

Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.5872, -2.1437,
-53.6022)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(46.5872, -2.1437,
-53.6022) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(46.6186, -2.0086,
-53.9331)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0085D8
RGB	0, 133, 216
RGB Percent	0%, 52%, 85%
CMY	0.9998, 0.4784, 0.1529
CMYK	1.00, 0.38, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	203°, 100%, 42%
HSV	203°, 100%, 85%
XYZ	20.7822, 21.7329, 68.0653
YIQ	102.6950, -105.9110, -2.3830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

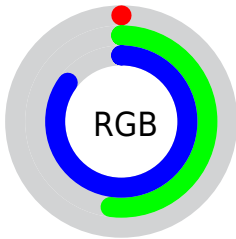
Format	Color
R _{YB}	0, 82, 216
Decimal	34264
CIE Lab	53.74, 0.61, -50.76
CIE LCh	54, 50.766, 270.688
Yxy	21.7336, 0.1879, 0.1965
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224344 (0xFF0085D8)
YUV	102.6950, 55.8594, -90.0635
Hunter-Lab	46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331

Details

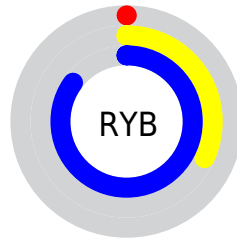
The HunterLab color **46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **45.6003, 43.1789, 28.8526**, and the grayscale version is **36.5442, -1.9499, 1.9855**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.2031, -8.4695, -42.2058**, and **29.8561, 5.1672, -48.4720** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.6129, -1.9988, -53.9472**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.2583, -5.4370, -47.9393**.

Distribution



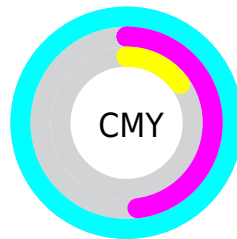
- Red (0%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46.6186, -2.0086,
-53.9331

■ 46.6186, -2.0086,
-53.9331

161.6019, -7.9022,
-60.1728

■ 36.9612, -1.5275,
-53.5057

■ 68.0480, -3.0876,
-55.2678

■ 28.0811, -1.0921,
-53.4722

■ 79.7330, -3.6821,
-56.0199

■ 20.0543, -0.7064,
-54.2593

■ 92.0194, -4.3102,
-56.7771

■ 12.9836, -0.3776,
-56.9530

■ 104.8792, -4.9702,
-57.5200

■ 6.4374, 0.0690,
-71.9423

■ 118.2878, -5.6606,
-58.2369

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

132.2236, -6.3801,

-58.9206

0.0000, NaN, -NF

146.6674, -7.1276,
-59.5668

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.6186, -2.0086,
-53.9331

■ 46.6186, -2.0086,
-53.9331

■ 46.6129, -1.9988,
-53.9472

■ 49.2583, -5.4370,
-47.9393

■ 52.1190, -8.1721,
-41.9325

■ 55.2257, -10.0995,
-35.8944

■ 58.5718, -11.2305,
-29.8679

■ 62.1446, -11.6086,
-23.8921

■ 65.9291, -11.2939,
-17.9967

■ 69.9096, -10.3529,
-12.2009

■ 74.0707, -8.8519,
-6.5153

■ 78.3980, -6.8536,
-0.9435

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.6193, -20.5297, -44.4372



46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331



46.6193, 19.7739, -43.5832

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.6193, -2.0076, -53.9320



46.6193, 37.2152, 18.1011



46.6193, -32.5377, 17.6074

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331



45.6003, 43.1789, 28.8526

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.6193, -21.2287, 24.8566



46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331



46.6193, 18.7934, 25.0409

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.6193, -2.0076, -53.9320



46.6193, 44.7241, 2.9932



46.6193, -2.9704, 26.8266



46.6193, -36.1725, 2.0774

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331



46.6193, 32.7401, -28.6465



46.6193, -2.9704, 26.8266



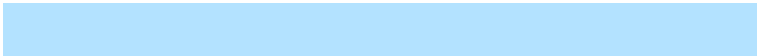
46.6193, -29.6185, 20.8035

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.6193, -2.0076, -53.9320



84.2129, -12.5388, -14.9365



70.5226, -57.3234, 35.6003



38.0035, -6.0607, -8.2809

0.0000, NaN, NaN



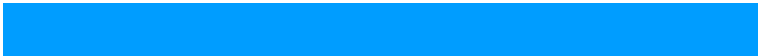
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.6193, -2.0076, -53.9320



55.9738, -1.9484, -65.7562



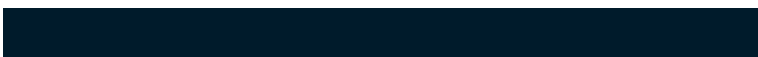
23.7995, 53.9660, -146.2361



36.4265, -3.1164, -0.2943



36.1595, -2.0342, -40.8051



9.7296, -1.8487, -8.1704

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.3654, 73.3149, -6.4379



48.6765, 88.3601, -7.3070



71.9560, -9.5587, 44.1703



35.4232, 2.2139, 0.3959



31.0882, 56.5323, -5.4366



7.7388, 14.2568, -2.7819

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

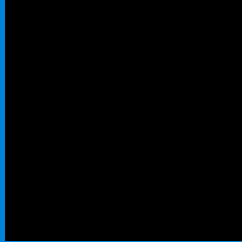
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331

Protanopia

46.5871, 8.7494, -47.9096

Deuteranopia

46.6551, 4.1485, -54.6021



Tritanopia

46.4898, -22.4565, -9.6311

Trichromacy



Original Color

46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331

Protanomaly

45.9918, 2.8278, -51.9078

Deuteranomaly

46.2884, 1.4502, -55.5363

Tritanomaly

46.4332, -16.0195, -23.4559

Monochromacy



Original Color

46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331

Achromatopsia

36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010

Achromatomaly

38.9955, -7.3706, -16.2176

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 133, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 133, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 133, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 133, 216) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 133, 216) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 133, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 133, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 133, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 133, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 133,  
216) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.6186, -2.0086, -53.9331 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 133, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 133,  
216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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