

Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.4885, -2.4948,
3.4283)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283)
contains.

HunterLab(46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

HunterLab(46.4885, -2.4948,
3.4283)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	81807E
RGB	129, 128, 126
RGB Percent	51%, 50%, 49%
CMY	0.4941, 0.4980, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.49
HSL	40°, 1%, 50%
HSV	40°, 2%, 51%
XYZ	20.5383, 21.6118, 22.8276
YIQ	128.0710, 1.2380, -0.4100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

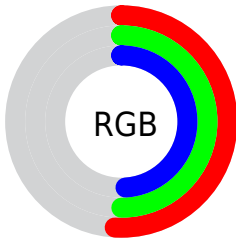
Format	Color
RYB	128, 129, 126
Decimal	8487038
CIELab	53.61, -0.02, 1.21
CIElCh	54, 1.210, 90.773
Yxy	21.6127, 0.3161, 0.3326
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286677118 (0xFF81807E)
YUV	128.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147
Hunter-Lab	46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283

Details

The HunterLab color $46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $46.0424, -2.4322, 1.5835$, and the grayscale version is $46.4931, -2.4808, 2.5261$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68.0055, -3.6451, 4.6587$, and $27.9880, -1.5043, 2.3460$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44.9503, -2.3733, 7.0108$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48.0733, -2.4503, -0.4989$.

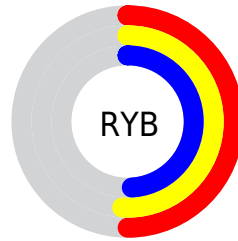
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (50%)

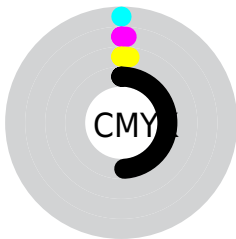
Blue (49%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (49%)

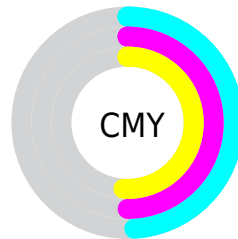


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46.4885, -2.4948,
3.4283

■ 46.4885, -2.4948,
3.4283

161.4054, -8.6403,
10.1540

■ 36.8410, -1.9796,
2.8354

■ 67.9007, -3.6413,
4.7177

■ 27.9715, -1.5049,
2.2780

■ 79.5777, -4.2657,
5.4097

■ 19.9563, -1.0756,
1.7589

■ 91.8566, -4.9223,
6.1316

■ 12.8989, -0.6973,
1.2802

104.7091, -5.6095,
6.8823

■ 6.3250, -0.3491,
1.1372

118.1107, -6.3260,
7.6608

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

132.0398, -7.0706,

8.4662

0.0000, NaN, NaN

146.4772, -7.8424,
9.2975

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.4885, -2.4948,
3.4283

■ 46.4885, -2.4948,
3.4283

■ 44.9503, -2.3733,
7.0108

■ 48.0733, -2.4503,
-0.4989

■ 43.4580, -2.0739,
10.2239

■ 49.6996, -2.2454,
-4.7508

■ 42.0147, -1.5898,
13.0461

■ 51.3663, -1.8899,
-9.3055

■ 40.6227, -0.9141,
15.4563

■ 53.0714, -1.3928,
-14.1426

■ 39.2841, -0.0416,
17.4356

■ 54.8131, -0.7626,
-19.2430

■ 38.0008, 1.0306,
18.9691

■ 56.5896, -0.0073,
-24.5889

■ 36.7745, 2.3019,
20.0481

■ 58.3992, 0.8653,
-30.1637

■ 35.6062, 3.7674,
20.6739

■ 60.2404, 1.8478,
-35.9522

■ 34.4962, 5.4154,
20.8626

■ 62.1117, 2.9334,
-41.9401

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.4895, -2.0162, 3.3157



46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283



46.4895, -2.9702, 3.3037

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.4895, -2.4959, 3.4290



46.4895, -3.3000, 2.0637



46.4895, -1.6474, 2.0852

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283



46.0424, -2.4322, 1.5835

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.4895, -1.9939, 1.7439



46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283



46.4895, -2.9480, 1.7314

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.4895, -2.4959, 3.4290



46.4895, -3.4333, 2.5183



46.4895, -2.4702, 1.6138



46.4895, -1.5251, 2.5428

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283



46.4895, -3.2199, 3.1009



46.4895, -2.4702, 1.6138



46.4895, -1.7416, 1.9529

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.4895, -2.4959, 3.4290



62.4845, -3.3446, 3.9299



45.9581, -1.4065, 2.3909



29.7348, -1.5913, 1.8520



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.4895, -2.4959, 3.4290



62.0564, -3.3357, 4.9620



46.7282, -3.1063, 3.6940



22.2820, -1.1985, 1.8863



33.2622, 6.6375, 20.6122

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.0424, -2.4322, 1.5835



61.2670, -3.2232, 1.7036



45.8047, -1.8224, 1.3090



21.9460, -1.1506, 0.4991



17.9711, 15.2891, -55.4671

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

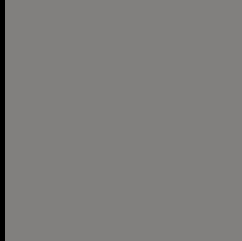
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

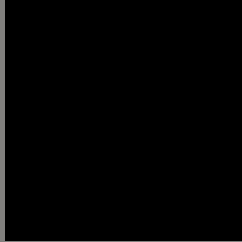
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.4885, -2.4948,

3.4283.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283

Protanopia

46.3793, -1.4367, 3.3202

Deuteranopia

46.4869, 3.2113, 3.0926



Tritanopia

46.3946, 0.6246, -1.1677

Trichromacy



Original Color

46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283

Protanomaly

46.2936, -1.7333, 3.2154

Deuteranomaly

46.3874, 1.4812, 2.9461

Tritanomaly

46.4656, -0.7953, 0.7632

Monochromacy



Original Color

46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283

Achromatopsia

46.4608, -2.4790, 2.5243

Achromatomaly

46.4326, -2.6336, 2.9269

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 128, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 128, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 128, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 128, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 128, 126) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 128, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 128, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 128, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 128, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 128,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.4885, -2.4948, 3.4283 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 128, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
128, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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