

Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.4335, -2.9152,
2.3761)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(46.4335, -2.9152, 2.3761)
contains.

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Color

HunterLab(46.3777, -2.7684,
2.4213)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F8080
RGB	127, 128, 128
RGB Percent	50%, 50%, 50%
CMY	0.5020, 0.4980, 0.4980
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	180°, 0%, 50%
HSV	180°, 1%, 50%
XYZ	20.3679, 21.5089, 23.5002
YIQ	127.7010, -0.5960, -0.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 128, 128
Decimal	8355968
CIE Lab	53.50, -0.37, -0.14
CIE LCh	54, 0.396, 200.185
Yxy	21.5098, 0.3115, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286546048 (0xFF7F8080)
YUV	127.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148
Hunter-Lab	46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213

Details

The HunterLab color $46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $46.1528, -2.1663, 2.6059$, and the grayscale version is $46.3440, -2.4728, 2.5180$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67.8876, -3.9356, 3.5834$, and $27.8858, -1.7575, 1.4248$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45.3739, -6.3122, 1.1753$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47.4939, 1.0718, 3.7774$.

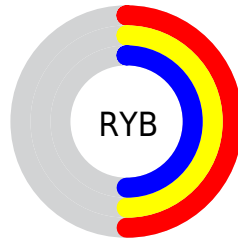
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (50%)

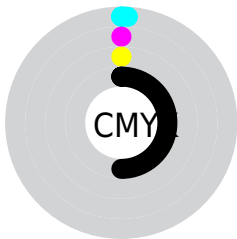
Blue (50%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (50%)

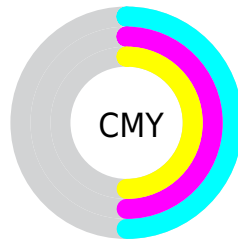


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46.3777, -2.7684,
2.4213

■ 46.3777, -2.7684,
2.4213

■ 161.2376, -9.0550,
8.6215

■ 36.7385, -2.2327,
1.9049

■ 67.7750, -3.9518,
3.5729

■ 27.8779, -1.7356,
1.4309

■ 79.4452, -4.5932,
4.2018

■ 19.8728, -1.2816,
1.0044

■ 91.7175, -5.2658,
4.8639

■ 12.8266, -0.8752,
0.6313

■ 104.5638, -5.9684,
5.5574

■ 6.2274, -0.5925,
0.2481

■ 117.9595, -6.6996,
6.2810

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 131.8829, -7.4584,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.0336

0.0000, NaN, NaN

146.3147, -8.2439,
7.8141

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.3777, -2.7684,
2.4213

■ 46.3777, -2.7684,
2.4213

■ 45.3739, -6.3122,
1.1753

■ 47.4939, 1.0718,
3.7774

■ 44.4816, -9.5272,
0.0471

■ 48.7163, 5.1809,
5.2309

■ 43.7031, -12.3886,
-0.9540

■ 50.0424, 9.5269,
6.7719

■ 43.0385, -14.8758,
-1.8211

■ 51.4681, 14.0797,
8.3901

■ 42.4862, -16.9746,
-2.5496

■ 52.9888, 18.8109,
10.0756

■ 42.0434, -18.6798,
-3.1381

■ 54.6001, 23.6945,
11.8194

■ 41.7053, -19.9958,
-3.5886

■ 56.2973, 28.7070,
13.6132

■ 41.4650, -20.9389,
-3.9071

■ 58.0759, 33.8276,
15.4498

■ 41.3132, -21.5384,
-4.1041

■ 59.9314, 39.0383,
17.3227

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.3787, -2.7840, 2.5751



46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213



46.3787, -2.6767, 2.2961

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.3787, -2.7695, 2.4220



46.3787, -2.2374, 2.3342



46.3787, -2.4240, 2.8159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213



46.1528, -2.1663, 2.6059

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.3787, -2.2773, 2.7518



46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213



46.3787, -2.1694, 2.4739

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.3787, -2.7695, 2.4220



46.3787, -2.3695, 2.2452



46.3787, -2.1841, 2.6268



46.3787, -2.5847, 2.8021

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213



46.3787, -2.5828, 2.2446



46.3787, -2.1841, 2.6268



46.3787, -2.3714, 2.8027

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.3787, -2.7695, 2.4220



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



46.3518, -2.9197, 2.8270



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.3787, -2.7695, 2.4220



61.5044, -3.7923, 3.1723



46.2426, -2.5435, 2.2644



22.5087, -1.3672, 1.1678



41.0442, -21.8174, -4.2041

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.1528, -2.1663, 2.6059



61.1129, -2.7469, 3.4909



46.2885, -2.3927, 2.7620



22.3814, -1.0271, 1.2715



21.3334, 36.5369, 13.7629

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

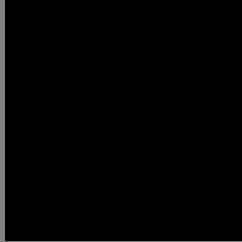
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.3777, -2.7684,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213

Protanopia

46.3216, -1.5803, 2.8155

Deuteranopia

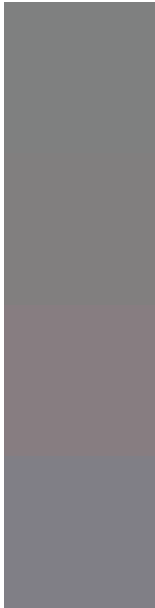
46.3565, 2.8867, 2.0518



Tritanopia

46.4479, -0.5543, -1.5991

Trichromacy



Original Color

46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213

Protanomaly

46.2365, -1.8747, 2.7107

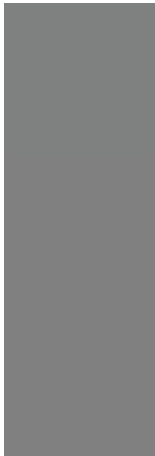
Deuteranomaly

46.2635, 1.1741, 1.9111

Tritanomaly

46.3564, -1.0523, -0.3008

Monochromacy



Original Color

46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213

Achromatopsia

46.4608, -2.4790, 2.5243

Achromatomaly

46.4608, -2.4790, 2.5243

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 128, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 128, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 128, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 128, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 128, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 128, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 128, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 128, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 128, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 128,  
128) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.3777, -2.7684, 2.4213 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 128, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
128, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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