

Converting Colors

HunterLab(47.3794, 6.6421,
-73.5586)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(47.3794, 6.6421,
-73.5586) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(47.4593, 6.6280,
-73.6280)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0083F0
RGB	0, 131, 240
RGB Percent	0%, 51%, 94%
CMY	0.9997, 0.4863, 0.0588
CMYK	1.00, 0.45, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	207°, 100%, 47%
HSV	207°, 100%, 94%
XYZ	23.8444, 22.5239, 85.5288
YIQ	104.2570, -113.0650, 6.1270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

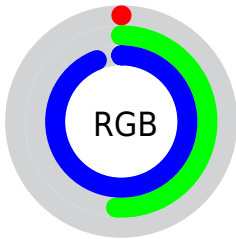
Format	Color
R _{YB}	0, 85, 240
Decimal	33776
CIE Lab	54.58, 11.13, -62.85
CIE LCh	55, 63.826, 280.042
Yxy	22.5245, 0.1808, 0.1708
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278223856 (0xFF0083F0)
YUV	104.2570, 66.9213, -91.4334
Hunter-Lab	47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280

Details

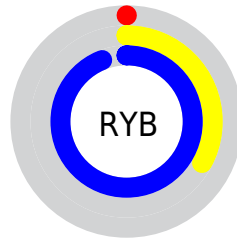
The HunterLab color **47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **54.2926, 41.1380, 34.1730**, and the grayscale version is **37.0968, -1.9794, 2.0155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.5396, -6.0068, -43.4039**, and **30.9926, 12.8057, -66.3819** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.4511, 6.6436, -73.6514**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.7973, 1.6428, -64.8916**.

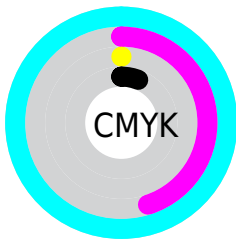
Distribution



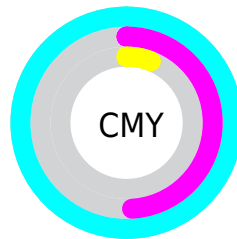
- Red (0%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47.4593, 6.6280,
-73.6280

■ 47.4593, 6.6280,
-73.6280

162.8721, 4.8458,
-80.2234

■ 37.7396, 6.5253,
-73.6980

■ 69.0010, 6.6138,
-74.5683

■ 28.7919, 6.3315,
-74.5392

■ 80.7374, 6.5102,
-75.2943

■ 20.6903, 6.0310,
-76.8856

■ 93.0728, 6.3505,
-76.0937

■ 13.5348, 5.5988,
-82.5590

■ 105.9793, 6.1393,
-76.9279

■ 7.1200, 6.4310,
-102.7679

■ 119.4328, 5.8803,
-77.7718

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

133.4118, 5.5766,

-78.6091

0.0000, NaN, -NF

147.8973, 5.2310,
-79.4287

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 47.4593, 6.6280,
-73.6280

■ 47.4593, 6.6280,
-73.6280

■ 47.4511, 6.6436,
-73.6514

■ 50.7973, 1.6428,
-64.8916

■ 54.4431, -2.4570,
-56.2733

■ 58.4112, -5.5631,
-47.7836

■ 62.6825, -7.7083,
-39.4870

■ 67.2333, -8.9647,
-31.4270

■ 72.0385, -9.4209,
-23.6247

■ 77.0746, -9.1678,
-16.0837

■ 82.3200, -8.2920,
-8.7954

■ 87.7551, -6.8715,
-1.7440

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.4600, -18.6242, -68.7433



47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280



47.4600, 34.6688, -51.1292

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.4600, 6.6294, -73.6268



47.4600, 42.8296, 24.3106



47.4600, -41.3946, 16.2688

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280



54.2926, 41.1380, 34.1730

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.4600, -30.9368, 26.6551



47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280



47.4600, 16.0320, 29.2291

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.4600, 6.6294, -73.6268



47.4600, 58.3878, 10.2444



47.4600, -11.0526, 29.7583



47.4600, -42.8387, -6.6154

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280



47.4600, 49.8385, -28.3472



47.4600, -11.0526, 29.7583



47.4600, -38.9457, 20.9028

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.4600, 6.6294, -73.6268



82.4987, -9.8289, -17.3293



79.6269, -63.4210, 37.3840



37.0992, -4.6387, -9.5833

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.4600, 6.6294, -73.6268



50.7252, 7.3170, -79.1973



25.6051, 65.7648, -173.9622



40.8147, -3.1472, -0.6488



35.4897, 4.2110, -53.4493



11.1645, -0.4121, -13.0649

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.9060, 80.5439, 0.7300



48.0922, 86.2449, 0.9569



86.0317, -18.4305, 52.6883



39.8788, 2.4274, 0.7668



33.2639, 59.7426, -0.0340



9.6982, 17.6076, -1.4789

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

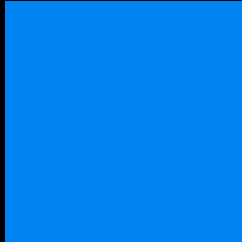
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

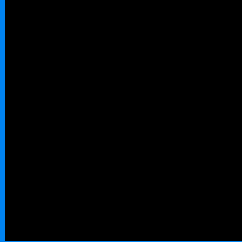
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

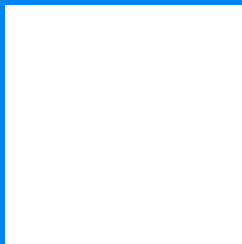
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280.

-73.6280.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280

Protanopia

47.3881, 12.8850, -68.9116

Deuteranopia

47.3136, 3.8197, -67.3835



Tritanopia

47.2013, -22.8291, -9.7161

Trichromacy



Original Color

47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280

Protanomaly

47.0969, 9.3915, -71.6783

Deuteranomaly

47.4960, 4.7927, -69.7118

Tritanomaly

46.8701, -13.5111, -29.4170

Monochromacy



Original Color

47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280

Achromatopsia

37.2064, -1.9852, 2.0215

Achromatomaly

39.3609, -5.3293, -21.2352

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 131, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 131, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 131, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 131, 240) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 131, 240) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 131, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 131, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 131, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 131, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 131,  
240) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 47.4593, 6.6280, -73.6280 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 131, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 131,  
240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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