

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.7101, -4.0167,  
1.3131)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(46.7101, -4.0167, 1.3131)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(46.7857, -4.0759,  
1.5461)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7C8283
RGB	124, 130, 131
RGB Percent	49%, 51%, 51%
CMY	0.5137, 0.4902, 0.4863
CMYK	0.05, 0.01, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	189°, 3%, 50%
HSV	189°, 5%, 51%
XYZ	20.3915, 21.8890, 24.6230
YIQ	128.3200, -3.8970, -0.9610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

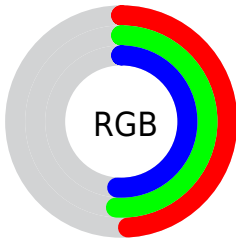
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	124, 127, 131
Decimal	8159875
CIELab	53.91, -2.01, -1.32
CIElCh	54, 2.402, 213.205
Yxy	21.8899, 0.3048, 0.3272
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286349955 (0xFF7C8283)
YUV	128.3200, 1.3212, -3.7886
Hunter-Lab	46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461

# Details

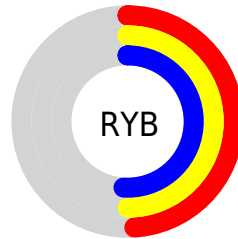
The HunterLab color  $46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $45.7685, -0.7994, 3.4856$ , and the grayscale version is  $46.5834, -2.4856, 2.5310$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $68.3189, -5.3376, 2.6500$ , and  $28.2664, -2.9439, 0.6222$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $45.2610, -6.7326, -0.3571$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $48.4077, -1.1430, 3.5082$ .

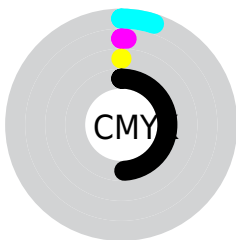
# Distribution



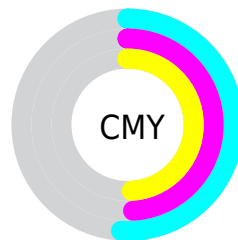
- Red (49%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 46.7857, -4.0759,  
1.5461

■ 46.7857, -4.0759,  
1.5461

161.8552,  
-11.0404, 7.3072

■ 37.1161, -3.4415,  
1.0930

■ 68.2378, -5.4368,  
2.5832

■ 28.2225, -2.8371,  
0.6877

■ 79.9331, -6.1595,  
3.1596

■ 20.1807, -2.2642,  
0.3368

■ 92.2293, -6.9094,  
3.7715

■ 13.0930, -1.7222,  
0.0491

105.0985, -7.6858,  
4.4172

■ 6.5793, -1.6828,  
-0.4708

118.5160, -8.4878,  
5.0950

0.0000, NaN, NaN

132.4605, -9.3146,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.8034

0.0000, NaN, NaN

146.9126,  
-10.1657, 6.5412

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.7857, -4.0759,  
1.5461

■ 46.7857, -4.0759,  
1.5461

■ 45.2610, -6.7326,  
-0.3571

■ 48.4077, -1.1430,  
3.5082

■ 43.8346, -9.0827,  
-2.1924

■ 50.1195, 2.0418,  
5.5171

■ 42.5112, -11.1006,  
-3.9474

■ 51.9176, 5.4514,  
7.5645

■ 41.2936, -12.7625,  
-5.6098

■ 53.7974, 9.0614,  
9.6429

■ 40.1835, -14.0489,  
-7.1682

■ 55.7544, 12.8494,  
11.7458

■ 39.1811, -14.9473,  
-8.6121

■ 57.7843, 16.7950,  
13.8678

■ 38.2848, -15.4546,  
-9.9340

■ 59.8828, 20.8801,  
16.0046

■ 37.4904, -15.5805,  
-11.1303

■ 62.0461, 25.0889,  
18.1525

■ 36.7863, -15.3660,  
-12.2104

■ 64.2703, 29.4072,  
20.3088

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.7867, -4.3795, 2.4456



46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461



46.7867, -3.3517, 0.9058

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.7867, -4.0769, 1.5468



46.7867, -0.7922, 1.7252



46.7867, -2.6050, 4.3143

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461



45.7685, -0.7994, 3.4856

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.7867, -1.6400, 4.1303



46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461



46.7867, -0.5882, 2.6476

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.7867, -4.0769, 1.5468



46.7867, -1.4547, 1.0102



46.7867, -0.8998, 3.5250



46.7867, -3.5341, 4.0328



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461



46.7867, -2.7234, 0.7177



46.7867, -0.8998, 3.5250



46.7867, -2.2741, 4.3048

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.7867, -4.0769, 1.5468



63.3111, -4.2004, 2.9276



46.9009, -5.4785, 4.3049



30.5631, -2.0006, 1.4303



82.0889, -4.3801, 4.4600



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.7867, -4.0769, 1.5468



62.4426, -5.7523, 1.8645



45.8161, -2.4810, 0.4002



22.9442, -2.1507, 0.6612



36.1856, -15.1152, -12.5996



2.3033, -1.1090, -0.4850



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.6647, 0.6006, 0.7270



60.7207, 1.4336, 0.6021



46.7252, -2.4072, 4.5529



22.2847, 0.6025, 0.1772



24.3080, 46.3961, -21.2525



1.4576, 2.8250, -1.6063



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

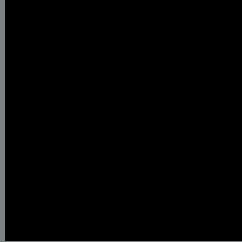
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

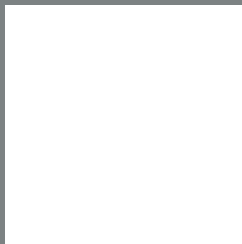
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461.

1.5461.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461

### Protanopia

46.7711, -1.2896, 2.0256

### Deuteranopia

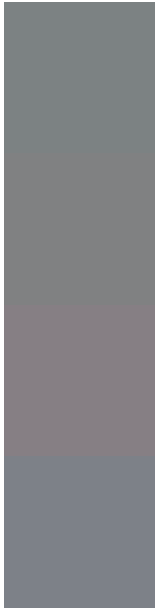
46.8066, 3.1830, 1.2460



## Tritanopia

46.8237, -2.0081, -2.1119

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461

## Protanomaly

46.7989, -2.6332, 2.0352

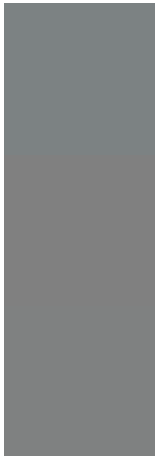
## Deuteranomaly

46.8113, 0.3904, 1.2027

## Tritanomaly

46.7312, -2.5142, -0.8008

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461

## Achromatopsia

46.4608, -2.4790, 2.5243

## Achromatomaly

46.6878, -3.0778, 2.3400

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 130, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 130, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 130, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 130, 131) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 130, 131) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 130, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 130, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 130, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 130, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 130,  
131) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.7857, -4.0759, 1.5461 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 130, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
130, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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