

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.3216, 86.8111,  
-1.7257)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(48.3216, 86.8111,  
-1.7257) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(48.3195, 86.7485,  
-1.5771)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FF0291
RGB	255, 2, 145
RGB Percent	100%, 1%, 57%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9919, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.43, 0.00
HSL	326°, 100%, 50%
HSV	326°, 99%, 100%
XYZ	46.3725, 23.3477, 28.8505
YIQ	93.9490, 104.8850, 98.1090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

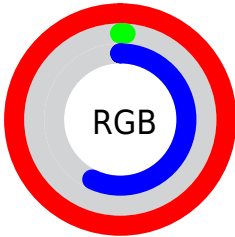
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 2, 145
Decimal	16712337
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.43, 85.73, -5.30
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 85.898, 356.460
Yxy	23.3491, 0.4704, 0.2369
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294902417 (0xFFFF0291)
YUV	93.9490, 25.1681, 141.2417
Hunter-Lab	48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771

# Details

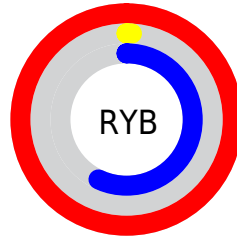
The HunterLab color **48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0099**. The color can be described as middle saturated rose. A complement of this color would be **85.2669, -68.1724, 40.6757**, and the grayscale version is **33.3327, -1.7786, 1.8110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.8990, 67.2548, -16.9209**, and **34.6882, 61.7863, 3.9514** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.2460, 86.8027, -1.2276**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.4705, 85.3699, -5.7655**.

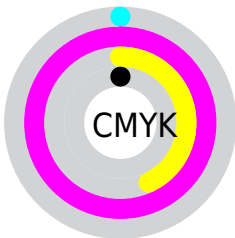
# Distribution



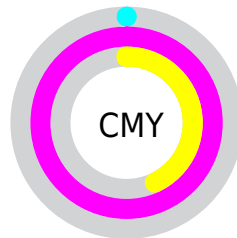
- Red (100%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



48.3195, 86.7485,  
-1.5771

48.3195, 86.7485,  
-1.5771

164.1685,  
107.3917, 2.7620

38.5376, 84.2345,  
-1.8296

69.9757, 91.8214,  
-0.9053

29.5216, 81.9056,  
-2.0210

81.7642, 94.2903,  
-0.4984

21.3446, 80.0635,  
-2.1406

94.1493, 96.6846,  
-0.0485

14.1037, 79.4877,  
-2.1755

107.1033, 98.9963,  
0.4416

7.7534, 85.3332,  
-2.4230

120.6022,  
101.2225, 0.9696

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, INF, NaN

134.6251,

103.3628, 1.5335

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.1528,  
105.4185, 2.1314

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.3195, 86.7485,  
-1.5771

■ 48.3195, 86.7485,  
-1.5771

■ 48.2460, 86.8027,  
-1.2276

■ 49.4705, 85.3699,  
-5.7655

■ 51.5836, 81.0452,  
-8.9169

■ 54.7853, 73.7704,  
-10.6864

■ 59.0450, 64.2155,  
-11.0419

■ 64.2654, 53.1950,  
-10.1358

■ 70.3235, 41.4070,  
-8.1998

■ 77.0961, 29.3387,  
-5.4665

■ 84.4733, 17.2831,  
-2.1319

■ 92.3626, 5.3921,  
1.6530

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.3209, 68.9402, -49.1160



48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771



48.3209, 75.4659, 23.6117

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.3209, 86.7434, -1.5755



48.3209, -29.5112, 32.1718



48.3209, -34.9482, -89.5307

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771



85.2669, -68.1724, 40.6757

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.3209, -49.9432, -36.4285



48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771



48.3209, -47.5037, 26.5814

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.3209, 86.7434, -1.5755



48.3209, 1.7287, 32.9809



48.3209, -53.7653, 6.4889



48.3209, -6.7445, -118.3925



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771



48.3209, 54.3507, 30.0548



48.3209, -53.7653, 6.4889



48.3209, -41.3450, -72.6394

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.3209, 86.7434, -1.5755



76.5243, 30.3177, -5.7123



32.6923, 77.7184, -150.0727



34.0556, 16.3852, -3.2045

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.3209, 86.7434, -1.5755



48.2460, 86.8028, -1.2276



46.2077, 78.9842, 29.0695



42.6135, 2.6657, 0.7072



34.9187, 62.9046, -1.5079



10.9962, 19.9910, -1.8847



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.3209, 86.7434, -1.5755



48.2460, 86.8028, -1.2276



88.1557, -50.5233, -1.0372



42.6135, 2.6657, 0.7072



34.9187, 62.9046, -1.5079



10.9962, 19.9910, -1.8847



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

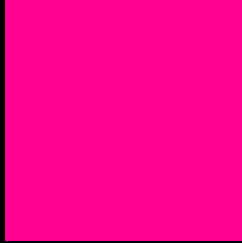
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771.

-1.5771.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771

### Protanopia

49.1129, 7.0236, -41.6541

### Deuteranopia

48.8769, 3.2767, 2.8157



## Tritanopia

48.5448, 68.2930, 26.0552

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771



## Protanomaly

41.8012, 40.0201, -38.6439



## Deuteranomaly

42.9658, 40.8458, -5.9898



## Tritanomaly

47.7041, 76.1137, 18.7054

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771



## Achromatopsia

33.4563, -1.7851, 1.8177



## Achromatomaly

33.6185, 35.6050, -6.2136

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 2, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 2, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 2, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 2, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 2, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 2, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 2, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 2, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 2, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 2,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.3195, 86.7485, -1.5771 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 2, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 2,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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