

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.0962, -10.1402,
-9.2587)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.0962, -10.1402,
-9.2587) contains.

HunterLab(48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(48.0251,
-10.0306, -9.4129)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	608A9C
RGB	96, 138, 156
RGB Percent	38%, 54%, 61%
CMY	0.6235, 0.4588, 0.3882
CMYK	0.38, 0.12, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	198°, 24%, 49%
HSV	198°, 38%, 61%
XYZ	19.9132, 23.0641, 34.8548
YIQ	127.4940, -30.8100, -3.3060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

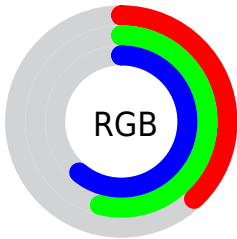
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 121, 156
Decimal	6326940
CIE _{Lab}	55.14, -9.67, -14.16
CIE _{LCh}	55, 17.146, 235.681
Yxy	23.0650, 0.2558, 0.2963
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284517020 (0xFF608A9C)
YUV	127.4940, 14.0535, -27.6202
Hunter-Lab	48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129

Details

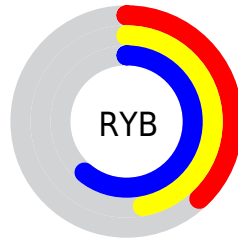
The HunterLab color $48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $44.6626, 9.1244, 12.9891$, and the grayscale version is $46.2185, -2.4661, 2.5111$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69.5373, -11.8673, -9.9055$, and $29.2528, -7.7358, -9.1976$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45.8116, -10.9117, -12.6690$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50.3674, -8.7323, -6.1415$.

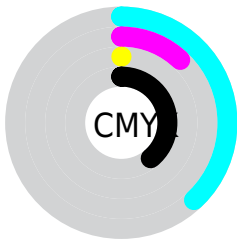
Distribution



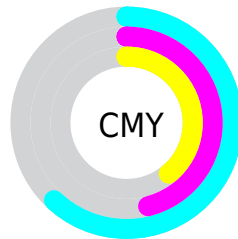
- Red (38%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.0251, -10.0306,
-9.4129

■ 48.0251, -10.0306,
-9.4129

163.7250,
-20.1823, -8.0879

■ 38.2642, -8.9290,
-9.2698

■ 69.6420, -12.2293,
-9.4924

■ 29.2715, -7.8149,
-9.0522

■ 81.4128, -13.3347,
-9.4408

■ 21.1202, -6.6747,
-8.7556

■ 93.7808, -14.4480,
-9.3341

■ 13.9083, -5.4830,
-8.3865

■ 106.7186,
-15.5711, -9.1759

■ 7.5428, -5.9875,
-8.5867

120.2021,
-16.7052, -8.9695

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

134.2099,

-17.8513, -8.7178

0.0000, NaN, NaN

148.7232,
-19.0102, -8.4232

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.0251, -10.0306,
-9.4129

■ 48.0251, -10.0306,
-9.4129

■ 45.8116, -10.9117,
-12.6690

■ 50.3674, -8.7323,
-6.1415

■ 43.7311, -11.3392,
-15.8951

■ 52.8282, -7.0529,
-2.8711

■ 41.7905, -11.2836,
-19.0701

■ 55.4008, -5.0300,
0.3887

■ 39.9937, -10.7260,
-22.1723

■ 58.0778, -2.6988,
3.6305

■ 38.3409, -9.6652,
-25.1822

■ 60.8520, -0.0918,
6.8495

■ 36.8121, -8.1800,
-28.1182

■ 63.7169, 2.7614,
10.0427

■ 36.5802, -7.9417,
-28.5782

■ 66.6664, 5.8346,
13.2088

■ 69.6947, 9.1043,
16.3476

■ 72.7967, 12.5501,
19.4595

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.0260, -14.2730, -3.3686



48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129



48.0260, -3.5902, -12.2425

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.0260, -10.0310, -9.4121



48.0260, 11.8385, 1.6245



48.0260, -8.3460, 12.9179

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129



44.6626, 9.1244, 12.9891

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.0260, -1.5313, 13.8562



48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129



48.0260, 10.3843, 7.9143

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.0260, -10.0310, -9.4121



48.0260, 9.2530, -5.3096



48.0260, 5.3867, 12.1608



48.0260, -13.3406, 9.3824

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129



48.0260, 1.1852, -11.6647



48.0260, 5.3867, 12.1608



48.0260, -6.2038, 13.5233

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.0260, -10.0310, -9.4121



73.3363, -7.8601, -1.1333



52.3990, -24.6110, 14.1790



34.2093, -3.8392, -0.7740



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.0260, -10.0310, -9.4121



62.1905, -14.5605, -16.3958



39.7808, 3.4960, -22.3041



26.7829, -2.5248, 0.0629



33.2930, -7.3483, -25.7506



5.1778, -2.0026, -2.1488

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.5564, 23.8416, -8.2827



52.1080, 40.0677, -13.8367



52.4957, -4.6685, 19.7665



25.9242, 1.5867, 0.0801



25.9638, 48.0046, -10.6711



3.5720, 6.7749, -2.7907

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

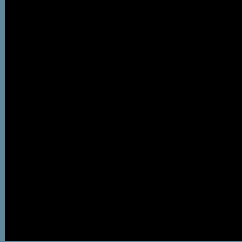
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129.

-10.0306, -9.4129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129

Protanopia

47.7376, 0.4810, -6.9392

Deuteranopia

47.9525, 3.1206, -10.3930



Tritanopia

48.0072, -12.0518, -6.2647

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129

Protanomaly

47.7367, -3.7445, -8.0811

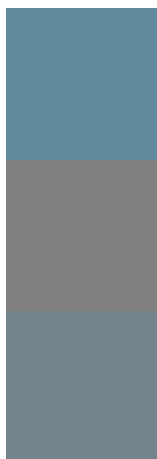
Deuteranomaly

47.7372, -1.9941, -10.2374

Tritanomaly

48.1302, -11.4654, -7.1367

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129

Achromatopsia

46.0685, -2.4581, 2.5030

Achromatomaly

46.6697, -5.5356, -1.8862

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 138, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 138, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 138, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 138, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 138, 156) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 138, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 138, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 138, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 138, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 138,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.0251, -10.0306, -9.4129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 138, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 138,  
156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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