

Converting Colors

HunterLab(47.8851, 4.1834,
-52.4201)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(47.8851, 4.1834,
-52.4201) contains.

HunterLab(47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(47.9385, 4.1832,
-52.4235)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4984DA
RGB	73, 132, 218
RGB Percent	29%, 52%, 85%
CMY	0.7137, 0.4823, 0.1451
CMYK	0.67, 0.39, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	216°, 66%, 57%
HSV	216°, 67%, 85%
XYZ	23.6538, 22.9810, 69.5189
YIQ	124.1630, -62.7700, 14.2380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

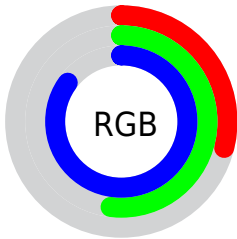
Format	Color
R_{YB}	73, 115, 218
Decimal	4818138
CIE _{Lab}	55.05, 8.24, -49.71
CIE _{LCh}	55, 50.391, 279.413
Yxy	22.9817, 0.2036, 0.1979
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283008218 (0xFF4984DA)
YUV	124.1630, 46.2616, -44.8700
Hunter-Lab	47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235

Details

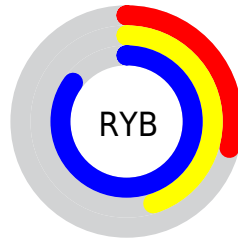
The HunterLab color **47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **63.3922, 8.7807, 33.3189**, and the grayscale version is **44.8027, -2.3906, 2.4342**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.6067, -1.9650, -39.5194**, and **29.6566, 5.9716, -49.9593** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.5682, 8.3023, -63.2741**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.6447, 1.0112, -42.2460**.

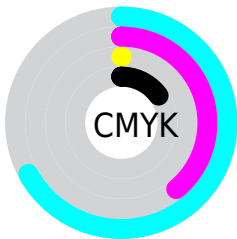
Distribution



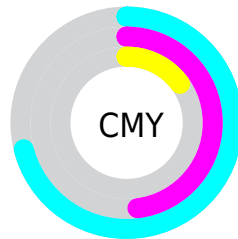
- Red (29%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47.9385, 4.1832,
-52.4235

■ 47.9385, 4.1832,
-52.4235

163.5944, 1.2656,
-58.5777

■ 38.1838, 4.2397,
-51.9346

■ 69.5438, 3.8757,
-53.7949

■ 29.1979, 4.2173,
-51.7779

■ 81.3093, 3.6368,
-54.5436

■ 21.0542, 4.1026,
-52.3136

■ 93.6724, 3.3478,
-55.2896

■ 13.8509, 3.8738,
-54.4363

■ 106.6054, 3.0126,
-56.0161

■ 7.4797, 4.4019,
-63.4131

120.0843, 2.6343,
-56.7132

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

134.0877, 2.2156,

-57.3746

0.0000, NaN, -NF

148.5967, 1.7587,
-57.9968

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 47.9385, 4.1832,
-52.4235

■ 47.9385, 4.1832,
-52.4235

■ 43.5682, 8.3023,
-63.2741

■ 52.6447, 1.0112,
-42.2460

■ 39.5807, 13.4514,
-74.7346

■ 57.6399, -1.3320,
-32.7351

■ 36.0234, 19.6259,
-86.6304

■ 62.8869, -2.9647,
-23.8377

■ 34.8663, 21.9325,
-90.9259

■ 68.3542, -3.9953,
-15.4848

■ 74.0157, -4.5171,
-7.6046

■ 79.8499, -4.6084,
-0.1290

■ 85.8390, -4.3340,
7.0027

■ 91.9683, -3.7469,
13.8432

■ 96.7921, -7.8792,
18.8743

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.9393, -15.8758, -48.6748



47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235



47.9393, 25.6839, -37.2648

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.9393, 4.1839, -52.4223



47.9393, 32.5653, 21.0754



47.9393, -34.6513, 14.1893

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235



63.3922, 8.7807, 33.3189

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.9393, -25.4796, 23.7312



47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235



47.9393, 12.3882, 26.3610

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.9393, 4.1839, -52.4223



47.9393, 43.8212, 8.4448



47.9393, -8.9515, 27.0645



47.9393, -36.0850, -4.0663

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235



47.9393, 37.1257, -21.1740



47.9393, -8.9515, 27.0645



47.9393, -32.4565, 18.2584

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.9393, 4.1839, -52.4223



85.8912, -5.2304, -12.4728



73.4946, -46.1448, 18.5334



38.8503, -2.3379, -7.0054

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.9393, 4.1839, -52.4223



49.9744, 12.3436, -81.2332



34.2983, 37.7814, -92.8663



36.7189, -2.1724, -1.0709



27.3537, 16.1240, -68.9968



8.0703, 1.7707, -13.9097

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.1928, 56.1954, 1.4276



50.3477, 77.5548, 5.8210



79.8339, -24.1016, 44.0890



36.2476, 1.9365, 1.3173



30.6253, 53.9135, 8.4198



7.9021, 14.1137, 0.6021

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

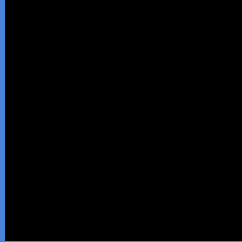
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235

Protanopia

47.8393, 9.2438, -50.0380

Deuteranopia

47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235



Tritanopia

47.9502, -21.3473, -10.2690

Trichromacy



Original Color

47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235

Protanomaly

47.6792, 7.4205, -51.2765

Deuteranomaly

47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235

Tritanomaly

47.5554, -13.0798, -24.0970

Monochromacy



Original Color

47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235

Achromatopsia

44.8950, -2.3955, 2.4392

Achromatomaly

45.4430, -2.5889, -14.2481

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 132, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 132, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 132, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 132, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

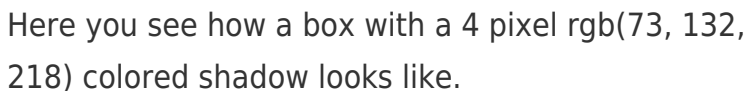
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 132, 218) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 132, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 132, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 132, 218); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 132, 218); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 132, 218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 47.9385, 4.1832, -52.4235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 132, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 132,  
218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor