

Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.5402, 85.5853,
-15.5369)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(46.5402, 85.5853,
-15.5369) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(46.5085, 85.5668,
-15.8346)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F200A6
RGB	242, 0, 166
RGB Percent	95%, 0%, 65%
CMY	0.0510, 0.9998, 0.3490
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.31, 0.05
HSL	319°, 100%, 47%
HSV	319°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	43.5009, 21.6304, 37.9587
YIQ	91.2820, 90.9460, 102.9300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

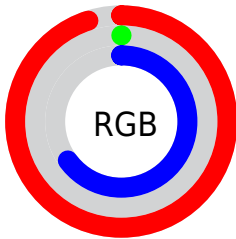
Format	Color
R_{YB}	242, 0, 166
Decimal	15859878
CIE _{Lab}	53.63, 85.18, -20.70
CIE _{LCh}	54, 87.657, 346.339
Yxy	21.6316, 0.4220, 0.2098
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294049958 (0xFFFF200A6)
YUV	91.2820, 36.8360, 132.1797
Hunter-Lab	46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346

Details

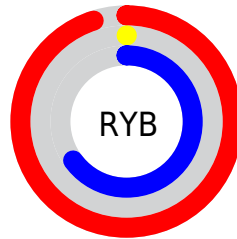
The HunterLab color **46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0099**. The color can be described as middle saturated rose. A complement of this color would be **80.0170, -66.2822, 43.0722**, and the grayscale version is **32.3044, -1.7237, 1.7552**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.3429, 72.5922, -30.5079**, and **33.0427, 60.2633, -7.1495** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.5079, 85.5645, -15.8256**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.5200, 84.1878, -18.9539**.

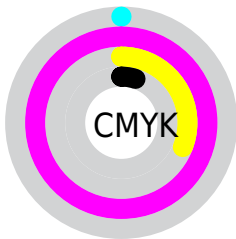
Distribution



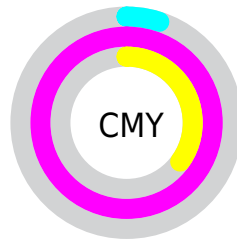
- Red (95%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

46.5085, 85.5668,
-15.8346

46.5085, 85.5668,
-15.8346

161.4362,
106.2033, -16.5431

36.8598, 83.0760,
-15.4558

67.9238, 90.6285,
-16.3910

27.9886, 80.7997,
-15.0180

79.6020, 93.0973,
-16.5752

19.9716, 79.0849,
-14.5395

91.8820, 95.4925,
-16.7003

12.9121, 78.8546,
-14.0898

104.7357, 97.8055,
-16.7694

6.3427, 93.6740,
-16.2165

118.1384,
100.0329, -16.7855

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, INF, NaN

132.0686,

102.1740, -16.7514

0.0000, NaN, NaN

146.5069,
104.2301, -16.6699

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.5085, 85.5668,
-15.8346

■ 46.5085, 85.5668,
-15.8346

■ 46.5079, 85.5645,
-15.8256

■ 47.5200, 84.1878,
-18.9539

■ 49.3690, 80.1219,
-20.8091

■ 52.2136, 73.2069,
-21.0879

■ 56.0389, 64.0289,
-19.8597

■ 60.7659, 53.3479,
-17.3668

■ 66.2868, 41.8438,
-13.9043

■ 72.4899, 30.0097,
-9.7408

■ 79.2732, 18.1530,
-5.0871

■ 86.5496, 6.4404,
-0.0951

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.5098, 58.8417, -69.6043



46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346



46.5098, 84.1879, 17.4931

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.5098, 85.5625, -15.8328



46.5098, -20.3791, 31.8122



46.5098, -41.2371, -74.6008

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346



80.0170, -66.2822, 43.0722

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.5098, -51.9709, -20.0301



46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346



46.5098, -42.6760, 28.8945

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.5098, 85.5625, -15.8328



46.5098, 14.9958, 31.9067



46.5098, -52.4020, 15.5395



46.5098, -17.7117, -117.4343

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346



46.5098, 67.3338, 27.0733



46.5098, -52.4020, 15.5395



46.5098, -46.1000, -55.7305

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.5098, 85.5625, -15.8328



76.8557, 31.9810, -10.3872



27.9541, 70.7943, -159.7072



34.2331, 17.2606, -5.7034

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.5098, 85.5625, -15.8328



49.3470, 90.7722, -16.6711



43.6984, 75.3248, 24.3861



39.9274, 2.6880, 0.0757



34.1255, 62.8496, -12.1235



9.9332, 18.4509, -4.7444

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.5098, 85.5625, -15.8328



49.3470, 90.7722, -16.6711



82.0867, -53.5245, 12.9451



39.9274, 2.6880, 0.0757



34.1255, 62.8496, -12.1235



9.9332, 18.4509, -4.7444

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

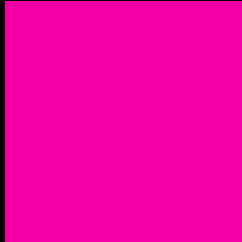
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

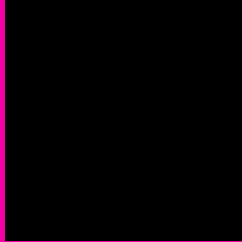
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346.

-15.8346.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346

Protanopia

47.4679, 13.3811, -70.5915

Deuteranopia

47.2135, 3.2425, -9.7928



Tritanopia

46.8785, 59.8097, 23.0166

Trichromacy



Original Color

46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346



Protanomaly

39.5913, 42.4369, -67.1522



Deuteranomaly

41.2868, 40.1354, -20.9604



Tritanomaly

45.6427, 71.0301, 12.3557

Monochromacy



Original Color

46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346



Achromatopsia

32.3445, -1.7258, 1.7573



Achromatomaly

32.3189, 35.3302, -10.9097

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 0, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 0, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 0, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 0, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 0, 166) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 0, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 0, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 0, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 0, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 0,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.5085, 85.5668, -15.8346 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 0, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242, 0,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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