

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(47.9600, 48.7816,  
-32.3423)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(47.9600, 48.7816,  
-32.3423) contains.

<b>HunterLab(47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(47.8401, 48.9495,  
-32.9186)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C15CC2
RGB	193, 92, 194
RGB Percent	76%, 36%, 76%
CMY	0.2431, 0.6392, 0.2392
CMYK	0.01, 0.53, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	299°, 46%, 56%
HSV	299°, 53%, 76%
XYZ	35.5570, 22.8868, 53.5824
YIQ	133.8270, 27.4540, 53.1340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

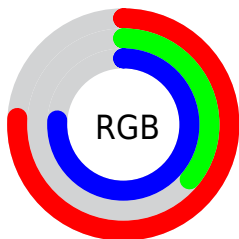
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	193, 92, 194
Decimal	12672194
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	54.96, 54.43, -35.56
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 65.017, 326.841
Yxy	22.8878, 0.3174, 0.2043
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290862274 (0xFFC15CC2)
YUV	133.8270, 29.6653, 51.8947
Hunter-Lab	47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186

# Details

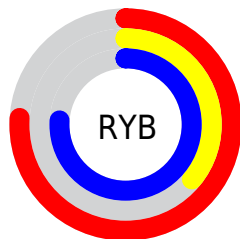
The HunterLab color  $47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC66CC$ . The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be  $64.5631, -41.8254, 29.7520$ , and the grayscale version is  $48.6373, -2.5952, 2.6426$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $69.3051, 52.5027, -34.4534$ , and  $29.1094, 45.2153, -31.8063$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $44.6330, 58.0221, -39.2816$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $51.6866, 39.0807, -26.0141$ .

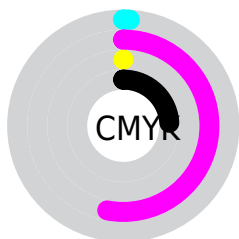
# Distribution



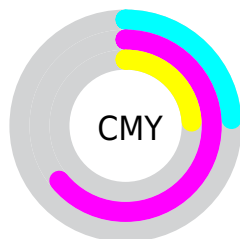
- Red (76%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



47.8401, 48.9495,  
-32.9186

47.8401, 48.9495,  
-32.9186

163.4466, 61.7899,  
-37.0881

38.0929, 47.0245,  
-32.2896

69.4327, 52.4802,  
-34.1521

29.1148, 45.0191,  
-31.7245

81.1923, 54.0870,  
-34.7174

20.9796, 42.9955,  
-31.3553

93.5497, 55.5927,  
-35.2365

13.7861, 41.1490,  
-31.5251

106.4773, 57.0026,  
-35.7063

7.4076, 42.6179,  
-34.9595

119.9510, 58.3222,  
-36.1258

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

133.9495, 59.5567,

-36.4954

0.0000, NaN, NaN

148.4537, 60.7111,  
-36.8157

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 47.8401, 48.9495,  
-32.9186

■ 47.8401, 48.9495,  
-32.9186

■ 44.6330, 58.0221,  
-39.2816

■ 51.6866, 39.0807,  
-26.0141

■ 42.1280, 65.7438,  
-44.7214

■ 56.0918, 28.8679,  
-18.8805

■ 40.3619, 71.5572,  
-48.8511

■ 60.9802, 18.6118,  
-11.7230

■ 39.3168, 75.1129,  
-51.4258

■ 66.2830, 8.4896,  
-4.6626

■ 38.8775, 76.5974,  
-52.5402

■ 71.9411, -1.4105,  
2.2413

■ 77.9055, -11.0567,  
8.9680

■ 84.1355, -20.4501,  
15.5188

■ 90.5983, -29.6081,  
21.9065

■ 93.2624, -33.1964,  
24.4394

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.8412, 23.1314, -65.4592



47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186



47.8412, 60.8759, -0.1900

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.8412, 48.9477, -32.9170



47.8412, 0.3312, 30.2954



47.8412, -40.5352, -25.3902

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186



64.5631, -41.8254, 29.7520

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.8412, -44.0456, 5.2393



47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186



47.8412, -23.7554, 28.9991

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.8412, 48.9477, -32.9170



47.8412, 29.1774, 28.2062



47.8412, -38.6347, 22.4669



47.8412, -27.7037, -59.6778



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186



47.8412, 57.7520, 14.7860



47.8412, -38.6347, 22.4669



47.8412, -42.7020, -13.9706

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.8412, 48.9477, -32.9170



86.5323, 16.4085, -9.7502



37.5813, 20.3363, -57.0083



39.7906, 9.0178, -5.4968

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.8412, 48.9477, -32.9170



59.5368, 79.7079, -54.0048



45.9996, 40.4304, -5.3204



32.0037, 2.4861, -1.1423



31.5271, 62.1137, -42.5924



6.5659, 12.9294, -8.8203



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.6261, 34.1087, 14.3355



54.3189, 57.1635, 22.6637



65.4152, -36.6089, 16.7207



31.7482, 1.0981, 2.6210



27.4667, 47.0501, 17.6510

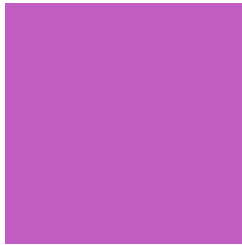


5.7142, 9.7983, 3.5959



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186.

-32.9186.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186

### Protanopia

48.3375, 10.6616, -58.2825

### Deuteranopia

48.2340, 3.5490, -28.0063



## Tritanopia

47.8447, 23.6500, 8.2679

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186



## Protanomaly

46.7524, 21.7859, -51.4889



## Deuteranomaly

47.0138, 18.8716, -32.1355



## Tritanomaly

47.4771, 32.0830, -4.1435

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186



## Achromatopsia

48.8260, -2.6052, 2.6528



## Achromatomaly

47.5000, 15.0129, -9.7272

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 92, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 92, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 92, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 92, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 92, 194) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 92, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 92, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 92, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 92, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 92,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 47.8401, 48.9495, -32.9186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 92, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193, 92,  
194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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