

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.3422, -19.0475,  
1.5194)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(48.3422, -19.0475,  
1.5194) contains.

|   |    |
|---|----|
| <b>HunterLab(48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884)</b> ..... | 3  |
| <i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....                   | 4  |
| <i><b>Details</b></i> .....                       | 6  |
| <i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....                     | 12 |
| <i><b>Previews</b></i> .....                      | 24 |
| <i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....    | 28 |
| <i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....                  | 31 |

# Color

**HunterLab(48.4661,  
-19.1623, 1.4884)**

# Conversions

| Conversions Part 1 |                              |
|--------------------|------------------------------|
| Format             | Color                        |
| Hex                | 529087                       |
| RGB                | 82, 144, 135                 |
| RGB Percent        | 32%, 56%, 53%                |
| CMY                | 0.6784, 0.4353, 0.4706       |
| CMYK               | 0.43, 0.00, 0.06, 0.44       |
| HSL                | 171°, 27%, 44%               |
| HSV                | 171°, 43%, 56%               |
| XYZ                | 17.8261, 23.4896, 26.5161    |
| YIQ                | 124.4360, -34.0630, -15.9430 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

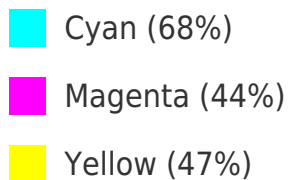
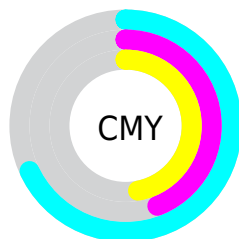
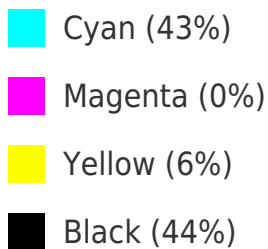
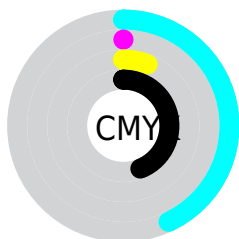
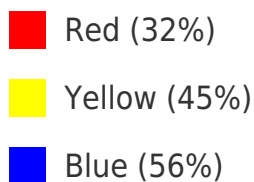
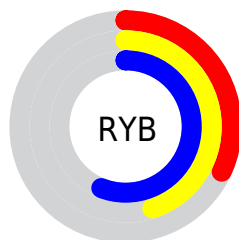
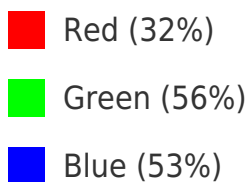
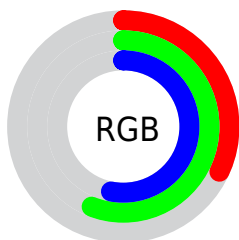
| Format                              | Color                                      |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">82, 115, 144</a>               |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">5410951</a>                    |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">55.57, -22.30, -1.49</a>       |
| CIELCh                              | <a href="#">56, 22.351, 183.829</a>        |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">23.4906, 0.2628, 0.3463</a>    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4283601031</a><br>(0xFF529087) |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">124.4360, 5.2081, -37.2164</a> |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884</a>  |

# Details

The HunterLab color **48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **35.6650, 19.7071, 5.8662**, and the grayscale version is **45.0560, -2.4041, 2.4480**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.1213, -22.7650, 2.5819**, and **29.5490, -15.2670, 0.6962** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.8048, -21.8343, 1.5936**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.2593, -16.0422, 1.5447**.

# Distribution





# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 48.4661, -19.1623,  
1.4884


 48.4661, -19.1623,  
1.4884


164.3882,  
-34.7237, 7.2331


 38.6732, -17.2543,  
1.0372


 70.1410, -22.7984,  
2.5216


 29.6456, -15.2527,  
0.6337


 81.9384, -24.5557,  
3.0960


 21.4559, -13.1153,  
0.2845

 94.3318, -26.2860,  
3.7062

 14.2007, -10.7675,  
-0.0020

 107.2938,  
-27.9961, 4.3500

 7.8555, -12.7901,  
-0.3600

 120.8004,  
-29.6912, 5.0260

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


134.8307,


-31.3754, 5.7326


0.0000, NaN, NaN


149.3655,  
-33.0520, 6.4687


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 48.4661, -19.1623,  
1.4884


 48.4661, -19.1623,  
1.4884


 47.8048, -21.8343,  
1.5936


 49.2593, -16.0422,  
1.5447


 47.2689, -24.0487,  
1.8527


 50.1831, -12.4910,  
1.7625

 46.8536, -25.8103,  
2.2569


 51.2385, -8.5356,  
2.1409

 46.5503, -27.1382,  
2.7925


 52.4239, -4.2084,  
2.6757


 46.3476, -28.0690,  
3.4413


 53.7365, 0.4547,  
3.3604

 46.2382, -28.5895,  
3.9228

 55.1727, 5.4166,  
4.1866

 56.7282, 10.6400,  
5.1451

 58.3981, 16.0892,  
6.2258

 60.1770, 21.7312,  
7.4184

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.4671, -17.6081, 9.5535



48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884



48.4671, -16.5594, -7.8131

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.4671, -19.1628, 1.4891



48.4671, 7.7677, -13.7161



48.4671, 5.5483, 15.5505

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884



35.6650, 19.7071, 5.8662

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.4671, 13.1690, 11.1807



48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884



48.4671, 14.5166, -5.4751

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.4671, -19.1628, 1.4891



48.4671, -1.3894, -17.5751



48.4671, 16.5635, 3.7599



48.4671, -3.7764, 16.7205



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884



48.4671, -12.6920, -13.1906



48.4671, 16.5635, 3.7599



48.4671, 8.4167, 14.4537

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.4671, -19.1628, 1.4891



68.0155, -11.4522, 2.8304



47.7453, -24.3311, 19.0810



32.4291, -6.0109, 1.2991



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.4671, -19.1628, 1.4891



63.4859, -29.0007, 2.1166



42.1914, -8.2127, -11.2257



24.7044, -3.2971, 1.1139



43.1507, -26.6601, 3.6169



4.2473, -2.4376, -0.0468



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.6650, 19.7071, 5.8662



43.1843, 33.3708, 9.4295



40.4718, 8.3231, 13.3891



23.3153, 0.8372, 1.5492



22.8309, 39.3140, 13.0834



2.2759, 4.0046, 0.6417



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

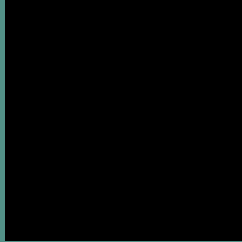
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884.

-19.1623, 1.4884.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884

### Protanopia

48.2652, -1.9883, 4.6191

### Deuteranopia



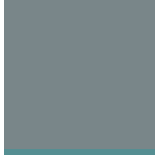

48.3478, 3.1330, 0.3600






## Tritanopia

48.3486, -13.7060, -7.4048

# Trichromacy

|   |  |
|---|--|
|  | <b>Original Color</b><br>48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884 |
|  | <b>Protanomaly</b><br>47.9166, -8.9646, 2.7996     |
|  | <b>Deuteranomaly</b><br>47.8762, -5.7649, 0.0910   |
|  | <b>Tritanomaly</b><br>48.3245, -15.8356, -3.8647   |

# Monochromacy

|   |  |
|---|--|
|   | <b>Original Color</b><br>48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884 |
|  | <b>Achromatopsia</b><br>44.8950, -2.3955, 2.4392   |
|  | <b>Achromatomaly</b><br>45.8719, -8.9907, 1.7129   |

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 144, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 144, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 144, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 144, 135) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 144, 135) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 144, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 144, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 144, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 144, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 144,  
135) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.4661, -19.1623, 1.4884 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 144, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 144,  
135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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