

Converting Colors

HunterLab(47.2918, -24.9438,
-5.2625)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(47.2918, -24.9438,
-5.2625) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(47.2505,
-24.8373, -5.4425)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009192
RGB	0, 145, 146
RGB Percent	0%, 57%, 57%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4314, 0.4274
CMYK	1.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	180°, 100%, 29%
HSV	180°, 100%, 57%
XYZ	15.3137, 22.3261, 30.6964
YIQ	101.7590, -86.7410, -30.4290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

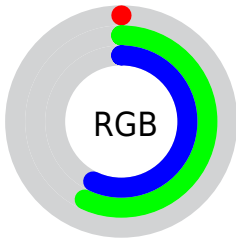
Format	Color
RYB	0, 73, 146
Decimal	37266
CIELab	54.37, -31.25, -9.81
CIELCh	54, 32.756, 197.428
Yxy	22.3269, 0.2241, 0.3267
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278227346 (0xFF009192)
YUV	101.7590, 21.8108, -89.2426
Hunter-Lab	47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425

Details

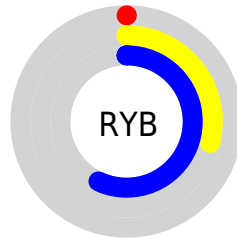
The HunterLab color $47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 009999 . A complement of this color would be $24.7654, 42.1820, 15.9974$, and the grayscale version is $36.3070, -1.9372, 1.9726$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68.6234, -29.3802, -5.4405$, and $29.7488, -15.3749, -3.9935$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47.2512, -24.8378, -5.4421$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47.3875, -24.4661, -5.2535$.

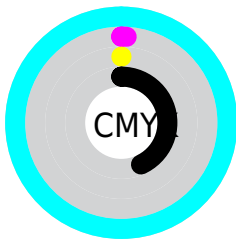
Distribution



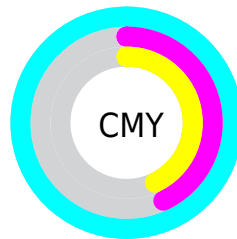
- Red (0%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

47.2505, -24.8373,
-5.4425

47.2505, -24.8373,
-5.4425

162.5573,
-44.4231, -2.7228

37.5464, -22.3103,
-5.4761

68.7646, -29.5603,
-5.1812

28.6153, -19.6197,
-5.4365

80.4883, -31.8057,
-4.9663

20.5322, -16.6960,
-5.3139

92.8116, -33.9954,
-4.7007

13.3976, -13.4619,
-5.0994

105.7066,
-36.1405, -4.3882

6.9572, -12.1751,
-5.6537

119.1490,
-38.2497, -4.0318

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

133.1173,

-40.3297, -3.6340

0.0000, NaN, NaN

147.5925,
-42.3861, -3.1970

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 47.2505, -24.8373,
-5.4425

■ 47.2505, -24.8373,
-5.4425

■ 47.2512, -24.8378,
-5.4421

■ 47.3875, -24.4661,
-5.2535

■ 47.5945, -23.8174,
-4.9666

■ 47.9062, -22.7624,
-4.5356

■ 48.3336, -21.2666,
-3.9485

■ 48.8847, -19.3113,
-3.1986

■ 49.5649, -16.8916,
-2.2845

■ 50.3775, -14.0149,
-1.2086

■ 51.3240, -10.6986,
0.0229

■ 52.4039, -6.9681,
1.4011

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.2514, -25.2943, 7.6398



47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425



47.2514, -18.8413, -19.4787

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.2514, -24.8373, -5.4419



47.2514, 18.1634, -17.3802



47.2514, 3.2633, 20.8895

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425



24.7654, 42.1820, 15.9974

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.2514, 16.3610, 17.3884



47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425



47.2514, 25.5902, -3.1278

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.2514, -24.8373, -5.4419



47.2514, 5.5090, -27.5923



47.2514, 24.8959, 9.3893



47.2514, -10.0533, 20.5933

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425



47.2514, -12.0852, -26.4007



47.2514, 24.8959, 9.3893



47.2514, 7.8641, 20.1706

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.2514, -24.8373, -5.4419



66.8387, -18.8691, -1.7002



45.3412, -38.8790, 27.2576



31.3264, -9.6011, -1.0637



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.2514, -24.8373, -5.4419



62.7499, -32.9790, -7.2396



26.1572, 5.8964, -45.4200



25.6037, -3.2502, 0.7381



44.3270, -23.3018, -5.1030



4.9220, -2.5993, -0.5409

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.5586, 56.0618, -37.0369



37.9287, 74.4595, -49.1757



32.9813, 19.3390, 20.6604



24.3074, 1.7695, -0.7499



26.7898, 52.5941, -34.7487



2.9668, 5.8290, -3.8832

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

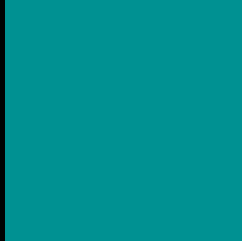
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

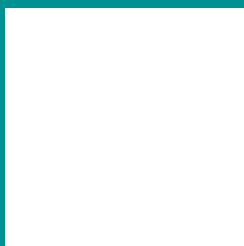
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425.



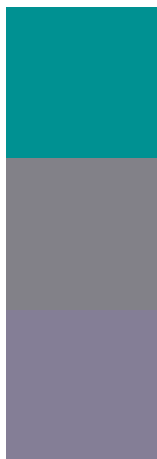
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425.

-24.8373, -5.4425.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425

Protanopia

47.1422, -1.0906, -0.2649

Deuteranopia

46.9353, 3.3630, -7.4692



Tritanopia

47.4550, -21.7699, -9.8837

Trichromacy



Original Color

47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425

Protanomaly

45.8916, -14.3237, -4.0272

Deuteranomaly

45.6397, -11.5489, -9.0172

Tritanomaly

47.2479, -22.7867, -8.5618

Monochromacy



Original Color

47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425

Achromatopsia

36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Achromatomaly

39.2284, -14.3722, -1.9840

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 145, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 145, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 145, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 145, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 145, 146) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 145, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 145, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 145, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 145, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 145,  
146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 47.2505, -24.8373, -5.4425 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 145, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 145,  
146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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