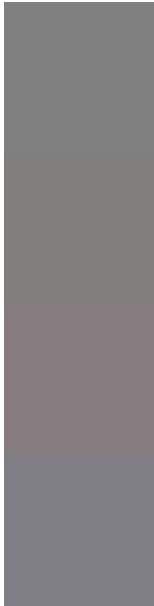
46.4212, 3.0470, 2.5744



## Tritanopia

46.4479, -0.5543, -1.5991

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245

## Protanomaly

46.2085, -2.0282, 3.1113

## Deuteranomaly

46.2349, 1.0195, 2.3190

## Tritanomaly

46.3264, -1.2156, 0.1250

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245

## Achromatopsia

46.4608, -2.4790, 2.5243

## Achromatomaly

46.4608, -2.4790, 2.5243

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 128, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 128, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 128, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 128, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 128, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 128, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 128, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 128, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 128, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 128,  
127) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.3494, -2.9235, 2.8245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 128, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
128, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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