

Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.8891, -3.8278,
2.5641)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(46.8891, -3.8278,
2.5641)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E8281
RGB	126, 130, 129
RGB Percent	49%, 51%, 51%
CMY	0.5059, 0.4902, 0.4941
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.01, 0.49
HSL	165°, 2%, 50%
HSV	165°, 3%, 51%
XYZ	20.5493, 21.9859, 23.9296
YIQ	128.6900, -2.0630, -1.1590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

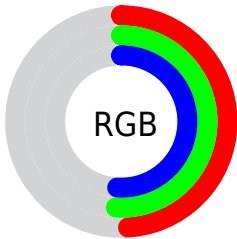
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 128, 130
Decimal	8290945
CIE Lab	54.01, -1.68, 0.02
CIE LCh	54, 1.684, 179.435
Yxy	21.9868, 0.3092, 0.3308
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286481025 (0xFF7E8281)
YUV	128.6900, 0.1528, -2.3591
Hunter-Lab	46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641

Details

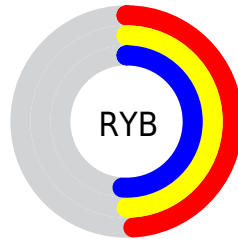
The HunterLab color $46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $46.0439, -1.1102, 2.4963$, and the grayscale version is $46.7327, -2.4935, 2.5391$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68.4310, -5.0669, 3.7339$, and $28.3581, -2.7266, 1.5588$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45.8003, -7.8830, 2.6427$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48.0917, 0.5140, 2.6165$.

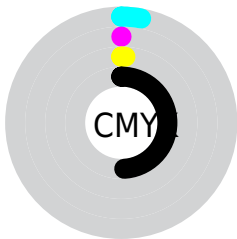
Distribution



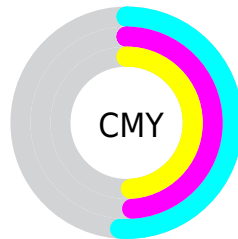
- Red (49%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46.8891, -3.8278,
2.5641

■ 46.8891, -3.8278,
2.5641

162.0115,
-10.6617, 8.8376

■ 37.2118, -3.2126,
2.0371

■ 68.3551, -5.1545,
3.7349

■ 28.3098, -2.6289,
1.5515

■ 80.0567, -5.8615,
4.3726

■ 20.2589, -2.0791,
1.1122

■ 92.3590, -6.5965,
5.0430

■ 13.1607, -1.5636,
0.7245

105.2339, -7.3587,
5.7445

■ 6.6653, -1.4570,
0.3731

118.6570, -8.1470,
6.4758

0.0000, NaN, NaN

132.6067, -8.9608,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.2358

0.0000, NaN, NaN

147.0640, -9.7993,
8.0234

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.8891, -3.8278,
2.5641

■ 46.8891, -3.8278,
2.5641

■ 45.8003, -7.8830,
2.6427

■ 48.0917, 0.5140,
2.6165

■ 44.8250, -11.6154,
2.8522

■ 49.4018, 5.1116,
2.7939

■ 43.9658, -14.9953,
3.1930

■ 50.8163, 9.9306,
3.0915

■ 43.2232, -17.9966,
3.6623

■ 52.3307, 14.9393,
3.5032

■ 42.5961, -20.5999,
4.2542

■ 53.9404, 20.1087,
4.0218

■ 42.0818, -22.7947,
4.9599

■ 55.6407, 25.4124,
4.6400

■ 41.6755, -24.5811,
5.7677

■ 57.4268, 30.8271,
5.3503

■ 41.3704, -25.9722,
6.6628

■ 59.2939, 36.3328,
6.1456

■ 41.1565, -26.9976,
7.6271

■ 61.2376, 41.9121,
7.0187

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.8901, -3.6458, 3.1921



46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641



46.8901, -3.6588, 1.9254

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.8901, -3.8289, 2.5648



46.8901, -1.8481, 1.4355



46.8901, -1.8252, 3.6302

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641



46.0439, -1.1102, 2.4963

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.8901, -1.3389, 3.1707



46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641



46.8901, -1.3521, 1.9035

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.8901, -3.8289, 2.5648



46.8901, -2.5176, 1.2677



46.8901, -1.1652, 2.5399



46.8901, -2.4913, 3.8017

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641



46.8901, -3.3674, 1.5796



46.8901, -1.1652, 2.5399



46.8901, -1.6352, 3.5047

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.8901, -3.8289, 2.5648



62.5401, -3.9259, 3.4038



46.8932, -3.9855, 3.8684



29.7593, -1.8481, 1.6194



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.8901, -3.8289, 2.5648



62.0711, -5.6436, 3.4062



46.6543, -3.2379, 1.8512



22.3053, -2.1198, 1.2260



40.1808, -27.0209, 8.1080

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.0439, -1.1102, 2.4963



60.5805, -0.8544, 3.2855



46.2757, -1.7017, 3.1948



21.7104, -0.2082, 1.1778



21.5740, 37.4277, 10.2082

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

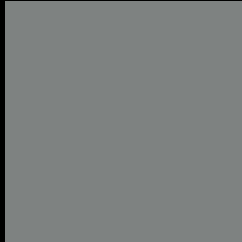
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

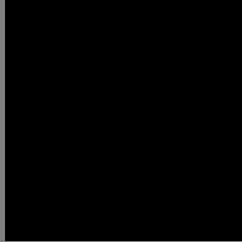
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

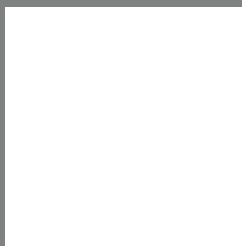
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641.

2.5641.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641

Protanopia

46.7142, -1.6000, 2.8372

Deuteranopia

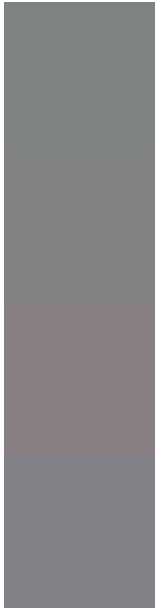
46.8419, 3.1856, 2.1881



Tritanopia

47.0678, -1.1637, -1.7863

Trichromacy



Original Color

46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641

Protanomaly

46.8254, -2.6548, 2.9488

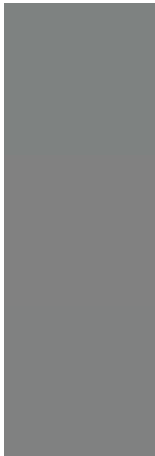
Deuteranomaly

46.9305, 0.6814, 2.2493

Tritanomaly

46.8634, -2.1153, -0.1597

Monochromacy



Original Color

46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641

Achromatopsia

46.8536, -2.5000, 2.5456

Achromatomaly

46.7704, -2.7898, 2.4425

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 130, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 130, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 130, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 130, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 130, 129) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 130, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 130, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 130, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 130, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 130,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.8891, -3.8278, 2.5641 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 130, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
130, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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