

Converting Colors

HunterLab(47.8710, -24.8999,
-38.7655)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(47.8710, -24.8999,
-38.7655) contains.

HunterLab(50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(50.6607,
-14.0551, -32.9806)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0095C8
RGB	0, 149, 200
RGB Percent	0%, 58%, 78%
CMY	0.9998, 0.4157, 0.2157
CMYK	1.00, 0.25, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	195°, 100%, 39%
HSV	195°, 100%, 78%
XYZ	21.1728, 25.6651, 58.4816
YIQ	110.2630, -105.1750, -15.7270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

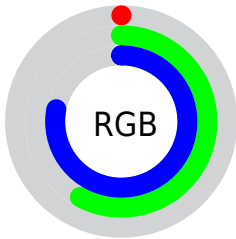
Format	Color
R _Y B	0, 85, 200
Decimal	38344
CIE Lab	57.72, -14.65, -35.47
CIE LCh	58, 38.379, 247.560
Yxy	25.6659, 0.2010, 0.2437
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278228424 (0xFF0095C8)
YUV	110.2630, 44.2403, -96.7007
Hunter-Lab	50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806

Details

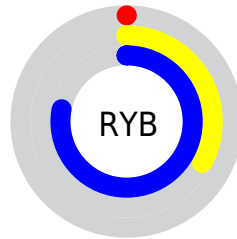
The HunterLab color **50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **38.2766, 49.6278, 24.4527**, and the grayscale version is **39.4586, -2.1054, 2.1439**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.5152, -17.2356, -32.9716**, and **32.8796, -5.6608, -28.8765** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.6578, -14.0507, -32.9865**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.4066, -15.7993, -29.8054**.

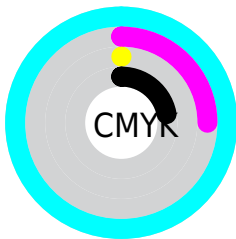
Distribution



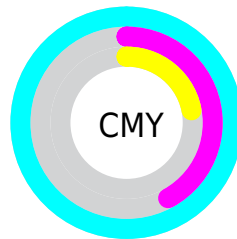
- Red (0%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.6607, -14.0551,
-32.9806

■ 50.6607, -14.0551,
-32.9806

167.6718,
-26.3070, -37.0250

■ 40.7110, -12.6480,
-32.3479

■ 72.6192, -16.8028,
-34.1970

■ 31.5137, -11.2030,
-31.7563

■ 84.5469, -18.1601,
-34.7483

■ 23.1373, -9.6977,
-31.3096

■ 97.0644, -19.5130,
-35.2519

■ 15.6717, -8.0941,
-31.2657

■ 110.1452,
-20.8649, -35.7058

■ 9.2439, -7.3996,
-32.4085

■ 123.7658,
-22.2184, -36.1094

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

137.9058,

-23.5756, -36.4631

0.0000, NaN, NaN

152.5466,
-24.9380, -36.7679

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.6607, -14.0551,
-32.9806

■ 50.6607, -14.0551,
-32.9806

■ 50.6578, -14.0507,
-32.9865

■ 52.4066, -15.7993,
-29.8054

■ 54.3034, -17.0106,
-26.4984

■ 56.3847, -17.5615,
-23.0232

■ 58.6556, -17.4349,
-19.3972

■ 61.1149, -16.6423,
-15.6451

■ 63.7580, -15.2141,
-11.7938

■ 66.5776, -13.1920,
-7.8690

■ 69.5651, -10.6238,
-3.8934

■ 72.7112, -7.5591,
0.1141

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.6616, -25.1063, -18.8311



50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806



50.6616, 1.4571, -36.2803

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.6616, -14.0546, -32.9796



50.6616, 32.0122, 6.5027



50.6616, -20.3278, 21.0703

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806



38.2766, 49.6278, 24.4527

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.6616, -6.7386, 24.2130



50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806



50.6616, 24.4223, 17.6976

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.6616, -14.0546, -32.9796



50.6616, 29.4137, -9.9051



50.6616, 9.7390, 23.2097



50.6616, -28.3982, 12.8133

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806



50.6616, 12.5243, -31.1659



50.6616, 9.7390, 23.2097



50.6616, -16.3255, 22.6192

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.6616, -14.0546, -32.9796



87.4306, -17.4942, -10.5890



64.4514, -53.9889, 35.9902



39.7045, -8.6559, -5.9247

0.0000, NaN, NaN



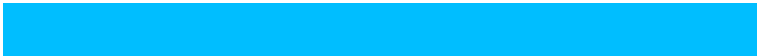
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.6616, -14.0546, -32.9796



66.3555, -18.0555, -43.9620



25.4056, 36.8169, -111.2257



34.0468, -3.4374, 0.1658



40.5791, -11.4695, -25.9610



9.4391, -3.3455, -4.5760

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.0137, 70.8016, -19.6860



49.9761, 93.0210, -25.3450



58.3918, 3.9761, 36.0491



32.8156, 2.2063, -0.1356



30.3353, 56.5474, -16.0356



6.6855, 12.6049, -4.6390

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

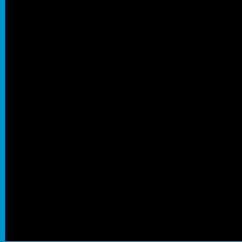
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806.



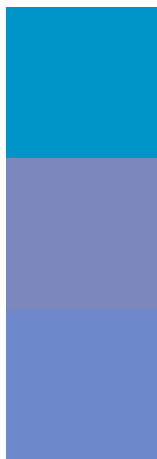
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.6607,

-14.0551, -32.9806.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806

Protanopia

50.4615, 4.1039, -26.0722

Deuteranopia

50.5155, 4.0205, -35.1162



Tritanopia

50.4966, -24.0950, -11.1022

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806

Protanomaly

49.5626, -6.0450, -30.6217

Deuteranomaly

49.6146, -5.1164, -36.2910

Tritanomaly

50.6664, -20.7978, -18.4321

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806

Achromatopsia

39.4875, -2.1070, 2.1454

Achromatomaly

42.0720, -11.2947, -10.8947

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 149, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 149, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 149, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 149, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 149, 200) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 149, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 149, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 149, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 149, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 149,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.6607, -14.0551, -32.9806 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 149, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 149,  
200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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