

Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.5391, -2.9349,
-2.9829)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(46.5391, -2.9349,
-2.9829) contains.

HunterLab(46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(46.5391, -2.9349,
-2.9829)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	79818C
RGB	121, 129, 140
RGB Percent	47%, 51%, 55%
CMY	0.5255, 0.4941, 0.4510
CMYK	0.14, 0.08, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	215°, 8%, 51%
HSV	215°, 14%, 55%
XYZ	20.4690, 21.6589, 27.9127
YIQ	127.8620, -8.2990, 1.7250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

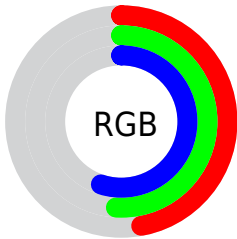
Format	Color
R_{YB}	121, 127, 140
Decimal	7963020
CIE _{Lab}	53.66, -0.57, -6.94
CIE _{LCh}	54, 6.964, 265.293
Yxy	21.6598, 0.2922, 0.3092
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286153100 (0xFF79818C)
YUV	127.8620, 5.9840, -6.0180
Hunter-Lab	46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829

Details

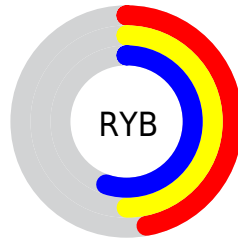
The HunterLab color $46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $48.4338, -1.7711, 7.6695$, and the grayscale version is $46.3871, -2.4751, 2.5203$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67.9965, -4.2776, -2.6796$, and $28.0236, -1.9913, -3.2319$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43.2083, -2.8140, -7.4703$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49.9662, -2.8231, 1.2984$.

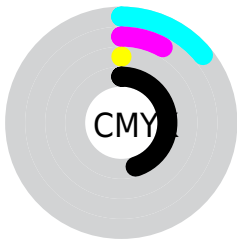
Distribution



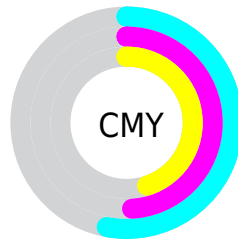
- Red (47%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46.5391, -2.9349,
-2.9829

■ 46.5391, -2.9349,
-2.9829

161.4820, -9.3069,
0.7041

■ 36.8878, -2.3866,
-3.1449

■ 67.9581, -4.1405,
-2.4793

■ 28.0142, -1.8759,
-3.2391

■ 79.6382, -4.7921,
-2.1501

■ 19.9945, -1.4070,
-3.2543

■ 91.9200, -5.4746,
-1.7744

■ 12.9319, -0.9836,
-3.1771

104.7753, -6.1864,
-1.3555

■ 6.3690, -0.7312,
-4.1707

118.1797, -6.9266,
-0.8961

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

132.1114, -7.6940,

-0.3984

0.0000, NaN, NaN

146.5513, -8.4877,
0.1356

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.5391, -2.9349,
-2.9829

■ 46.5391, -2.9349,
-2.9829

■ 43.2083, -2.8140,
-7.4703

■ 49.9662, -2.8231,
1.2984

■ 39.9816, -2.4178,
-12.1993

■ 53.4775, -2.5090,
5.4006

■ 36.8729, -1.6999,
-17.2043

■ 57.0664, -2.0212,
9.3506

■ 33.8978, -0.6053,
-22.5198

■ 60.7265, -1.3825,
13.1708

■ 31.0747, 0.9275,
-28.1752

■ 64.4521, -0.6119,
16.8803

■ 28.4251, 2.9625,
-34.1850

■ 68.2387, 0.2747,
20.4956

■ 25.9732, 5.5562,
-40.5358

■ 72.0820, 1.2641,
24.0305

■ 23.7439, 8.7375,
-47.1714

■ 75.9784, 2.3450,
27.4971

■ 22.3997, 10.9699,
-51.6785

■ 79.9250, 3.5079,
30.9053

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.5401, -5.5728, -1.9711



46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829



46.5401, -0.1152, -2.4440

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.5401, -2.9358, -2.9821



46.5401, 2.5864, 4.7113



46.5401, -6.9166, 5.4119

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829



48.4338, -1.7711, 7.6695

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.5401, -4.8098, 7.0152



46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829



46.5401, 0.6839, 6.6281

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.5401, -2.9358, -2.9821



46.5401, 3.1172, 2.1024



46.5401, -2.0340, 7.4467



46.5401, -7.8356, 2.9602

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829



46.5401, 1.4836, -1.2953



46.5401, -2.0340, 7.4467



46.5401, -6.3263, 6.0620

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.5401, -2.9358, -2.9821



66.1083, -3.7630, 1.4384



49.4783, -9.3385, 4.2659



31.5819, -1.8151, 0.5063



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.5401, -2.9358, -2.9821



60.5587, -3.8866, -5.5787



44.4136, 1.1910, -5.7336



22.8383, -1.3845, -0.5046



21.2032, 10.1453, -48.4030



2.4042, -0.4021, -2.1372

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.6460, 4.6475, 1.2300



59.1637, 8.2021, 1.2691



50.5994, -5.8857, 9.8797



22.5417, 1.0526, 0.8086



22.8868, 40.4352, 5.1698



1.9395, 3.5642, -0.6280

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

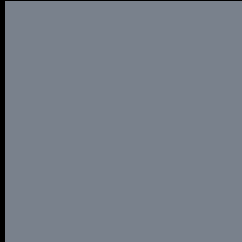
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

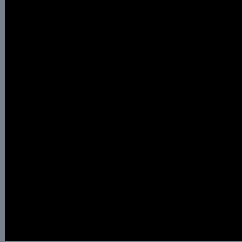
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

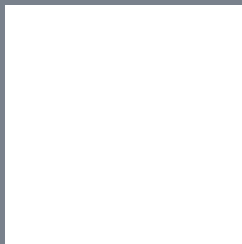
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829.



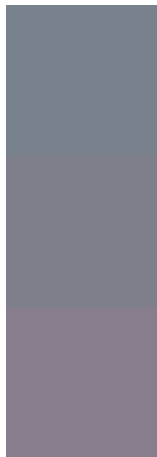
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829.

-2.9829.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829

Protanopia

46.4272, -0.5007, -2.5940

Deuteranopia

46.6275, 3.1318, -3.2562



Tritanopia

46.5076, -3.1082, -2.5362

Trichromacy



Original Color

46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829

Protanomaly

46.5429, -1.5372, -2.4633

Deuteranomaly

46.4657, 1.1802, -3.5016

Tritanomaly

46.5076, -3.1082, -2.5362

Monochromacy



Original Color

46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829

Achromatopsia

46.4608, -2.4790, 2.5243

Achromatomaly

46.3295, -2.7044, 0.5641

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 129, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 129, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 129, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 129, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 129, 140) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 129, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 129, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 129, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 129, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 129,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.5391, -2.9349, -2.9829 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 129, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
129, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor