

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.2939, -25.4292,
-5.0267)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.2939, -25.4292,
-5.0267) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.3287,
-25.4419, -5.0369)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	069494
RGB	6, 148, 148
RGB Percent	2%, 58%, 58%
CMY	0.9764, 0.4196, 0.4196
CMYK	0.96, 0.00, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	180°, 92%, 30%
HSV	180°, 96%, 58%
XYZ	16.0103, 23.3566, 31.6814
YIQ	105.5420, -84.6320, -30.1040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

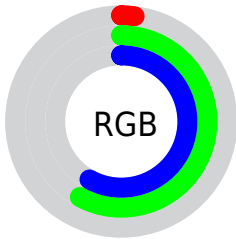
Format	Color
RYB	6, 77, 148
Decimal	431252
CIELab	55.44, -31.78, -9.36
CIELCh	55, 33.134, 196.408
Yxy	23.3575, 0.2253, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278621332 (0xFF069494)
YUV	105.5420, 20.9318, -87.2983
Hunter-Lab	48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369

Details

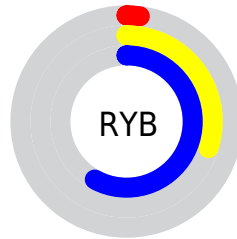
The HunterLab color **48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **25.3772, 42.1874, 15.9718**, and the grayscale version is **37.7396, -2.0137, 2.0505**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.1069, -30.4337, -4.5890**, and **30.6797, -16.2649, -3.2357** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.2894, -25.6010, -5.0924**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.4522, -24.9583, -4.8653**.

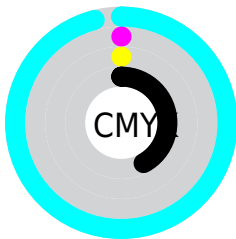
Distribution



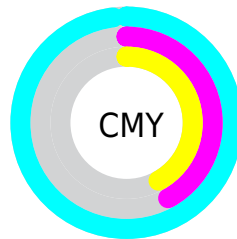
- Red (2%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.3287, -25.4419,
-5.0369

■ 48.3287, -25.4419,
-5.0369

164.1816,
-45.2223, -2.1191

■ 38.5457, -22.8929,
-5.0980

■ 69.9855, -30.2103,
-4.7247

■ 29.5289, -20.1819,
-5.0876

■ 81.7746, -32.4782,
-4.4861

■ 21.3512, -17.2417,
-4.9957

■ 94.1601, -34.6900,
-4.1980

■ 14.1094, -13.9559,
-4.8121

■ 107.1146,
-36.8569, -3.8638

■ 7.7595, -13.5791,
-4.9057

■ 120.6140,
-38.9875, -3.4865

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 134.6373,

-41.0884, -3.0686

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.1655,
-43.1652, -2.6121

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.3287, -25.4419,
-5.0369

■ 48.3287, -25.4419,
-5.0369

■ 48.2894, -25.6010,
-5.0924

■ 48.4522, -24.9583,
-4.8653

■ 48.6692, -24.1051,
-4.5638

■ 48.9975, -22.8231,
-4.1105

■ 49.4470, -21.0829,
-3.4949

■ 50.0251, -18.8707,
-2.7118

■ 50.7367, -16.1861,
-1.7607

■ 51.5844, -13.0402,
-0.6452

■ 52.5694, -9.4541,
0.6278

■ 53.6907, -5.4561,
2.0487

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.3296, -25.7123, 8.1818



48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369



48.3296, -19.5117, -19.3902

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.3296, -25.4419, -5.0362



48.3296, 18.1226, -18.1505



48.3296, 3.7976, 21.2634

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369



25.3772, 42.1874, 15.9718

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.3296, 17.0574, 17.5451



48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369



48.3296, 25.9316, -3.6685

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.3296, -25.4419, -5.0362



48.3296, 5.1253, -28.2927



48.3296, 25.5212, 9.2167



48.3296, -9.8335, 21.0879

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369



48.3296, -12.7252, -26.6006



48.3296, 25.5212, 9.2167



48.3296, 8.4749, 20.4846

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.3296, -25.4419, -5.0362



68.0880, -18.9151, -1.4223



46.0954, -39.1228, 27.4964



32.3240, -9.8081, -0.9528



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.3296, -25.4419, -5.0362



64.1430, -34.0059, -6.7643



27.9710, 3.6621, -42.0898



25.6169, -3.2711, 0.7536



44.6288, -23.6602, -4.7064



4.9374, -2.6176, -0.5207

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.3772, 42.1874, 15.9718



33.3299, 57.0785, 21.5369



33.6058, 19.4731, 20.7436



24.1151, 0.7361, 1.9882



23.1899, 39.7134, 14.9847



2.5656, 4.3936, 1.6577

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

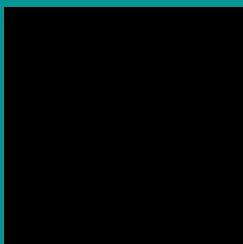
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

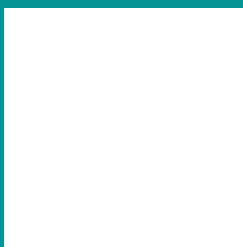
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369.



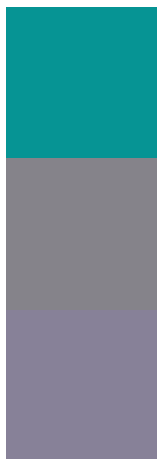
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.3287,

-25.4419, -5.0369.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369

Protanopia

48.0147, -0.8382, -0.1194

Deuteranopia

48.0816, 3.1345, -6.9480



Tritanopia

48.2280, -21.8402, -10.4318

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369

Protanomaly

46.7660, -14.0579, -3.8737

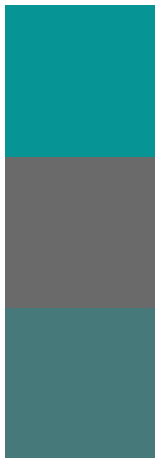
Deuteranomaly

46.8160, -11.7170, -8.4365

Tritanomaly

48.3104, -23.4488, -8.1618

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369

Achromatopsia

37.9643, -2.0257, 2.0627

Achromatomaly

40.4442, -14.2213, -1.8456

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(6, 148, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(6, 148, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(6, 148, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(6, 148, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(6, 148, 148) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(6, 148, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(6, 148, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(6, 148, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 148, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 148,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.3287, -25.4419, -5.0369 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(6, 148, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(6, 148,  
148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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