

Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.4921, -21.3321,
20.8153)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(46.4921, -21.3321,
20.8153) contains.

HunterLab(46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(46.4938,
-21.4968, 20.8839)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	648B46
RGB	100, 139, 70
RGB Percent	39%, 55%, 27%
CMY	0.6078, 0.4549, 0.7255
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.50, 0.45
HSL	94°, 33%, 41%
HSV	94°, 50%, 55%
XYZ	15.5936, 21.6167, 9.1449
YIQ	119.4730, -1.0950, -29.7270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

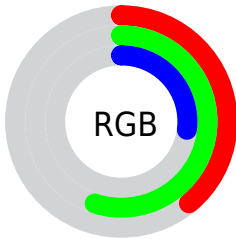
Format	Color
RYB	70, 139, 109
Decimal	6589254
CIELab	53.62, -26.36, 32.44
CIElCh	54, 41.803, 129.091
Yxy	21.6177, 0.3364, 0.4663
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284779334 (0xFF648B46)
YUV	119.4730, -24.3902, -17.0778
Hunter-Lab	46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839

Details

The HunterLab color $46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $30.8159, 22.2890, -27.6195$, and the grayscale version is $43.2266, -2.3065, 2.3486$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68.0208, -25.6229, 25.9770$, and $28.0798, -17.0854, 15.2919$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45.8643, -24.3073, 22.9824$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47.2058, -18.3413, 18.2576$.

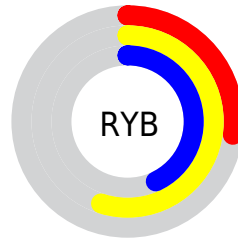
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (55%)

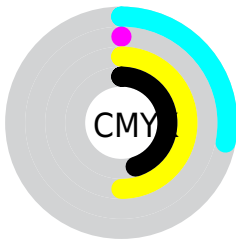
Blue (27%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (43%)

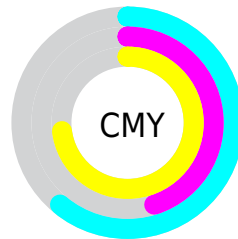


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (50%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46.4938, -21.4968,
20.8839

■ 46.4938, -21.4968,
20.8839

161.4135,
-38.9060, 41.4667

■ 36.8460, -19.2985,
18.1681

■ 67.9068, -25.6388,
25.9190

■ 27.9759, -16.9692,
15.2633

■ 79.5841, -27.6210,
28.2937

■ 19.9603, -14.4514,
12.2533

■ 91.8632, -29.5622,
30.5991

■ 12.9023, -11.6557,
9.0316

■ 104.7160,
-31.4713, 32.8485

■ 6.3296, -11.0769,
4.4307

■ 118.1180,
-33.3553, 35.0525

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

132.0474,

-35.2196, 37.2193

0.0000, NaN, NaN

146.4850,
-37.0687, 39.3555

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.4938, -21.4968,
20.8839

■ 46.4938, -21.4968,
20.8839

■ 45.8643, -24.3073,
22.9824

■ 47.2058, -18.3413,
18.2576

■ 45.3131, -26.7625,
24.5623

■ 47.9976, -14.8501,
15.1024

■ 44.8392, -28.8629,
25.6467

■ 48.8698, -11.0409,
11.4275

■ 44.4393, -30.6165,
26.2738

■ 49.8215, -6.9333,
7.2481

■ 44.1025, -32.0803,
26.5948

■ 50.8513, -2.5490,
2.5849

■ 44.0911, -32.1298,
26.6063

■ 51.9573, 2.0893,
-2.5374

■ 53.1375, 6.9586,
-8.0917

■ 54.3895, 12.0360,
-14.0494

■ 55.7107, 17.2997,
-20.3812

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.4948, -7.5783, 24.0686



46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839



46.4948, -29.4450, 12.3892

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.4948, -21.4978, 20.8843



46.4948, -13.6732, -37.3277



46.4948, 34.7517, 7.2182

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839



30.8159, 22.2890, -27.6195

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.4948, 32.4932, -10.1096



46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839



46.4948, 2.8409, -40.3044

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.4948, -21.4978, 20.8843



46.4948, -25.4031, -21.9034



46.4948, 20.1830, -28.9807



46.4948, 25.9692, 18.2804

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839



46.4948, -31.0673, 3.0256



46.4948, 20.1830, -28.9807



46.4948, 35.2830, 2.0306

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.4948, -21.4978, 20.8843



65.9334, -12.4508, 12.9606



40.8002, 3.4603, 16.7808



31.5373, -6.4629, 6.7122



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.4948, -21.4978, 20.8843



61.2449, -33.1076, 31.1542



45.0059, -27.2933, 18.8469



23.8906, -3.2206, 3.3671



41.8984, -30.4746, 25.2841



3.5358, -1.9920, 2.1439

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.8159, 22.2890, -27.6195



36.1680, 37.8477, -48.7584



34.1096, 30.5822, -18.6451



22.4110, 0.8229, -1.0067



17.8223, 39.9609, -61.6586



1.7257, 3.6029, -3.9054

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

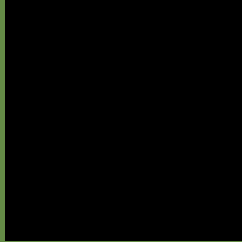
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.4938,

-21.4968, 20.8839.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839

Protanopia

46.3621, -5.3359, 21.8832

Deuteranopia

46.2407, 2.8965, 20.2372



Tritanopia

46.4382, -6.1037, -4.1654

Trichromacy



Original Color

46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839

Protanomaly

46.1989, -11.8088, 21.4459

Deuteranomaly

45.9024, -6.7807, 20.0244

Tritanomaly

46.3001, -12.6289, 7.1501

Monochromacy



Original Color

46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839

Achromatopsia

42.9506, -2.2917, 2.3336

Achromatomaly

43.9386, -9.8945, 10.2881

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 139, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 139, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 139, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 139, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 139, 70) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 139, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 139, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 139, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 139, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 139,  
70) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.4938, -21.4968, 20.8839 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 139, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
139, 70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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