

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(47.8753, -34.1353,  
-30.2090)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(47.8753, -34.1353,  
-30.2090) contains.

<b>HunterLab(51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	30

# Color

**HunterLab(51.7127,  
-19.2781, -23.0206)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009ABC
RGB	0, 154, 188
RGB Percent	0%, 60%, 74%
CMY	0.9999, 0.3961, 0.2627
CMYK	1.00, 0.18, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	191°, 100%, 37%
HSV	191°, 100%, 74%
XYZ	20.6327, 26.7420, 51.6512
YIQ	111.8300, -102.6980, -22.0740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

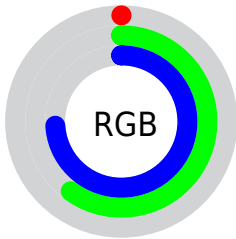
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 85, 188
Decimal	39612
CIELab	58.74, -21.63, -27.13
CIELCh	59, 34.697, 231.428
Yxy	26.7430, 0.2084, 0.2701
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278229692 (0xFF009ABC)
YUV	111.8300, 37.5518, -98.0749
Hunter-Lab	51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206

# Details

The HunterLab color **51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **34.4059, 50.3603, 22.0806**, and the grayscale version is **40.0813, -2.1386, 2.1777**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.9418, -23.0363, -23.4691**, and **33.8375, -10.5601, -19.4977** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.7112, -19.2758, -23.0236**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.9321, -20.2366, -21.0300**.

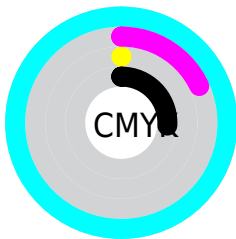
# Distribution



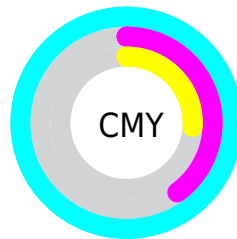
- Red (0%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



51.7127, -19.2781,  
-23.0206

51.7127, -19.2781,  
-23.0206

169.2367,  
-34.4910, -25.1763

41.6897, -17.4354,  
-22.5095

73.8046, -22.8076,  
-23.8819

32.4129, -15.5138,  
-21.9633

85.7936, -24.5209,  
-24.2273

23.9494, -13.4780,  
-21.4187

98.3695, -26.2115,  
-24.5160

16.3861, -11.2686,  
-20.9761

111.5062,  
-27.8852, -24.7498

9.8469, -10.1427,  
-20.9452

125.1805,  
-29.5467, -24.9305

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

139.3723,

-31.1996, -25.0605

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.0631,  
-32.8470, -25.1417

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.7127, -19.2781,  
-23.0206

■ 51.7127, -19.2781,  
-23.0206

■ 51.7112, -19.2758,  
-23.0236

■ 52.9321, -20.2366,  
-21.0300

■ 54.2743, -20.7387,  
-18.8937

■ 55.7747, -20.6540,  
-16.5696

■ 57.4418, -19.9550,  
-14.0622

■ 59.2791, -18.6398,  
-11.3850

■ 61.2860, -16.7254,  
-8.5566

■ 63.4593, -14.2416,  
-5.5976

■ 65.7938, -11.2266,  
-2.5291

■ 68.2832, -7.7232,  
0.6292

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.7136, -26.5948, -8.0382



51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206



51.7136, -6.9204, -31.5828

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.7136, -19.2778, -23.0197



51.7136, 28.3627, -1.3685



51.7136, -12.7168, 22.1524

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206



34.4059, 50.3603, 22.0806

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.7136, 1.5320, 23.0118



51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206



51.7136, 26.3626, 11.7297

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.7136, -19.2778, -23.0197



51.7136, 21.3212, -16.9810



51.7136, 16.1278, 19.7721



51.7136, -23.1125, 16.9647



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206



51.7136, 2.9755, -31.2094



51.7136, 16.1278, 19.7721



51.7136, -8.2600, 22.8858

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.7136, -19.2778, -23.0197



85.2760, -19.3610, -7.7429



60.0566, -50.8979, 34.8108



38.9626, -9.6669, -4.3772



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.7136, -19.2778, -23.0197



69.3761, -25.6284, -31.3898



26.7433, 25.5389, -88.5531



32.4161, -3.5469, 0.3927



42.7848, -16.0608, -18.8066



8.9156, -3.7677, -3.0103



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.0908, 68.2654, -26.7908



48.5500, 91.7827, -35.5987



50.4446, 11.2148, 31.2788



31.0900, 2.1678, -0.3962



29.7954, 56.3898, -22.3308



5.9632, 11.3939, -5.3069



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

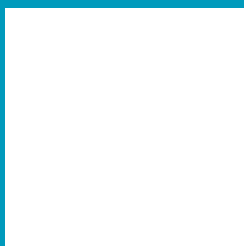
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206.



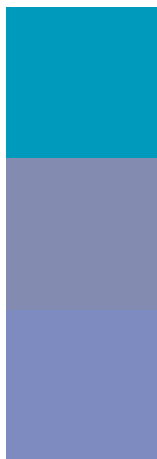
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.7127,

-19.2781, -23.0206.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206

### Protanopia

51.4440, 2.0214, -16.2039

### Deuteranopia

51.6052, 3.7899, -25.4302

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206

## Protanomaly

50.1216, -9.7869, -20.9994

## Deuteranomaly

50.4119, -7.8953, -27.0454

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206

## Achromatopsia

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870

## Achromatomaly

42.9090, -13.0176, -8.0704

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 154, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 154, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 154, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 154, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 154, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 154, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 154, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 154, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 154, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 154,  
188) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.7127, -19.2781, -23.0206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 154, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 154,  
188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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