

Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.9782, -2.7215,
2.0705)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(46.9782, -2.7215, 2.0705)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(47.0810, -3.0996,
2.3611)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	808282
RGB	128, 130, 130
RGB Percent	50%, 51%, 51%
CMY	0.4980, 0.4902, 0.4902
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	180°, 1%, 51%
HSV	180°, 2%, 51%
XYZ	20.9140, 22.1662, 24.2954
YIQ	129.4020, -1.1920, -0.4240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

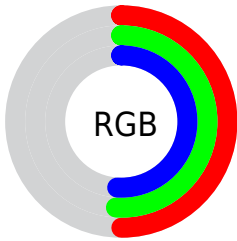
Format	Color
RYB	128, 129, 130
Decimal	8422018
CIELab	54.20, -0.74, -0.27
CIElCh	54, 0.788, 199.739
Yxy	22.1672, 0.3104, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286612098 (0xFF808282)
YUV	129.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296
Hunter-Lab	47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611

Details

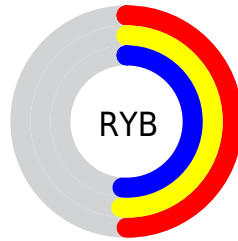
The HunterLab color $47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $46.6297, -1.8938, 2.7316$, and the grayscale version is $47.0118, -2.5084, 2.5542$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68.6365, -4.2888, 3.5192$, and $28.5328, -2.0613, 1.3696$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.0677, -6.6819, 1.0952$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48.2090, 0.7876, 3.7398$.

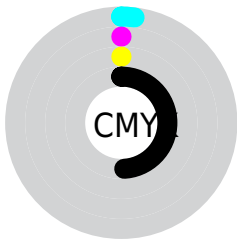
Distribution



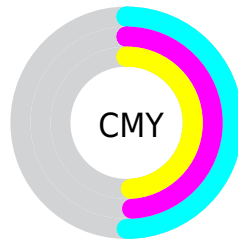
- Red (50%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47.0810, -3.0996,
2.3611

■ 47.0810, -3.0996,
2.3611

■ 162.3016, -9.5551,
8.5313

■ 37.3895, -2.5394,
1.8491

■ 68.5727, -4.3271,
3.5049

■ 28.4721, -2.0158,
1.3797

■ 80.2860, -4.9887,
4.1303

■ 20.4040, -1.5324,
0.9583

■ 92.5995, -5.6807,
4.7889

■ 13.2864, -1.0927,
0.5910

■ 105.4850, -6.4016,
5.4791

■ 6.8220, -0.8382,
0.2096

■ 118.9184, -7.1505,
6.1997

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 132.8780, -7.9263,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.9492

0.0000, NaN, NaN

147.3448, -8.7281,
7.7268

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 47.0810, -3.0996,
2.3611

■ 47.0810, -3.0996,
2.3611

■ 46.0677, -6.6819,
1.0952

■ 48.2090, 0.7876,
3.7398

■ 45.1685, -9.9266,
-0.0501

■ 49.4458, 4.9517,
5.2185

■ 44.3853, -12.8086,
-1.0652

■ 50.7885, 9.3598,
6.7870

■ 43.7182, -15.3073,
-1.9432

■ 52.2332, 13.9811,
8.4346

■ 43.1656, -17.4091,
-2.6798

■ 53.7751, 18.7866,
10.1513

■ 42.7243, -19.1092,
-3.2737

■ 55.4098, 23.7493,
11.9278

■ 42.3892, -20.4133,
-3.7272

■ 57.1325, 28.8452,
13.7556

■ 42.1532, -21.3390,
-4.0467

■ 58.9385, 34.0529,
15.6271

■ 42.0065, -21.9176,
-4.2435

■ 60.8232, 39.3536,
17.5359

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.0820, -3.1272, 2.6684



47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611



47.0820, -2.9173, 2.1075

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.0820, -3.1007, 2.3619



47.0820, -2.0375, 2.1775



47.0820, -2.4035, 3.1432

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611



46.6297, -1.8938, 2.7316

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.0820, -2.1107, 3.0136



47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611



47.0820, -1.8990, 2.4569

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.0820, -3.1007, 2.3619



47.0820, -2.3037, 2.0006



47.0820, -1.9258, 2.7629



47.0820, -2.7253, 3.1182

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611



47.0820, -2.7306, 2.0024



47.0820, -1.9258, 2.7629



47.0820, -2.2984, 3.1163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.0820, -3.1007, 2.3619



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



47.0282, -3.4016, 3.1718



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.0820, -3.1007, 2.3619



62.4072, -4.3649, 3.0457



46.8091, -2.6490, 2.0456



22.4622, -1.5295, 1.1101



41.0486, -21.7915, -4.2656

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.6297, -1.8938, 2.7316



61.6106, -2.2391, 3.6970



46.9009, -2.3470, 3.0419



22.2077, -0.8502, 1.3182



21.3327, 36.5343, 13.7733

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

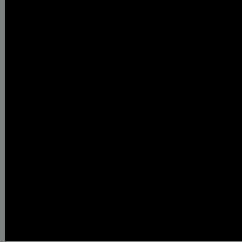
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

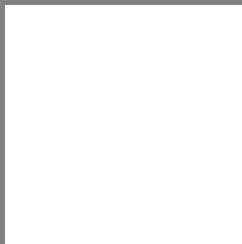
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.0810, -3.0996,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611

Protanopia

47.1074, -1.6198, 2.8590

Deuteranopia

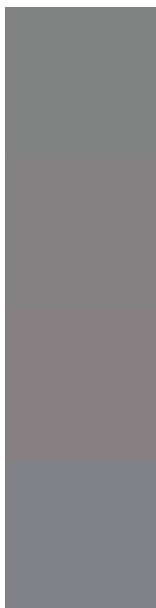
46.8707, 3.3398, 1.7777



Tritanopia

47.1505, -0.8786, -1.6763

Trichromacy



Original Color

47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611

Protanomaly

47.0221, -1.9150, 2.7539

Deuteranomaly

46.9592, 0.8369, 1.8396

Tritanomaly

47.0587, -1.3790, -0.3734

Monochromacy



Original Color

47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611

Achromatopsia

46.8536, -2.5000, 2.5456

Achromatomaly

46.8536, -2.5000, 2.5456

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 130, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 130, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 130, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 130, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 130, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 130, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 130, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 130, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 130, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 130,  
130) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 47.0810, -3.0996, 2.3611 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 130, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
130, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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