

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(47.8851, 36.6593,  
-87.8338)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(47.8851, 36.6593,  
-87.8338) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(47.9050, 36.1174,  
-86.9410)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D6FFF
RGB	125, 111, 255
RGB Percent	49%, 44%, 100%
CMY	0.5098, 0.5647, 0.0000
CMYK	0.51, 0.56, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	246°, 100%, 72%
HSV	246°, 56%, 100%
XYZ	32.1919, 22.9489, 97.3407
YIQ	131.6020, -37.8800, 47.7520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

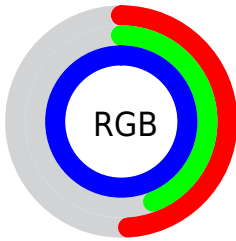
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	125, 111, 255
Decimal	8220671
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.02, 42.41, -70.22
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 82.032, 301.131
Yxy	22.9495, 0.2111, 0.1505
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286410751 (0xFF7D6FFF)
YUV	131.6020, 60.8352, -5.7900
Hunter-Lab	47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410

# Details

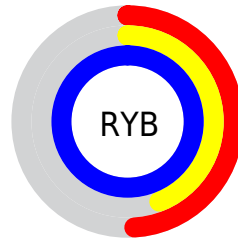
The HunterLab color  $47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $6666FF$ . A complement of this color would be  $95.5864, -27.4005, 49.0917$ , and the grayscale version is  $47.6577, -2.5429, 2.5893$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $66.1277, 22.3599, -43.6862$ , and  $29.2351, 32.6027, -88.5428$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $40.7678, 46.0690, -111.6637$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $55.9179, 27.0931, -65.3823$ .

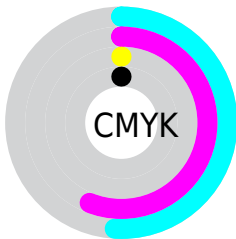
# Distribution



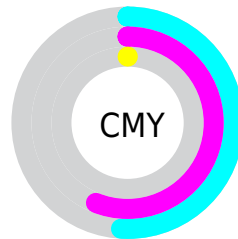
- Red (49%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



47.9050, 36.1174,  
-86.9410

47.9050, 36.1174,  
-86.9410

163.5438, 45.3011,  
-93.1804

38.1527, 34.5948,  
-87.4779

69.5057, 38.8130,  
-87.4183

29.1694, 32.9504,  
-89.0819

81.2692, 39.9993,  
-88.0500

21.0287, 31.2002,  
-92.7215

93.6304, 41.0883,  
-88.8105

13.8287, 29.4169,  
-100.7779

106.5615, 42.0874,  
-89.6459

7.4551, 29.8010,  
-125.3878

120.0386, 43.0029,  
-90.5208

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

134.0404, 43.8404,

-91.4115

0.0000, NaN, -NF

148.5478, 44.6050,  
-92.3018

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 47.9050, 36.1174,  
-86.9410

■ 47.9050, 36.1174,  
-86.9410

■ 40.7678, 46.0690,  
-111.6637

■ 55.9179, 27.0931,  
-65.3823

■ 34.8032, 56.4809,  
-138.7372

■ 64.5942, 18.9822,  
-46.7040

■ 30.3844, 65.8748,  
-164.7349

■ 73.7914, 11.6301,  
-30.3421

■ 27.8164, 71.7862,  
-183.2571

■ 83.4110, 4.8698,  
-15.7662

■ 27.2473, 73.1591,  
-187.7956

■ 93.3836, -1.4401,  
-2.5499

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.9057, -1.2618, -110.4530



47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410



47.9057, 69.1392, -38.1541

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.9057, 36.1181, -86.9388



47.9057, 33.2449, 31.3503



47.9057, -51.9462, 1.3641

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410



95.5864, -27.4005, 49.0917

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.9057, -47.4009, 23.9568



47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410



47.9057, -3.8419, 32.4224

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.9057, 36.1181, -86.9388



47.9057, 67.1810, 24.8972



47.9057, -31.8754, 31.1339



47.9057, -46.6401, -41.9419



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410



47.9057, 80.6013, -7.9987



47.9057, -31.8754, 31.1339



47.9057, -51.5325, 11.2345

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.9057, 36.1181, -86.9388



82.8919, 5.2156, -16.5010



86.4296, -34.2417, -12.2420



37.4433, 3.0250, -8.9397

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.9057, 36.1181, -86.9388



39.7706, 47.6544, -115.7004



54.9466, 54.0603, -67.2821



41.7878, 0.2008, -2.9783



19.7663, 52.9359, -135.1748



6.3823, 16.6851, -40.4894



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.4337, 70.2910, -39.3231



57.8061, 83.1250, -45.9973



90.1808, -48.1124, 44.8390



42.7412, 3.3498, -1.1078



37.5664, 72.3288, -37.7022

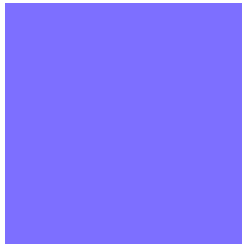


11.7582, 22.6955, -12.2407



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

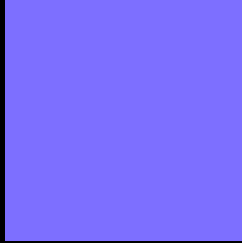
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

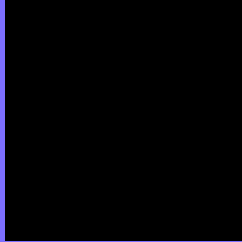
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410.



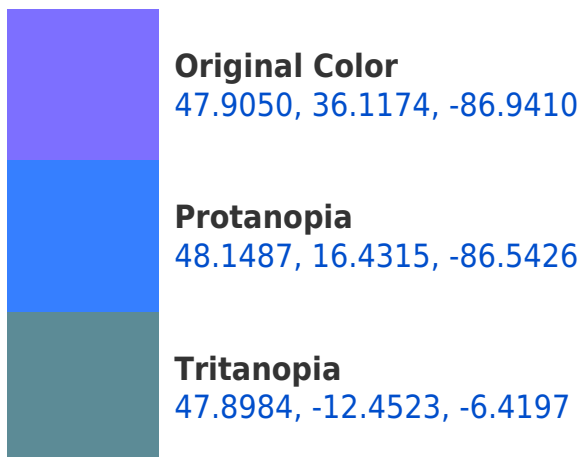
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410.

-86.9410.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410

## Protanomaly

47.5397, 22.6733, -88.3011

## Tritanomaly

47.1958, 3.0205, -30.6342

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410

## Achromatopsia

48.0354, -2.5630, 2.6099

## Achromatomaly

47.1771, 8.9913, -23.0470

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 111, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 111, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 111, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 111, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 111, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 111, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 111, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 111, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 111, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 111,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 47.9050, 36.1174, -86.9410 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 111, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
111, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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