

Converting Colors

HunterLab(47.8042, -4.9178,
2.7457)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(47.8042, -4.9178, 2.7457)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(47.8010, -4.9027,
2.7352)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E8583
RGB	126, 133, 131
RGB Percent	49%, 52%, 51%
CMY	0.5059, 0.4784, 0.4863
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.02, 0.48
HSL	163°, 3%, 51%
HSV	163°, 5%, 52%
XYZ	21.0884, 22.8494, 24.7716
YIQ	130.6790, -3.5300, -2.1060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

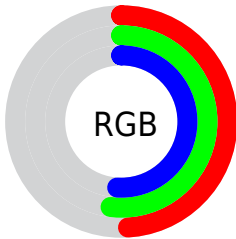
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 130, 133
Decimal	8291715
CIE _{Lab}	54.92, -2.98, 0.18
CIE _{LCh}	55, 2.987, 176.600
Yxy	22.8503, 0.3069, 0.3326
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286481795 (0xFF7E8583)
YUV	130.6790, 0.1583, -4.1035
Hunter-Lab	47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352

Details

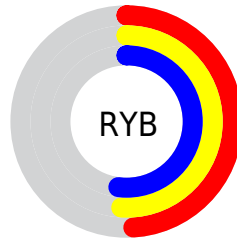
The HunterLab color $47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $46.3328, -0.0600, 2.4145$, and the grayscale version is $47.5157, -2.5353, 2.5816$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69.3990, -6.2162, 3.9126$, and $29.2021, -3.7075, 1.7219$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.6951, -9.0732, 3.0340$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49.0251, -0.4303, 2.5679$.

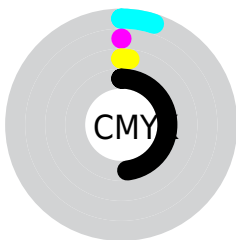
Distribution



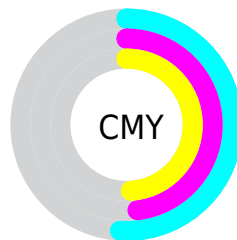
- Red (49%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47.8010, -4.9027,
2.7352

■ 47.8010, -4.9027,
2.7352

163.3877,
-12.2869, 9.0956

■ 38.0566, -4.2077,
2.1956

■ 69.3884, -6.3733,
3.9287

■ 29.0816, -3.5374,
1.6964

■ 81.1456, -7.1463,
4.5768

■ 20.9499, -2.8917,
1.2420

■ 93.5008, -7.9440,
5.2571

■ 13.7603, -2.2674,
0.8373

106.4262, -8.7661,
5.9681

■ 7.3786, -2.1553,
0.5012

119.8978, -9.6119,
6.7085

0.0000, NaN, NaN

133.8943,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.4810, 7.4772

0.0000, NaN, NaN

148.3966,
-11.3728, 8.2732

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 47.8010, -4.9027,
2.7352

■ 47.8010, -4.9027,
2.7352

■ 46.6951, -9.0732,
3.0340

■ 49.0251, -0.4303,
2.5679

■ 45.7068, -12.9039,
3.4621

■ 50.3608, 4.3115,
2.5276

■ 44.8389, -16.3643,
4.0181

■ 51.8050, 9.2865,
2.6110

■ 44.0915, -19.4277,
4.6967

■ 53.3532, 14.4613,
2.8126

■ 43.4633, -22.0747,
5.4897

■ 55.0005, 19.8051,
3.1262

■ 42.9512, -24.2956,
6.3859

■ 56.7420, 25.2898,
3.5450

■ 42.5498, -26.0927,
7.3713

■ 58.5727, 30.8910,
4.0617

■ 42.2514, -27.4822,
8.4290

■ 60.4876, 36.5872,
4.6694

■ 42.0422, -28.5097,
9.5358

■ 62.4821, 42.3602,
5.3610

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.8020, -4.5221, 3.8305



47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352



47.8020, -4.6608, 1.5780

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.8020, -4.9037, 2.7359



47.8020, -1.4838, 0.5349



47.8020, -1.2371, 4.4521

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352



46.3328, -0.0600, 2.4145

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.8020, -0.4084, 3.6038



47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352



47.8020, -0.5518, 1.3400

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.8020, -4.9037, 2.7359



47.8020, -2.6941, 0.2885



47.8020, -0.1563, 2.4677



47.8020, -2.4121, 4.8054

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352



47.8020, -4.1760, 0.9291



47.8020, -0.1563, 2.4677



47.8020, -0.9084, 4.2165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.8020, -4.9037, 2.7359



64.4775, -4.6770, 3.5699



47.8324, -5.0733, 4.9181



30.6150, -2.1799, 1.6927



82.0889, -4.3801, 4.4600



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.8020, -4.9037, 2.7359



63.8320, -7.0652, 3.6890



47.4597, -3.9375, 1.4524



23.0783, -2.6081, 1.3375



40.9469, -28.2424, 9.7871



2.4361, -1.5042, 0.2022

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.3328, -0.0600, 2.4145



61.5426, 0.4832, 3.1884



46.6645, -1.0259, 3.6570



22.2164, 0.2335, 1.1491



22.1009, 38.4582, 9.5554



1.3436, 2.4199, -0.0536

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

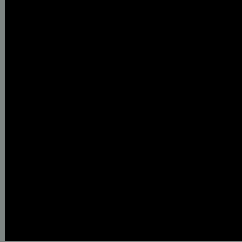
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.8010, -4.9027,

2.7352.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352

Protanopia

47.8671, -1.8134, 3.3049

Deuteranopia

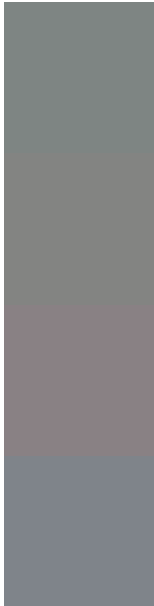
47.6281, 3.1571, 2.2285



Tritanopia

47.7229, -1.5984, -2.4153

Trichromacy



Original Color

47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352

Protanomaly

47.8952, -3.1646, 3.3139

Deuteranomaly

47.6286, 0.3434, 2.1799

Tritanomaly

47.8012, -3.0262, -0.4219

Monochromacy



Original Color

47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352

Achromatopsia

47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884

Achromatomaly

47.7581, -3.5876, 2.7079

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 133, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 133, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 133, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 133, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 133, 131) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 133, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 133, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 133, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 133, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 133,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 47.8010, -4.9027, 2.7352 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 133, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
133, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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