

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(47.8625, 73.3385,  
28.0394)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(47.8625, 73.3385,  
28.0394) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(47.8476, 73.3954,  
28.0540)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE2A2A
RGB	254, 42, 42
RGB Percent	100%, 16%, 16%
CMY	0.0039, 0.8352, 0.8353
CMYK	0.00, 0.83, 0.83, 0.00
HSL	0°, 99%, 58%
HSV	0°, 83%, 100%
XYZ	42.1189, 22.8939, 4.3896
YIQ	105.3880, 126.3520, 44.9440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

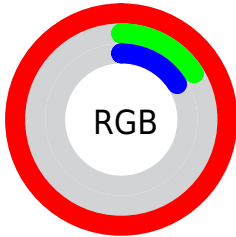
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	254, 42, 42
Decimal	16656938
CIELab	54.96, 75.32, 53.77
CIElCh	55, 92.543, 35.525
Yxy	22.8954, 0.6069, 0.3299
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294847018 (0xFFFE2A2A)
YUV	105.3880, -31.2503, 130.3327
Hunter-Lab	47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540

# Details

The HunterLab color **47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **88.6102, -45.7260, -8.9386**, and the grayscale version is **37.8174, -2.0178, 2.0547**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.7642, 49.6188, 26.5344**, and **32.5035, 55.6633, 21.0030** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.3673, 77.3319, 29.2678**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.5422, 66.6993, 26.0080**.

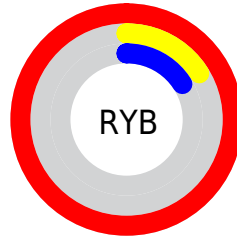
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (16%)

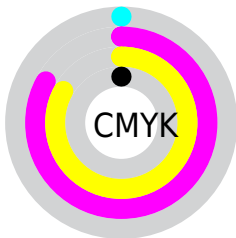
Blue (16%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (16%)

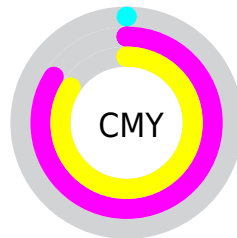


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (83%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (84%)


Yellow (84%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 47.8476, 73.3954,  
28.0540

 47.8476, 73.3954,  
28.0540


163.4586, 91.7437,  
59.1185


 38.1002, 71.0000,  
23.8043


 69.4417, 78.0622,  
35.8879


 29.1215, 68.6793,  
19.4583


 81.2017, 80.2850,  
39.5381


 20.9857, 66.6388,  
14.6900

 93.5596, 82.4183,  
43.0478

 13.7914, 65.4340,  
9.6539

 106.4877, 84.4600,  
46.4385

 7.4134, 70.2928,  
5.1894

 119.9618, 86.4107,  
49.7276

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, INF, NaN

 133.9606, 88.2729,

52.9297

0.0000, NaN, NaN

148.4652, 90.0495,  
56.0567

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 47.8476, 73.3954,  
28.0540

■ 47.8476, 73.3954,  
28.0540

■ 46.3673, 77.3319,  
29.2678

■ 50.5422, 66.6993,  
26.0080

■ 45.9034, 78.6079,  
29.6616

■ 54.4556, 57.9054,  
23.3440

■ 59.4903, 47.8922,  
20.3517

■ 65.4990, 37.4197,  
17.2755

■ 72.3289, 26.9866,  
14.2714

79.8427, 16.8551,  
11.4176

87.9267, 7.1283,  
8.7404

96.4895, -2.1802,  
6.2377

99.9053, -5.6654,  
5.3159

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.8491, 95.0873, 8.8733



47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540



47.8491, 31.9571, 32.5814

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.8491, 73.3897, 28.0548



47.8491, -52.8460, 23.4944



47.8491, 4.7469, -132.8668

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540



88.6102, -45.7260, -8.9386

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.8491, -29.4158, -115.1819



47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540



47.8491, -56.0271, -4.6470

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.8491, 73.3897, 28.0548



47.8491, -38.2838, 31.7395



47.8491, -48.9692, -58.6444



47.8491, 48.2255, -96.7625



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540



47.8491, 3.3304, 33.2774



47.8491, -48.9692, -58.6444



47.8491, -8.1703, -133.2109

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.8491, 73.3897, 28.0548



78.9976, 18.4737, 11.8992



54.6648, 98.9192, -66.2828



35.3031, 10.1913, 5.9665

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.8491, 73.3897, 28.0548



46.1092, 78.9603, 29.7946



65.1289, 28.2147, 38.6318



42.4115, 1.5779, 3.5921



33.3305, 57.0763, 21.5373



10.4008, 17.8083, 6.7207



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.6102, -45.7260, -8.9386



88.7264, -47.0325, -9.3707



53.6916, 3.8947, -70.3895



45.2561, -6.0142, 1.2519



64.1366, -33.9979, -6.7735



20.0132, -10.6088, -2.1133



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

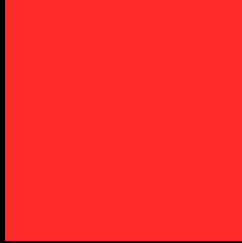
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.8476, 73.3954,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540

### Protanopia

47.9413, -5.5935, 23.4446

### Deuteranopia

47.8719, 3.3123, 28.9967



## Tritanopia

47.8330, 73.3386, 28.2701

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540

## Protanomaly

44.1854, 24.4107, 22.6338

## Deuteranomaly

45.1627, 30.9237, 27.1630

## Tritanomaly

47.8402, 73.3666, 28.1634

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540

## Achromatopsia

37.5850, -2.0054, 2.0421

## Achromatomaly

37.4362, 24.3099, 10.8510

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 42, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 42, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 42, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 42, 42) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 42, 42) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 42, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 42, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 42, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 42, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 42,  
42) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 47.8476, 73.3954, 28.0540 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 42, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254, 42,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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