

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(47.4905, 87.0468,  
-13.6377)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(47.4905, 87.0468,  
-13.6377) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(47.4244, 86.9439,  
-13.7589)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F700A5
RGB	247, 0, 165
RGB Percent	97%, 0%, 65%
CMY	0.0314, 0.9998, 0.3529
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.33, 0.03
HSL	320°, 100%, 48%
HSV	320°, 100%, 97%
XYZ	45.1493, 22.4907, 37.5588
YIQ	92.6630, 94.2470, 103.6790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

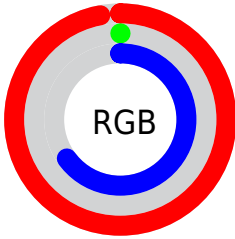
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	247, 0, 165
Decimal	16187557
CIELab	54.55, 86.06, -18.64
CIElCh	55, 88.051, 347.781
Yxy	22.4920, 0.4292, 0.2138
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294377637 (0xFFFF700A5)
YUV	92.6630, 35.6621, 135.3535
Hunter-Lab	47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589

# Details

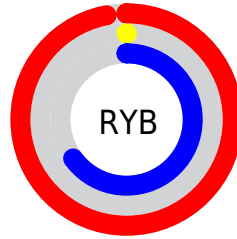
The HunterLab color **47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0099**. The color can be described as middle saturated rose. A complement of this color would be **81.9341, -67.5993, 43.5194**, and the grayscale version is **32.8193, -1.7512, 1.7831**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.4567, 71.9392, -29.6240**, and **33.9213, 61.6059, -5.3259** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.4237, 86.9414, -13.7491**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.4603, 85.5995, -17.1363**.

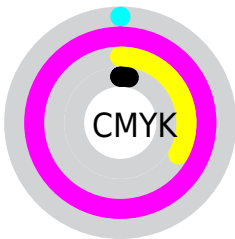
# Distribution



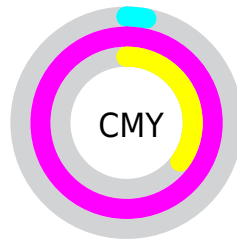
- Red (97%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



47.4244, 86.9439,  
-13.7589

47.4244, 86.9439,  
-13.7589

162.8204,  
107.7083, -13.8278

37.7079, 84.4373,  
-13.4502

68.9622, 92.0315,  
-14.1680

28.7629, 82.1375,  
-13.0748

80.6965, 94.5135,  
-14.2784

20.6644, 80.3752,  
-12.6404

93.0299, 96.9224,  
-14.3306

13.5122, 80.0141,  
-12.1875

105.9346, 99.2496,  
-14.3278

7.0935, 89.4536,  
-13.0053

119.3862,  
101.4916, -14.2735

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, INF, NaN

133.3635,

103.6479, -14.1703

0.0000, NaN, NaN

147.8473,  
105.7195, -14.0210

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 47.4244, 86.9439,  
-13.7589

■ 47.4244, 86.9439,  
-13.7589

■ 47.4237, 86.9414,  
-13.7491

■ 48.4603, 85.5995,  
-17.1363

■ 50.3606, 81.4959,  
-19.2648

■ 53.2852, 74.4745,  
-19.8161

■ 57.2180, 65.1378,  
-18.8425

■ 62.0767, 54.2662,  
-16.5756

■ 67.7497, 42.5563,  
-13.3063

■ 74.1219, 30.5115,  
-9.3035

■ 81.0883, 18.4447,  
-4.7807

■ 88.5592, 6.5249,  
0.1070

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.4257, 61.1274, -67.3574



47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589



47.4257, 84.0655, 18.7290

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.4257, 86.9394, -13.7571



47.4257, -22.0471, 32.3066



47.4257, -40.9554, -77.7806

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589



81.9341, -67.5993, 43.5194

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.4257, -52.4261, -22.5444



47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589



47.4257, -43.9910, 29.0513

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.4257, 86.9394, -13.7571



47.4257, 13.1853, 32.4999



47.4257, -53.3379, 14.6080



47.4257, -16.4383, -119.2276



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589



47.4257, 66.3190, 27.9218



47.4257, -53.3379, 14.6080



47.4257, -46.0985, -58.8933

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.4257, 86.9394, -13.7571



76.8054, 31.7291, -9.6794



28.8914, 72.7094, -161.5065



34.2061, 17.1276, -5.3239

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.4257, 86.9394, -13.7571



49.1677, 90.1288, -14.1796



44.6849, 76.9469, 25.5434



40.8280, 2.7264, 0.1638



34.5278, 63.3692, -10.5514



10.3286, 19.1174, -4.4067



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.4257, 86.9394, -13.7571



49.1677, 90.1288, -14.1796



84.1268, -54.0967, 11.6304



40.8280, 2.7264, 0.1638



34.5278, 63.3692, -10.5514



10.3286, 19.1174, -4.4067



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

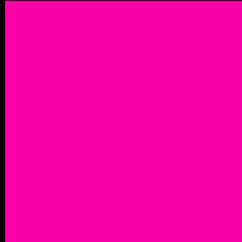
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589.

-13.7589.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589

### Protanopia

48.2118, 12.8281, -67.6591

### Deuteranopia

48.0645, 3.2144, -8.0386



## Tritanopia

47.8526, 62.5167, 23.8050

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589



## Protanomaly

40.2501, 42.9141, -64.2620



## Deuteranomaly

41.9728, 40.8107, -19.1159



## Tritanomaly

46.4971, 72.9682, 13.5663

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589



## Achromatopsia

33.0850, -1.7653, 1.7976



## Achromatomaly

32.9384, 36.0458, -10.4879

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 0, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 0, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 0, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 0, 165) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 0, 165) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 0, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 0, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 0, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 0, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 0,  
165) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 47.4244, 86.9439, -13.7589 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 0, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247, 0,  
165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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