

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.2590, 1.4518,
5.5863)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.2590, 1.4518, 5.5863)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.1001, 1.6152,
5.3367)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	90817E
RGB	144, 129, 126
RGB Percent	56%, 51%, 49%
CMY	0.4353, 0.4941, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.12, 0.44
HSL	10°, 7%, 53%
HSV	10°, 12%, 56%
XYZ	23.1178, 23.1362, 22.9860
YIQ	133.1430, 9.9030, 2.2470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

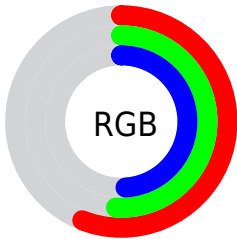
Format	Color
RYB	144, 130, 126
Decimal	9470334
CIELab	55.21, 5.16, 3.69
CIELCh	55, 6.344, 35.612
Yxy	23.1372, 0.3339, 0.3341
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287660414 (0xFF90817E)
YUV	133.1430, -3.5215, 9.5216
Hunter-Lab	48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367

Details

The HunterLab color $48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $50.4961, -6.4885, 0.0209$, and the grayscale version is $48.4986, -2.5878, 2.6350$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69.7971, 1.0031, 6.7985$, and $29.3263, 1.7697, 3.9067$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44.5132, 5.3751, 7.2598$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51.8506, -1.9541, 3.3675$.

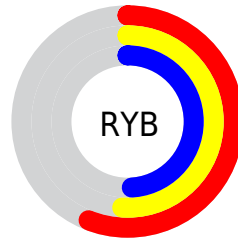
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (51%)

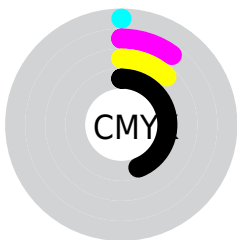
Blue (49%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (49%)

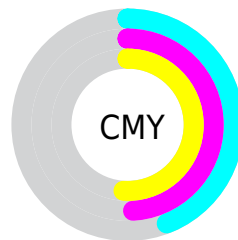


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.1001, 1.6152,
5.3367

■ 48.1001, 1.6152,
5.3367

163.8380, -2.5156,
13.0792

■ 38.3339, 1.8413,
4.5952

■ 69.7270, 0.9925,
6.8934

■ 29.3352, 2.0036,
3.8755

■ 81.5023, 0.6090,
7.7074

■ 21.1773, 2.0899,
3.1759

■ 93.8747, 0.1820,
8.5452

■ 13.9580, 2.0835,
2.4908

106.8167, -0.2854,
9.4066

■ 7.5971, 2.5524,
2.4290

120.3041, -0.7909,
10.2910

0.0000, NaN, NaN

134.3157, -1.3323,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

11.1982

0.0000, NaN, NaN

148.8327, -1.9077,
12.1278

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.1001, 1.6152,
5.3367

■ 48.1001, 1.6152,
5.3367

■ 44.5132, 5.3751,
7.2598

■ 51.8506, -1.9541,
3.3675

■ 41.1107, 9.3422,
9.1147

■ 55.7418, -5.3468,
1.3631

■ 37.9226, 13.5152,
10.8727

■ 59.7585, -8.5843,
-0.6675

■ 34.9832, 17.8708,
12.4917

■ 63.8872, -11.6859,
-2.7188

■ 32.3322, 22.3476,
13.9141

■ 68.1167, -14.6697,
-4.7873

■ 30.0129, 26.8278,
15.0677

■ 72.4377, -17.5516,
-6.8710

■ 28.0688, 31.1250,
15.8740

■ 76.8423, -20.3458,
-8.9686

■ 26.5366, 34.9887,
16.2703

■ 81.3238, -23.0646,
-11.0794

■ 25.6584, 37.3884,
16.4651

■ 85.8539, -25.8478,
-12.8851

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.1012, 2.5706, 3.0866



48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367



48.1012, -0.4620, 6.7989

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.1012, 1.6138, 5.3375



48.1012, -7.0912, 4.5636



48.1012, -2.0733, -2.4223

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367



50.4961, -6.4885, 0.0209

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.1012, -4.6406, -1.9749



48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367



48.1012, -7.5017, 2.1452

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.1012, 1.6138, 5.3375



48.1012, -5.4800, 6.3692



48.1012, -6.6139, -0.2696



48.1012, 0.4127, -1.4614

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367



48.1012, -2.1814, 7.1743



48.1012, -6.6139, -0.2696



48.1012, -2.9557, -2.4322

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.1012, 1.6138, 5.3375



68.0598, -1.8616, 4.8897



47.7226, 5.3959, -1.8068



32.4245, -0.7363, 2.4291



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.1012, 1.6138, 5.3375



62.5205, 3.5190, 7.8126



50.6092, -2.6609, 8.0138



23.5807, 0.1940, 2.2401



23.9963, 34.7232, 15.3943



2.7761, 2.1895, 1.7490

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.4961, -6.4885, 0.0209



66.4018, -9.6212, -0.8057



47.9084, -2.2812, -3.1734



24.4240, -2.6572, 0.3684



36.7093, -14.4254, -14.7432



3.9387, -1.8578, -0.9124

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

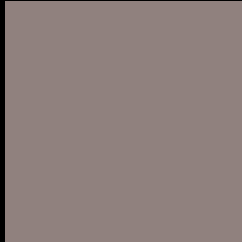
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

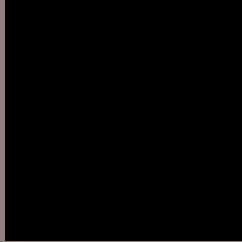
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.1001, 1.6152,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367

Protanopia

48.2380, -2.1368, 5.0077

Deuteranopia

48.1121, 3.0564, 5.3754



Tritanopia

48.0582, 4.8871, 0.5006

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367

Protanomaly

48.2223, -0.7529, 5.0141

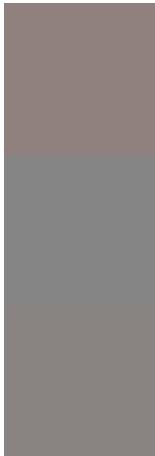
Deuteranomaly

48.0163, 2.7342, 5.2623

Tritanomaly

48.1160, 3.4585, 2.3659

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367

Achromatopsia

48.4304, -2.5841, 2.6313

Achromatomaly

48.4072, -1.3868, 3.9370

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 129, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 129, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 129, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 129, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 129, 126) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 129, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 129, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 129, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 129, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 129,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.1001, 1.6152, 5.3367 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 129, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
129, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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