

Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.4381, -1.5756,
0.4399)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(46.4381, -1.5756, 0.4399)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(46.6058, -1.6859,
0.4591)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	808085
RGB	128, 128, 133
RGB Percent	50%, 50%, 52%
CMY	0.4980, 0.4980, 0.4784
CMYK	0.04, 0.04, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	240°, 2%, 51%
HSV	240°, 4%, 52%
XYZ	20.8549, 21.7210, 25.2838
YIQ	128.5700, -1.6050, 1.5550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

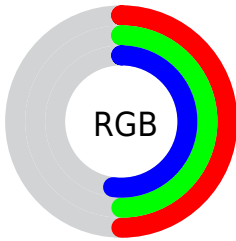
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 128, 133
Decimal	8421509
CIE Lab	53.73, 1.01, -2.71
CIE LCh	54, 2.889, 290.533
Yxy	21.7219, 0.3073, 0.3201
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286611589 (0xFF808085)
YUV	128.5700, 2.1840, -0.4999
Hunter-Lab	46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591

Details

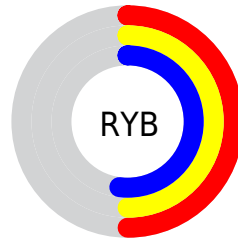
The HunterLab color $46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $48.2907, -3.3486, 4.6238$, and the grayscale version is $46.6777, -2.4906, 2.5361$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68.1298, -2.7869, 1.5055$, and $28.0968, -0.7552, -0.3994$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $41.8488, 0.8208, -5.6377$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51.4979, -4.0276, 6.1139$.

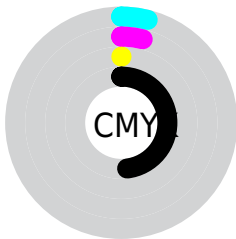
Distribution



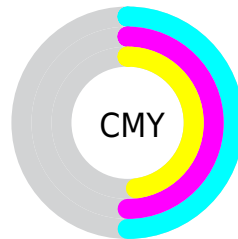
- Red (50%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46.6058, -1.6859,
0.4591

■ 46.6058, -1.6859,
0.4591

■ 161.5830, -7.4182,
5.6912

■ 36.9496, -1.2305,
0.0817

■ 68.0338, -2.7242,
1.3588

■ 28.0705, -0.8208,
-0.2419

■ 79.7180, -3.2992,
1.8719

■ 20.0448, -0.4634,
-0.5033

■ 92.0037, -3.9087,
2.4236

■ 12.9754, -0.1667,
-0.6911

■ 104.8628, -4.5509,
3.0116

■ 6.4266, 0.3437,
-1.3950

■ 118.2707, -5.2242,
3.6339

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 132.2059, -5.9274,

4.2889

0.0000, NaN, NaN

146.6491, -6.6590,
4.9750

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.6058, -1.6859,
0.4591

■ 46.6058, -1.6859,
0.4591

■ 41.8488, 0.8208,
-5.6377

■ 51.4979, -4.0276,
6.1139

■ 37.2443, 3.5473,
-12.3140

■ 56.5065, -6.2399,
11.4260

■ 32.8210, 6.5607,
-19.7477

■ 61.6206, -8.3529,
16.4727

■ 28.6177, 9.9477,
-28.1662

■ 66.8305, -10.3889,
21.3119

■ 24.6899, 13.8081,
-37.8327

■ 72.1284, -12.3646,
25.9879

■ 21.1187, 18.2246,
-48.9673

■ 77.5078, -14.2930,
30.5348

■ 18.0213, 23.1655,
-61.4970

■ 82.9632, -16.1844,
34.9795

■ 15.5562, 28.2680,
-74.4957

■ 88.4899, -18.0466,
39.3429

■ 13.8865, 32.6203,
-85.6176

■ 94.0840, -19.8860,
43.6418

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.6068, -2.8637, 0.3466



46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591



46.6068, -0.7162, 1.1372

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.6068, -1.6869, 0.4599



46.6068, -1.0313, 4.1804



46.6068, -4.7169, 2.8922

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591



48.2907, -3.3486, 4.6238

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.6068, -4.2364, 3.8945



46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591



46.6068, -2.1137, 4.6259

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.6068, -1.6869, 0.4599



46.6068, -0.3350, 3.2912



46.6068, -3.2863, 4.5226



46.6068, -4.6052, 1.7698

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591



46.6068, -0.3202, 1.8084



46.6068, -3.2863, 4.5226



46.6068, -4.6195, 3.2539

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.6068, -1.6869, 0.4599



64.1435, -3.1344, 2.7385



48.0165, -4.0366, 2.1534



30.4676, -1.4985, 1.3258



82.0889, -4.3801, 4.4600



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.6068, -1.6869, 0.4599



61.4958, -1.8174, -0.4514



46.8092, -0.9848, 0.7190



22.1631, -0.6148, -0.2669



12.7052, 34.4298, -90.2046



0.7491, 2.0209, -5.2988

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.8869, -1.0049, 3.0482



62.0079, -0.5755, 4.2833



48.0896, -4.0561, 4.3826



22.3617, -0.1338, 1.5694



21.7943, 37.3239, 14.0787



1.2829, 2.1971, 0.8276

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

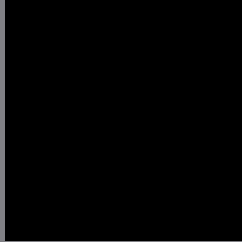
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

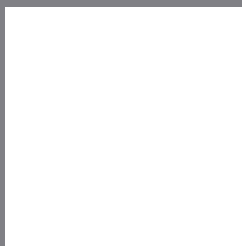
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591.



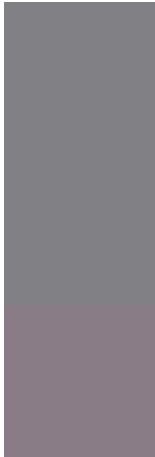
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.6058, -1.6859,

0.4591.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591

Protanopia

46.6893, -1.3971, 0.5662

Deuteranopia

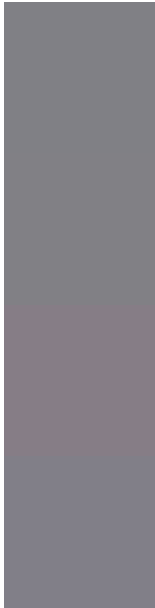
46.4110, 3.3634, -0.1559



Tritanopia

46.5317, -0.2665, -1.4880

Trichromacy



Original Color

46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591

Protanomaly

46.6893, -1.3971, 0.5662

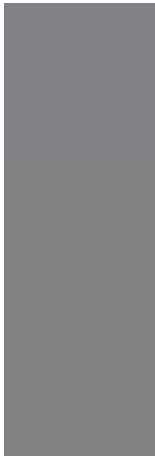
Deuteranomaly

46.3215, 1.6652, -0.2965

Tritanomaly

46.5010, -0.4333, -1.0525

Monochromacy



Original Color

46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591

Achromatopsia

46.8536, -2.5000, 2.5456

Achromatomaly

46.8821, -2.3438, 2.1390

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 128, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 128, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 128, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 128, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 128, 133) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 128, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 128, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 128, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 128, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 128,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.6058, -1.6859, 0.4591 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 128, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
128, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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