

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.1010, -18.6556,
33.4772)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.1010, -18.6556,
33.4772) contains.

HunterLab(48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(48.3170,
-17.0215, 29.4747)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	808C00
RGB	128, 140, 0
RGB Percent	50%, 55%, 0%
CMY	0.4980, 0.4510, 1.0000
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 1.00, 0.45
HSL	65°, 100%, 27%
HSV	65°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	18.2801, 23.3453, 3.5426
YIQ	120.4520, 37.7880, -46.0840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

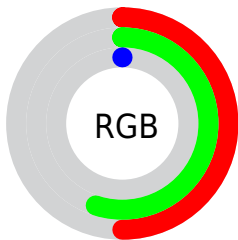
Format	Color
RYB	0, 140, 12
Decimal	8424448
CIELab	55.43, -19.26, 59.30
CIElCh	55, 62.348, 107.994
Yxy	23.3464, 0.4047, 0.5169
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286614528 (0xFF808C00)
YUV	120.4520, -59.3828, 6.6196
Hunter-Lab	48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747

Details

The HunterLab color $48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999900 . A complement of this color would be $14.0430, 37.5283, -95.4479$, and the grayscale version is $43.7278, -2.3332, 2.3758$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69.8283, -20.1755, 37.8942$, and $29.6786, -12.4960, 18.0690$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48.3180, -17.0235, 29.4753$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48.4477, -16.4689, 29.0560$.

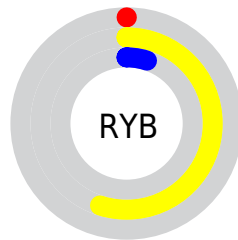
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (55%)

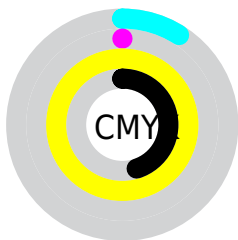
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (5%)

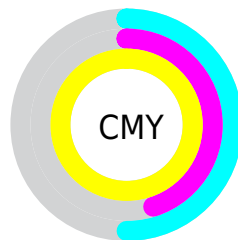


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.3170, -17.0215,
29.4747

■ 48.3170, -17.0215,
29.4747

164.1643,
-31.2623, 63.2676

■ 38.5350, -15.3127,
24.8540

■ 69.9725, -20.3063,
38.0149

■ 29.5192, -13.5296,
20.4131

■ 81.7609, -21.9042,
41.9954

■ 21.3424, -11.6382,
14.9397

■ 94.1458, -23.4837,
45.8197

■ 14.1018, -9.5760,
9.8713

■ 107.0996,
-25.0505, 49.5104

■ 7.7514, -11.2411,
5.4260

■ 120.5984,
-26.6087, 53.0862

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 134.6211,

-28.1618, 56.5627

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.1487,
-29.7122, 59.9529

0.0000, NaN, NaN

48.3170, -17.0215,
29.4747

48.3170, -17.0215,
29.4747

48.3180, -17.0235,
29.4753

48.4477, -16.4689,
29.0560

48.5991, -15.7926,
28.3288

48.7831, -14.9330,
27.1348

49.0033, -13.8716,
25.4241

49.2627, -12.5947,
23.1586

■ 49.5633, -11.0922,
20.3097

■ 49.9073, -9.3572,
16.8571

■ 50.2960, -7.3859,
12.7876

■ 50.7307, -5.1767,
8.0948

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.3181, 8.2219, 29.8103



48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747



48.3181, -34.2984, 24.8062

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.3181, -17.0230, 29.4750



48.3181, -31.5968, -47.4782



48.3181, 56.4192, -8.2995

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747



14.0430, 37.5283, -95.4479

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.3181, 40.2746, -41.0298



48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747



48.3181, -12.5105, -70.4453

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.3181, -17.0230, 29.4750



48.3181, -41.4105, -14.4131



48.3181, 13.7865, -67.6082



48.3181, 54.4955, 15.0956

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747



48.3181, -40.6283, 17.2277



48.3181, 13.7865, -67.6082



48.3181, 52.8059, -18.7030

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.3181, -17.0230, 29.4750



66.2340, -12.5810, 22.7002



24.1474, 38.6373, 15.5551



31.7097, -6.4650, 11.7526



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.3181, -17.0230, 29.4750



64.1279, -22.7049, 39.1178



44.3476, -32.7553, 26.7529



24.1320, -2.3659, 3.6438



45.5492, -16.0290, 27.7866



3.7523, -1.1568, 2.2919

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.0430, 37.5283, -95.4479



18.5587, 49.7693, -127.4394



19.1652, 42.6976, -64.2034



22.1618, -0.0263, -1.3420



13.2519, 35.3896, -89.8490



1.1832, 2.9708, -6.5579

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

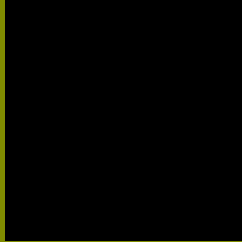
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747.

-17.0215, 29.4747.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747

Protanopia

48.2277, -6.8021, 29.5986

Deuteranopia

48.1654, 2.9933, 28.7339



Tritanopia

48.2307, 1.4494, -0.7552

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747

Protanomaly

48.3313, -10.8641, 29.5913

Deuteranomaly

47.9994, -4.6420, 28.9375

Tritanomaly

47.7910, -8.3372, 17.5774

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747

Achromatopsia

43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547

Achromatomaly

44.6223, -9.8359, 18.2389

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 140, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 140, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 140, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 140, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 140, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 140, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 140, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 140, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 140, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 140,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.3170, -17.0215, 29.4747 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 140, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
140, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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