

Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.4106, -3.3128,
-5.8633)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(46.4106, -3.3128,
-5.8633) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(46.3226, -3.3662,
-5.8022)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	748191
RGB	116, 129, 145
RGB Percent	45%, 51%, 57%
CMY	0.5451, 0.4941, 0.4314
CMYK	0.20, 0.11, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	213°, 12%, 51%
HSV	213°, 20%, 57%
XYZ	20.1635, 21.4578, 29.8671
YIQ	126.9370, -12.8840, 2.2200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

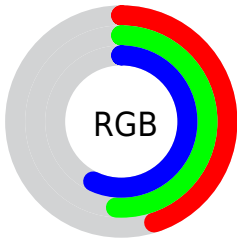
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 125, 145
Decimal	7635345
CIE _{Lab}	53.45, -1.14, -10.21
CIE _{LCh}	53, 10.276, 263.643
Yxy	21.4587, 0.2821, 0.3002
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285825425 (0xFF748191)
YUV	126.9370, 8.9051, -9.5917
Hunter-Lab	46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022

Details

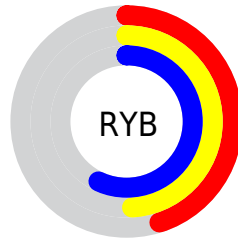
The HunterLab color $46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $48.7680, -0.8638, 9.9471$, and the grayscale version is $46.0145, -2.4552, 2.5001$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67.7527, -4.7922, -5.6189$, and $27.8511, -2.2802, -5.9258$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43.0299, -3.2390, -10.4531$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49.7211, -3.2210, -1.3624$.

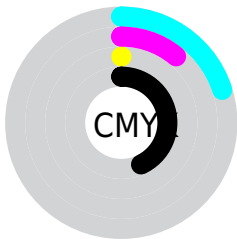
Distribution



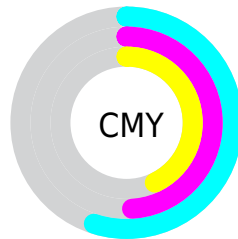
- Red (45%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46.3226, -3.3662,
-5.8022

■ 46.3226, -3.3662,
-5.8022

161.1541, -9.9631,
-3.2581

■ 36.6875, -2.7850,
-5.8112

■ 67.7124, -4.6306,
-5.5859

■ 27.8314, -2.2387,
-5.7460

■ 79.3792, -5.3093,
-5.3918

■ 19.8312, -1.7301,
-5.5967

■ 91.6483, -6.0173,
-5.1464

■ 12.7907, -1.2615,
-5.3558

104.4915, -6.7537,
-4.8531

■ 6.1782, -1.1325,
-6.6078

117.8842, -7.5173,
-4.5152

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.8047, -8.3073,

-4.1352

0.0000, NaN, NaN

146.2338, -9.1228,
-3.7156

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.3226, -3.3662,
-5.8022

■ 46.3226, -3.3662,
-5.8022

■ 43.0299, -3.2390,
-10.4531

■ 49.7211, -3.2210,
-1.3624

■ 39.8521, -2.7920,
-15.3468

■ 53.2123, -2.8392,
2.8913

■ 36.8043, -1.9739,
-20.5107

■ 56.7885, -2.2537,
6.9849

■ 33.9034, -0.7260,
-25.9690

■ 60.4425, -1.4910,
10.9406

■ 31.1684, 1.0137,
-31.7346

■ 64.1679, -0.5736,
14.7779

■ 28.6208, 3.3035,
-37.8001

■ 67.9594, 0.4798,
18.5135

■ 26.2829, 6.1834,
-44.1266

■ 71.8123, 1.6536,
22.1621

■ 24.1370, 9.5397,
-50.7627

■ 75.7225, 2.9344,
25.7362

■ 24.1369, 9.5399,
-50.7630

■ 79.6866, 4.3111,
29.2463

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.3235, -7.1752, -4.1172



46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022



46.3235, 0.8164, -5.1003

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.3235, -3.3669, -5.8014



46.3235, 5.1755, 5.5041



46.3235, -8.8136, 6.8574

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022



48.7680, -0.8638, 9.9471

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.3235, -5.6755, 9.0344



46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022



46.3235, 2.4220, 8.3032

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.3235, -3.3669, -5.8014



46.3235, 5.8470, 1.6609



46.3235, -1.5746, 9.5392



46.3235, -10.2466, 3.3659

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022



46.3235, 3.2450, -3.4031



46.3235, -1.5746, 9.5392



46.3235, -7.9287, 7.7542

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.3235, -3.3669, -5.8014



68.3336, -4.1474, 0.4098



50.6249, -12.8223, 5.4246



32.1074, -1.9686, 0.0425



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.3235, -3.3669, -5.8014



59.9891, -4.4774, -10.5278



42.8354, 3.1855, -10.6280



23.7238, -1.5170, -0.4751



22.4668, 8.5979, -46.6421



3.0202, -0.6082, -2.4621

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.8285, 8.6941, 0.3053



57.6363, 15.1861, -0.2104



52.3460, -7.3738, 13.4109



23.3704, 1.1335, 0.7641



23.4433, 41.5658, 4.1530



2.3850, 4.3995, -0.9018

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

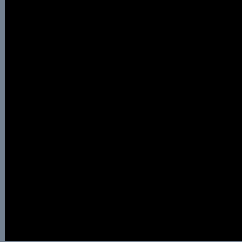
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

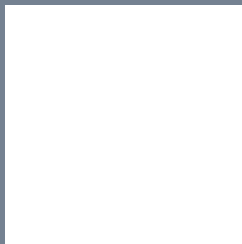
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022.

-5.8022.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022

Protanopia

46.3917, -0.3661, -4.6317

Deuteranopia

46.1692, 3.3175, -6.4151



Tritanopia

46.3719, -4.9865, -3.2358

Trichromacy



Original Color

46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022

Protanomaly

46.4645, -1.4866, -5.0635

Deuteranomaly

46.2954, 0.9290, -6.2839

Tritanomaly

46.4361, -4.6318, -4.1424

Monochromacy



Original Color

46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022

Achromatopsia

46.0685, -2.4581, 2.5030

Achromatomaly

46.2283, -2.9379, -0.4927

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 129, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 129, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 129, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 129, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 129, 145) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 129, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 129, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 129, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 129, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 129,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.3226, -3.3662, -5.8022 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 129, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
129, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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