

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.1521, 0.2173,
-0.2569)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.1521, 0.2173, -0.2569)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.3021, 0.2084,
-0.2155)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	88838B
RGB	136, 131, 139
RGB Percent	53%, 51%, 55%
CMY	0.4667, 0.4863, 0.4549
CMYK	0.02, 0.06, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	277°, 3%, 53%
HSV	277°, 6%, 55%
XYZ	22.9299, 23.3309, 27.7209
YIQ	133.4070, 0.4120, 3.5480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

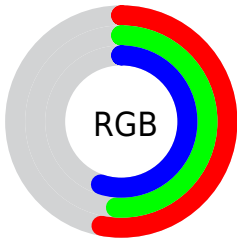
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 131, 139
Decimal	8946571
CIE Lab	55.41, 3.45, -3.63
CIE LCh	55, 5.012, 313.513
Yxy	23.3319, 0.3099, 0.3154
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287136651 (0xFF88838B)
YUV	133.4070, 2.7573, 2.2741
Hunter-Lab	48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155

Details

The HunterLab color $48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $50.1726, -5.3991, 5.4455$, and the grayscale version is $48.5816, -2.5922, 2.6395$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69.9325, -0.7797, 0.7985$, and $29.5538, 0.5749, -0.7397$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44.0671, 5.3566, -5.6169$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52.6944, -4.8458, 4.9013$.

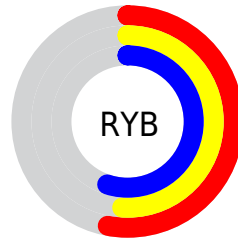
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (51%)

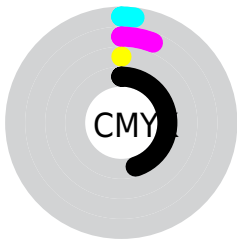
Blue (55%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (55%)

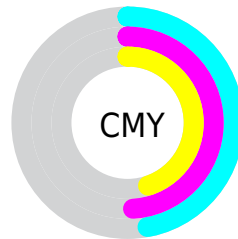


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.3021, 0.2084,
-0.2155

■ 48.3021, 0.2084,
-0.2155

■ 164.1418, -4.6027,
4.7283

■ 38.5212, 0.5319,
-0.5531

■ 69.9555, -0.5907,
0.6108

■ 29.5065, 0.7992,
-0.8345

■ 81.7431, -1.0555,
1.0897

■ 21.3310, 1.0004,
-1.0508

■ 94.1271, -1.5600,
1.6085

■ 14.0919, 1.1223,
-1.1902

■ 107.0801, -2.1017,
2.1649

■ 7.7409, 1.5291,
-1.5250

■ 120.5781, -2.6785,
2.7567

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 134.6000, -3.2886,

3.3823

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.1269, -3.9305,
4.0399

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.3021, 0.2084,
-0.2155

■ 48.3021, 0.2084,
-0.2155

■ 44.0671, 5.3566,
-5.6169

■ 52.6944, -4.8458,
4.9013

■ 40.0103, 10.6076,
-11.3569

■ 57.2217, -9.8140,
9.7786

■ 36.1637, 15.9515,
-17.4838

■ 61.8698, -14.7107,
14.4584

■ 32.5664, 21.3501,
-24.0295

■ 66.6263, -19.5488,
18.9757

■ 29.2678, 26.7107,
-30.9803

■ 71.4810, -24.3403,
23.3596

■ 26.3282, 31.8489,
-38.2265

■ 76.4255, -29.0955,
27.6339

■ 23.8165, 36.4504,
-45.4949

■ 81.4529, -33.8233,
31.8186

■ 21.8000, 40.0675,
-52.2988

■ 86.5570, -38.5313,
35.9298

■ 20.2971, 42.3209,
-58.1044

■ 91.3469, -42.7453,
39.6849

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.3031, -1.6410, -1.2218



48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155



48.3031, 1.3188, 1.5360

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.3031, 0.2073, -0.2147



48.3031, -1.4386, 6.1400



48.3031, -6.4108, 1.7310

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155



50.1726, -5.3991, 5.4455

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.3031, -6.3588, 3.6975



48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155



48.3031, -3.5117, 6.1872

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.3031, 0.2073, -0.2147



48.3031, 0.3576, 5.1783



48.3031, -5.3053, 5.3102



48.3031, -5.4488, -0.0668

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155



48.3031, 1.4809, 2.8620



48.3031, -5.3053, 5.3102



48.3031, -6.5109, 2.3953

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.3031, 0.2073, -0.2147



66.7972, -2.2458, 2.2940



48.7432, -2.7011, 0.2763



32.1018, -1.1215, 1.1453



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.3031, 0.2073, -0.2147



63.8337, 1.2330, -1.2737



48.5381, 0.9532, 0.5231



22.8177, 0.4817, -0.4977



18.7484, 41.0807, -57.4453



1.7816, 3.6784, -3.7115

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.4189, 0.3078, 2.2212



64.0285, 1.4019, 2.8079



49.9553, -6.1177, 4.7932



22.8892, 0.5436, 0.9984



22.7642, 39.9862, 6.9441



1.9262, 3.5163, -0.4425

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

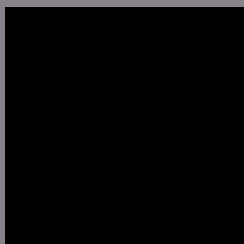
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155.

-0.2155.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155

Protanopia

48.3555, -0.9830, -0.6422

Deuteranopia

48.2860, 2.9854, -0.1867



Tritanopia

48.3631, 0.5391, -1.0821

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155

Protanomaly

48.4400, -0.6921, -0.5320

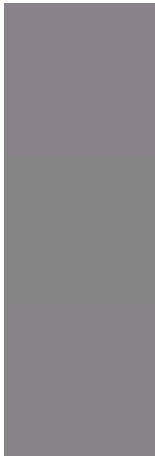
Deuteranomaly

48.3785, 1.8897, -0.0916

Tritanomaly

48.3325, 0.3731, -0.6471

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155

Achromatopsia

48.4304, -2.5841, 2.6313

Achromatomaly

48.2909, -1.5041, 1.5878

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 131, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 131, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 131, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 131, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

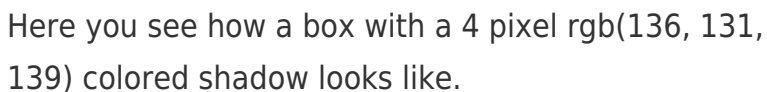
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 131, 139) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 131, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 131, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 131, 139); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 131, 139); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 131, 139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.3021, 0.2084, -0.2155 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 131, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
131, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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