

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.4739, -5.5655,  
7.9428)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(46.4739, -5.5655, 7.9428)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(46.5995, -5.5917,  
7.9797)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7F8273
RGB	127, 130, 115
RGB Percent	50%, 51%, 45%
CMY	0.5020, 0.4902, 0.5490
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.12, 0.49
HSL	72°, 6%, 48%
HSV	72°, 12%, 51%
XYZ	19.8296, 21.7151, 19.3660
YIQ	127.3930, 3.0270, -5.3010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

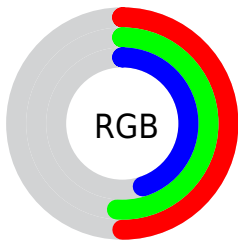
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	115, 130, 118
Decimal	8356467
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	53.72, -3.99, 7.74
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	54, 8.705, 117.250
Yxy	21.7161, 0.3256, 0.3565
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286546547 (0xFF7F8273)
YUV	127.3930, -6.1097, -0.3447
Hunter-Lab	46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797

# Details

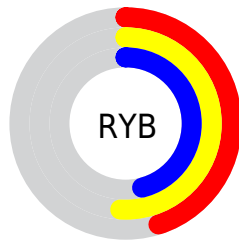
The HunterLab color  $46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $42.1015, 1.0782, -3.7813$ , and the grayscale version is  $46.2459, -2.4676, 2.5126$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $68.0884, -7.1316, 9.9959$ , and  $28.1244, -4.1716, 6.0625$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $46.0872, -8.0272, 12.0865$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $47.1584, -2.9470, 3.3309$ .

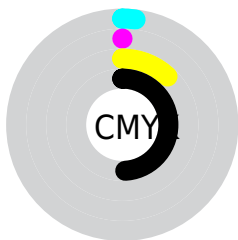
# Distribution



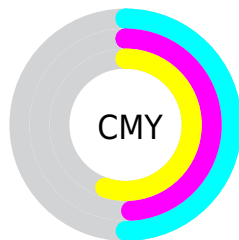
- Red (50%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 46.5995, -5.5917,  
7.9797

■ 46.5995, -5.5917,  
7.9797

161.5735,  
-13.3630, 17.3433

■ 36.9438, -4.8395,  
6.9940

■ 68.0267, -7.1649,  
9.9692

■ 28.0652, -4.1062,  
6.0044

■ 79.7105, -7.9844,  
10.9789

■ 20.0401, -3.3897,  
4.9992

■ 91.9958, -8.8263,  
12.0016

■ 12.9713, -2.6833,  
3.9554

104.8546, -9.6904,  
13.0387

■ 6.4212, -3.0476,  
4.4949

118.2622,  
-10.5764, 14.0908

0.0000, NaN, NaN

132.1970,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-11.4841, 15.1588

0.0000, NaN, NaN

146.6399,  
-12.4131, 16.2429

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.5995, -5.5917,  
7.9797

■ 46.5995, -5.5917,  
7.9797

■ 46.0872, -8.0272,  
12.0865

■ 47.1584, -2.9470,  
3.3309

■ 45.6182, -10.2464,  
15.6465

■ 47.7613, -0.0948,  
-1.8543

■ 45.1926, -12.2488,  
18.6626

■ 48.4089, 2.9568,  
-7.5637

■ 44.8094, -14.0353,  
21.1433

■ 49.1012, 6.2001,  
-13.7825

■ 44.4671, -15.6094,  
23.1037

■ 49.8377, 9.6263,  
-20.4931

■ 44.1639, -16.9776,  
24.5667

■ 50.6179, 13.2260,  
-27.6759

■ 43.8974, -18.1503,  
25.5645

■ 51.4411, 16.9893,  
-35.3094

■ 43.6644, -19.1429,  
26.1408

■ 52.3065, 20.9062,  
-43.3714

■ 43.4836, -19.8987,  
26.4460

■ 53.2132, 24.9666,  
-51.8388

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.6005, -2.1589, 8.6033



46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797



46.6005, -8.1271, 5.9352

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.6005, -5.5929, 7.9804



46.6005, -6.1474, -3.3010



46.6005, 4.5732, 2.2219

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797



42.1015, 1.0782, -3.7813

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.6005, 3.4306, -1.1390



46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797



46.6005, -2.8182, -4.4743

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.6005, -5.5929, 7.9804



46.6005, -8.4404, -0.5559



46.6005, 0.6983, -3.6551



46.6005, 3.7769, 5.4306



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797



46.6005, -9.0018, 3.9560



46.6005, 0.6983, -3.6551



46.6005, 4.4024, 1.0711

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.6005, -5.5929, 7.9804



62.4632, -4.4651, 5.4093



43.5215, 0.8608, 4.7360



29.6910, -2.2493, 2.7957



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.6005, -5.5929, 7.9804



61.6447, -8.3475, 12.1760



46.0017, -7.7301, 7.3053



22.3100, -2.3687, 3.2879



42.5815, -19.4714, 25.8977

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.1015, 1.0782, -3.7813



54.2600, 2.6136, -7.1597



42.7451, 3.2498, -2.8989



20.6155, 0.1422, -1.1373



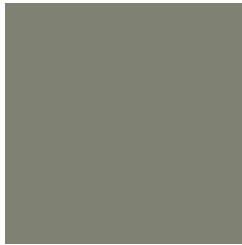
13.2617, 34.3636, -81.7598

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

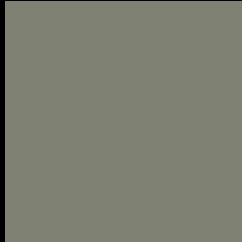
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

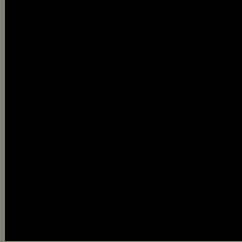
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

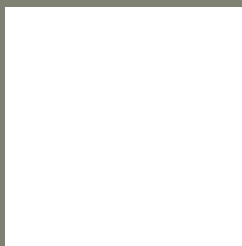
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797

### Protanopia

46.6064, -2.7105, 8.4192

### Deuteranopia

46.5790, 2.9374, 7.7212



## Tritanopia

46.6162, 0.0231, -1.3763

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797

## Protanomaly

46.6269, -4.0841, 8.4167

## Deuteranomaly

46.4607, -0.2621, 7.5387

## Tritanomaly

46.5730, -2.0323, 2.2226

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797

## Achromatopsia

46.0685, -2.4581, 2.5030

## Achromatomaly

46.2390, -3.5303, 4.4025

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 130, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 130, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 130, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 130, 115) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 130, 115) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 130, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 130, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 130, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 130, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 130,  
115) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.5995, -5.5917, 7.9797 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 130, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
130, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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