

Converting Colors

HunterLab(47.5783, -2.5440,
2.5879)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(47.5783, -2.5440, 2.5879)
contains.

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Color

HunterLab(47.6409, -2.5420,
2.5884)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	838383
RGB	131, 131, 131
RGB Percent	51%, 51%, 51%
CMY	0.4863, 0.4863, 0.4863
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	123°, 0%, 51%
HSV	123°, 0%, 51%
XYZ	21.5731, 22.6966, 24.7166
YIQ	131.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	131, 131, 131
Decimal	8618883
CIE Lab	54.76, 0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	55, 0.006, 288.964
Yxy	22.6975, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286808963 (0xFF838383)
YUV	131.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884

Details

The HunterLab color $47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $47.6415, -2.5410, 2.5878$, and the grayscale version is $47.6418, -2.5420, 2.5885$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69.2330, -3.6941, 3.7616$, and $29.0476, -1.5499, 1.5782$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.2605, -8.1051, 6.1566$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49.1602, 3.3808, -1.1830$.

Distribution



- Red (51%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47.6409, -2.5420,
2.5884

■ 47.6409, -2.5420,
2.5884

163.1464, -8.7116,
8.8743

■ 37.9082, -2.0233,
2.0596

■ 69.2071, -3.6947,
3.7625

■ 28.9460, -1.5448,
1.5721

■ 80.9546, -4.3221,
4.4017

■ 20.8283, -1.1113,
1.1306

■ 93.3005, -4.9814,
5.0734

■ 13.6546, -0.7283,
0.7405

106.2171, -5.6712,
5.7763

■ 7.2588, -0.3866,
0.3920

119.6802, -6.3902,
6.5089

0.0000, NaN, NaN

133.6685, -7.1373,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.2701

0.0000, NaN, NaN

148.1630, -7.9114,
8.0589

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 47.6409, -2.5420,
2.5884

■ 47.6409, -2.5420,
2.5884

■ 46.2605, -8.1051,
6.1566

■ 49.1602, 3.3808,
-1.1830

■ 45.0215, -13.2468,
9.4819

■ 50.8090, 9.6104,
-5.1247

■ 43.9293, -17.9103,
12.5276

■ 52.5814, 16.0938,
-9.2036

■ 42.9868, -22.0424,
15.2581

■ 54.4704, 22.7843,
-13.3914

■ 42.1947, -25.5981,
17.6424

■ 56.4689, 29.6414,
-17.6635

■ 41.5518, -28.5462,
19.6569

■ 58.5700, 36.6306,
-21.9993

■ 41.0535, -30.8728,
21.2881

■ 60.7671, 43.7229,
-26.3820

■ 40.6925, -32.5855,
22.5350

■ 63.0539, 50.8949,
-30.7980

■ 40.4575, -33.7174,
23.4110

■ 65.4243, 58.1272,
-35.2365

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.6419, -2.5455, 2.5890



47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884



47.6419, -2.5412, 2.5904

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.6419, -2.5431, 2.5892



47.6419, -2.5416, 2.5966



47.6419, -2.5491, 2.5941

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884



47.6415, -2.5410, 2.5878

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.6419, -2.5481, 2.5961



47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884



47.6419, -2.5437, 2.5976

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.6419, -2.5431, 2.5892



47.6419, -2.5403, 2.5947



47.6419, -2.5461, 2.5974



47.6419, -2.5489, 2.5919

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884



47.6419, -2.5403, 2.5917



47.6419, -2.5461, 2.5974



47.6419, -2.5489, 2.5948

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.6419, -2.5431, 2.5892



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



47.6421, -2.5425, 2.5894



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714



82.0889, -4.3801, 4.4600

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.6419, -2.5431, 2.5892



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



47.6420, -2.5429, 2.5887



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739



39.9922, -34.1576, 23.7498



2.3591, -1.9778, 1.3209

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.6415, -2.5410, 2.5878



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



47.6415, -2.5412, 2.5883



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739



24.8650, 48.3448, -28.6037



1.4746, 2.8841, -1.8280

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

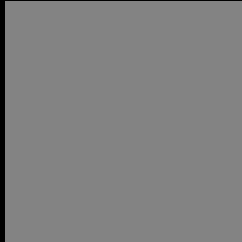
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

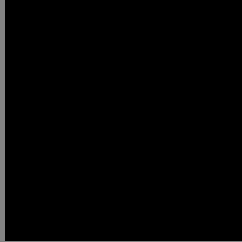
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

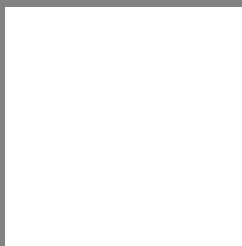
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884.



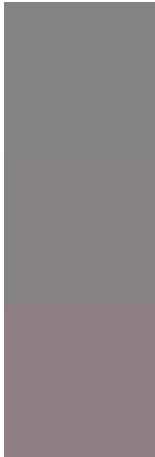
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.6409, -2.5420,

2.5884.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884

Protanopia

47.5295, -1.4846, 2.4756

Deuteranopia

47.6281, 3.1571, 2.2285



Tritanopia

47.7119, -0.3214, -1.4375

Trichromacy



Original Color

47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884

Protanomaly

47.4442, -1.7797, 2.3697

Deuteranomaly

47.5324, 1.4317, 2.0847

Tritanomaly

47.6203, -0.8193, -0.1376

Monochromacy



Original Color

47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884

Achromatopsia

47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884

Achromatomaly

47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 131, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 131, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 131, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 131, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 131, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 131, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 131, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 131, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 131, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 131,  
131) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 131, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
131, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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