

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(47.4415, 85.8753,  
-5.2927)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(47.4415, 85.8753,  
-5.2927) contains.

<b>HunterLab(47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(47.4616, 85.9188,  
-5.2955)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FA0096
RGB	250, 0, 150
RGB Percent	98%, 0%, 59%
CMY	0.0196, 0.9998, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.40, 0.02
HSL	324°, 100%, 49%
HSV	324°, 100%, 98%
XYZ	44.9294, 22.5260, 30.8341
YIQ	91.8500, 100.8500, 99.6500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

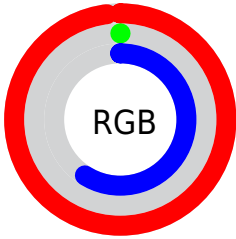
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	250, 0, 150
Decimal	16384150
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	54.58, 85.26, -9.64
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 85.806, 353.547
Yxy	22.5273, 0.4571, 0.2292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294574230 (0xFFFA0096)
YUV	91.8500, 28.6680, 138.6976
Hunter-Lab	47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955

# Details

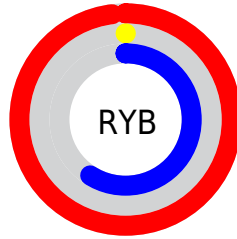
The HunterLab color **47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0099**. The color can be described as middle saturated rose. A complement of this color would be **83.2423, -67.4281, 41.5148**, and the grayscale version is **32.5426, -1.7364, 1.7681**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.7736, 69.0478, -20.2039**, and **33.8610, 60.6483, 1.2574** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.4608, 85.9159, -5.2841**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.5387, 84.6579, -9.2345**.

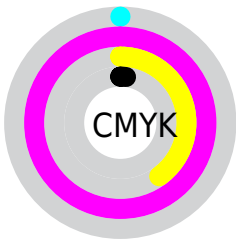
# Distribution



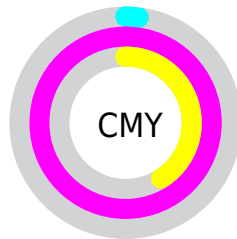
- Red (98%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



47.4616, 85.9188,  
-5.2955

47.4616, 85.9188,  
-5.2955

162.8766,  
106.5153, -2.5094

37.7424, 83.4167,  
-5.3370

69.0044, 90.9795,  
-5.0167

28.7944, 81.1105,  
-5.3067

80.7410, 93.4438,  
-4.7939

20.6926, 79.3197,  
-5.1938

93.0766, 95.8335,  
-4.5209

13.5367, 78.8817,  
-4.9889

105.9833, 98.1407,  
-4.2013

7.1223, 87.8903,  
-5.4291

119.4369,  
100.3620, -3.8379

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, INF, NaN

133.4160,

102.4973, -3.4333

0.0000, NaN, NaN

147.9017,  
104.5477, -2.9899

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 47.4616, 85.9188,  
-5.2955

■ 47.4616, 85.9188,  
-5.2955

■ 47.4608, 85.9159,  
-5.2841

■ 48.5387, 84.6579,  
-9.2345

■ 50.5103, 80.6130,  
-12.1082

■ 53.5350, 73.6389,  
-13.5491

■ 57.5918, 64.3588,  
-13.5431

■ 62.5918, 53.5664,  
-12.2617

■ 68.4178, 41.9599,  
-9.9533

■ 74.9505, 30.0372,  
-6.8619

■ 82.0823, 18.1028,  
-3.1900

■ 89.7217, 6.3186,  
0.9086

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.4630, 65.6407, -54.3143



47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955



47.4630, 77.4678, 21.8677

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.4630, 85.9140, -5.2939



47.4630, -26.8026, 31.8693



47.4630, -36.6131, -84.7054

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955



83.2423, -67.4281, 41.5148

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.4630, -50.2383, -31.2879



47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955



47.4630, -45.8458, 27.2132

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



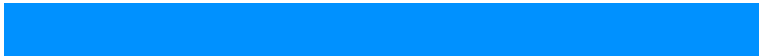
47.4630, 85.9140, -5.2939



47.4630, 5.3683, 32.4517



47.4630, -53.0362, 9.3063



47.4630, -9.9528, -117.4818



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955



47.4630, 57.6332, 29.0578



47.4630, -53.0362, 9.3063



47.4630, -42.5121, -67.2739

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.4630, 85.9140, -5.2939



76.6181, 30.7891, -7.0375



31.0078, 75.3495, -152.5089



34.1057, 16.6327, -3.9111

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.4630, 85.9140, -5.2939



48.5377, 87.8589, -5.3533



45.1616, 77.4891, 27.9735



41.7134, 2.6656, 0.5159



34.6082, 62.7257, -4.4433



10.6313, 19.4459, -2.7390



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.4630, 85.9140, -5.2939



48.5377, 87.8589, -5.3533



85.9117, -51.0768, 2.8806



41.7134, 2.6656, 0.5159



34.6082, 62.7257, -4.4433



10.6313, 19.4459, -2.7390



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

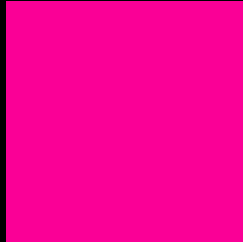
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955.

-5.2955.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955

### Protanopia

48.1700, 8.9101, -49.2932

### Deuteranopia

47.9220, 3.1625, -0.6358



## Tritanopia

47.8303, 65.8081, 25.1522

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955



## Protanomaly

40.7044, 40.8468, -45.9991



## Deuteranomaly

42.0616, 40.7891, -9.9984



## Tritanomaly

46.8516, 74.3174, 17.0655

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955



## Achromatopsia

32.7144, -1.7456, 1.7774



## Achromatomaly

32.7257, 35.1225, -7.5238

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 0, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 0, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 0, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 0, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 0, 150) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 0, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 0, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 0, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 0, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 0,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 47.4616, 85.9188, -5.2955 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 0, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250, 0,  
150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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