

Converting Colors

HunterLab(47.7953, 0.5245,
5.3922)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(47.7953, 0.5245,
5.3922)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D817D
RGB	141, 129, 125
RGB Percent	55%, 51%, 49%
CMY	0.4471, 0.4941, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.11, 0.45
HSL	15°, 7%, 52%
HSV	15°, 11%, 55%
XYZ	22.5364, 22.8439, 22.6236
YIQ	132.1320, 8.4360, 1.3000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

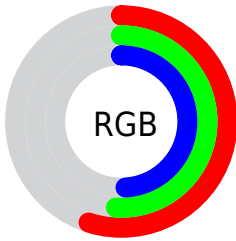
Format	Color
R_{YB}	141, 130, 125
Decimal	9273725
CIE Lab	54.91, 3.82, 3.80
CIE LCh	55, 5.389, 44.901
Yxy	22.8449, 0.3314, 0.3359
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287463805 (0xFF8D817D)
YUV	132.1320, -3.5161, 7.7772
Hunter-Lab	47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922

Details

The HunterLab color $[47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $[49.1670, -5.4064, -0.1861]$, and the grayscale version is $[48.0995, -2.5665, 2.6133]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[69.4783, -0.1447, 6.8666]$, and $[29.1261, 1.0456, 4.0470]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[44.5723, 3.6057, 7.5616]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[51.1492, -2.3762, 3.1176]$.

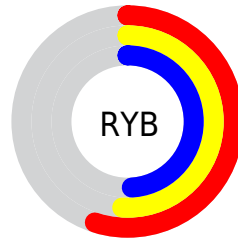
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (51%)

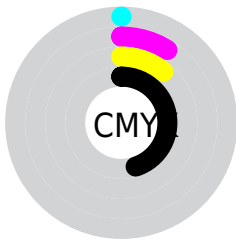
Blue (49%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (49%)

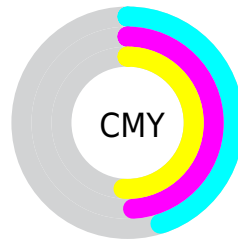


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47.7953, 0.5245,
5.3922

■ 47.7953, 0.5245,
5.3922

163.3791, -4.1248,
13.1722

■ 38.0513, 0.8243,
4.6449

■ 69.3820, -0.2324,
6.9590

■ 29.0768, 1.0661,
3.9188

■ 81.1388, -0.6778,
7.7776

■ 20.9456, 1.2391,
3.2118

■ 93.4937, -1.1639,
8.6197

■ 13.7565, 1.3290,
2.5178

106.4188, -1.6879,
9.4851

■ 7.3744, 1.8615,
2.5395

119.8901, -2.2478,
10.3734

0.0000, NaN, NaN

133.8863, -2.8416,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

11.2843

0.0000, NaN, NaN

148.3883, -3.4677,
12.2174

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 47.7953, 0.5245,
5.3922

■ 47.7953, 0.5245,
5.3922

■ 44.5723, 3.6057,
7.5616

■ 51.1492, -2.3762,
3.1176

■ 41.4938, 6.8866,
9.5986

■ 54.6165, -5.1101,
0.7545

■ 38.5810, 10.3750,
11.4716

■ 58.1863, -7.6964,
-1.6822

■ 35.8573, 14.0682,
13.1389

■ 61.8487, -10.1522,
-4.1816

■ 33.3497, 17.9433,
14.5492

■ 65.5950, -12.4931,
-6.7355

■ 31.0882, 21.9461,
15.6435

■ 69.4181, -14.7332,
-9.3375

■ 29.1042, 25.9792,
16.3618

■ 73.3118, -16.8848,
-11.9827

■ 27.4277, 29.8940,
16.6583

■ 77.2707, -18.9588,
-14.6671

■ 26.2316, 32.9870,
16.7413

■ 81.2902, -20.9648,
-17.3876

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.7964, 1.6628, 3.6390



47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922



47.7964, -1.4305, 6.3755

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.7964, 0.5232, 5.3930



47.7964, -6.6236, 3.6523



47.7964, -1.4449, -1.5113

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922



49.1670, -5.4064, -0.1861

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.7964, -3.6649, -1.5074



47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922



47.7964, -6.6273, 1.5406

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.7964, 0.5232, 5.3930



47.7964, -5.5428, 5.4023



47.7964, -5.5530, -0.3688



47.7964, 0.5124, -0.3794

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922



47.7964, -2.9187, 6.4908



47.7964, -5.5530, -0.3688



47.7964, -2.1859, -1.6444

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.7964, 0.5232, 5.3930



67.6668, -2.5301, 4.7039



47.0494, 4.2923, -0.7578



31.8186, -1.0605, 2.3324



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.7964, 0.5232, 5.3930



62.6689, 1.8918, 8.0901



50.0350, -3.2536, 7.7831



23.7271, -0.0574, 2.4018



25.0930, 31.3660, 16.0113



3.0151, 1.6223, 1.8863

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.1670, -5.4064, -0.1861



64.9722, -8.0786, -1.2870



46.8870, -1.6641, -3.0031



24.2713, -2.4112, 0.1866



33.3572, -9.8373, -20.4578



3.7588, -1.6309, -1.1775

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

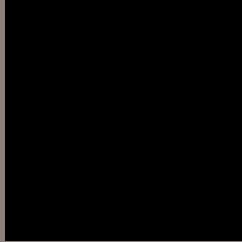
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.7953, 0.5245,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922

Protanopia

47.8433, -2.1161, 4.9826

Deuteranopia

47.7183, 3.0718, 5.3506



Tritanopia

47.7750, 3.9434, 0.1365

Trichromacy



Original Color

47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922

Protanomaly

47.7389, -1.0397, 4.8835

Deuteranomaly

47.7999, 1.9499, 5.4223

Tritanomaly

47.8357, 2.5159, 2.0164

Monochromacy



Original Color

47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922

Achromatopsia

48.0354, -2.5630, 2.6099

Achromatomaly

47.9254, -1.6674, 3.8084

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 129, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 129, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 129, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 129, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 129, 125) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 129, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 129, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 129, 125); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 129, 125); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 129, 125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 47.7953, 0.5245, 5.3922 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 129, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
129, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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