

Converting Colors

HunterLab(47.2775, -52.0910,
-10.3685)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(47.2775, -52.0910,
-10.3685) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(52.7474,
-29.4402, -2.3766)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A19A
RGB	0, 161, 154
RGB Percent	0%, 63%, 60%
CMY	0.9999, 0.3686, 0.3961
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.04, 0.37
HSL	177°, 100%, 32%
HSV	177°, 100%, 63%
XYZ	18.5776, 27.8229, 34.9631
YIQ	112.0630, -93.7090, -36.3090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

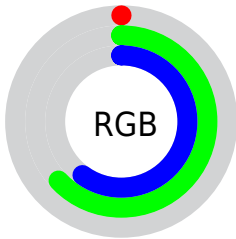
Format	Color
RYB	0, 82, 161
Decimal	41370
CIELab	59.73, -36.24, -6.39
CIELCh	60, 36.803, 189.997
Yxy	27.8239, 0.2283, 0.3420
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278231450 (0xFF00A19A)
YUV	112.0630, 20.6749, -98.2793
Hunter-Lab	52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766

Details

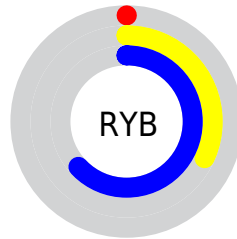
The HunterLab color **52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **27.5559, 47.2409, 17.3727**, and the grayscale version is **40.2297, -2.1466, 2.1858**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.7938, -34.5802, -1.8226**, and **34.5204, -19.4738, -1.1090** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.7482, -29.4412, -2.3756**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.8757, -28.8895, -2.5489**.

Distribution



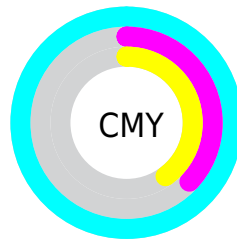
- Red (0%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.7474, -29.4402,
-2.3766

■ 52.7474, -29.4402,
-2.3766

170.7702,
-51.0211, 1.7343

■ 42.6532, -26.6493,
-2.6026

■ 74.9688, -34.6629,
-1.7596

■ 33.2996, -23.6869,
-2.7669

■ 87.0174, -37.1443,
-1.3791

■ 24.7517, -20.4886,
-2.8602

■ 99.6502, -39.5615,
-0.9550

■ 17.0943, -16.9483,
-2.8713

■ 112.8413,
-41.9263, -0.4901

■ 10.4461, -15.9061,
-2.7847

■ 126.5679,
-44.2480, 0.0131

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 140.8100,

-46.5339, 0.5528

0.0000, NaN, NaN

155.5495,
-48.7900, 1.1270

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.7474, -29.4402,
-2.3766

■ 52.7474, -29.4402,
-2.3766

■ 52.7482, -29.4412,
-2.3756

■ 52.8757, -28.8895,
-2.5489

■ 53.0862, -28.0113,
-2.6111

■ 53.4142, -26.6750,
-2.5161

■ 53.8726, -24.8404,
-2.2474

■ 54.4708, -22.4860,
-1.7948

■ 55.2152, -19.6066,
-1.1531

■ 56.1099, -16.2111,
-0.3225

■ 57.1564, -12.3201,
0.6931

■ 58.3546, -7.9633,
1.8860

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.7484, -28.3542, 11.8021



52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766



52.7484, -24.0614, -19.1921

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.7484, -29.4403, -2.3759



52.7484, 18.0825, -24.2943



52.7484, 7.9417, 23.3952

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766



27.5559, 47.2409, 17.3727

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.7484, 22.4326, 18.2285



52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766



52.7484, 28.7465, -7.9591

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.7484, -29.4403, -2.3759



52.7484, 2.5408, -34.0868



52.7484, 30.4256, 7.6292



52.7484, -7.9698, 24.0857

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766



52.7484, -17.1165, -28.6474



52.7484, 30.4256, 7.6292



52.7484, 13.1886, 22.2160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.7484, -29.4403, -2.3759



75.0129, -21.9761, -0.5028



50.5399, -43.0725, 30.3875



34.8990, -11.1616, -0.4521



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



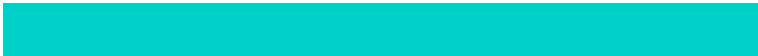
37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.7484, -29.4403, -2.3759



70.5836, -39.4322, -3.1004



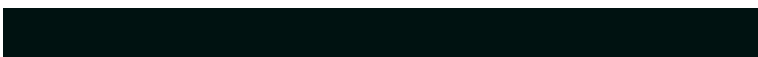
31.0576, 2.9490, -45.1822



28.2947, -3.6981, 0.9570



47.1411, -26.3005, -2.1470



6.8445, -3.7462, -0.4681

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.5559, 47.2409, 17.3727



36.8644, 63.1855, 23.4018



35.0322, 25.5492, 22.0327



26.6284, 0.8982, 2.0796



24.6281, 42.2327, 15.4781



3.5897, 6.1948, 1.9522

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

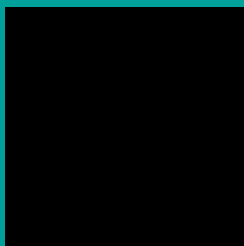
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

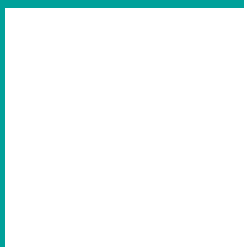
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766.



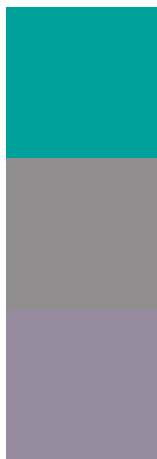
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.7474,

-29.4402, -2.3766.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766

Protanopia

52.2962, -1.7226, 2.7326

Deuteranopia

52.3951, 3.9319, -4.7628



Tritanopia

52.6795, -23.5037, -11.3134

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766



Protanomaly

50.8692, -17.3410, -1.1314



Deuteranomaly

50.7293, -14.0438, -6.2679



Tritanomaly

52.6151, -25.8517, -8.1447

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766



Achromatopsia

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870



Achromatomaly

43.4018, -16.6807, -0.9770

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 161, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 161, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 161, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 161, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 161, 154) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 161, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 161, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 161, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 161, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 161,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.7474, -29.4402, -2.3766 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 161, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 161,  
154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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