

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.3481, 1.4128,
13.7538)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.3481, 1.4128,
13.7538) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.3481, 1.4059,
13.7558)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	988168
RGB	152, 129, 104
RGB Percent	60%, 51%, 41%
CMY	0.4039, 0.4941, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.32, 0.40
HSL	31°, 19%, 50%
HSV	31°, 32%, 60%
XYZ	23.2978, 23.3754, 16.3807
YIQ	133.0270, 21.7330, -2.8990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

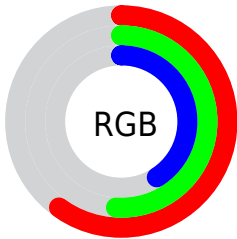
Format	Color
RYB	148, 152, 104
Decimal	9994600
CIELab	55.46, 4.91, 16.83
CIElCh	55, 17.534, 73.735
Yxy	23.3765, 0.3695, 0.3707
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288184680 (0xFF988168)
YUV	133.0270, -14.3103, 16.6393
Hunter-Lab	48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558

Details

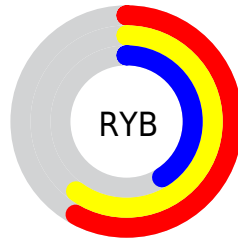
The HunterLab color $48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $45.1533, -4.0435, -11.2538$, and the grayscale version is $48.4907, -2.5873, 2.6346$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70.0627, 0.6398, 16.9413$, and $29.5670, 1.7633, 10.4877$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.0914, 3.2591, 16.3570$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50.6964, -0.2181, 10.7497$.

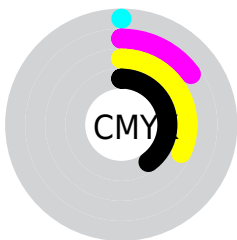
Distribution



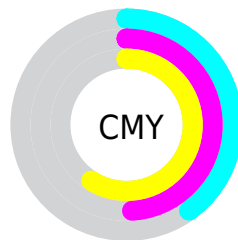
- Red (60%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.3481, 1.4059,
13.7558

■ 48.3481, 1.4059,
13.7558

164.2111, -2.8311,
27.0288

■ 38.5639, 1.6469,
12.1783

■ 70.0077, 0.7553,
16.7936

■ 29.5456, 1.8258,
10.5349

■ 81.7980, 0.3591,
18.2763

■ 21.3661, 1.9303,
8.7927

■ 94.1846, -0.0799,
19.7452

■ 14.1224, 1.9445,
7.0035

■ 107.1402, -0.5589,
21.2057

■ 7.7733, 2.3378,
5.4413

120.6406, -1.0754,
22.6615

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

134.6649, -1.6275,

24.1158

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.1940, -2.2132,
25.5710

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.3481, 1.4059,
13.7558

■ 48.3481, 1.4059,
13.7558

■ 46.0914, 3.2591,
16.3570

■ 50.6964, -0.2181,
10.7497

■ 43.9300, 5.3574,
18.5143

■ 53.1262, -1.6210,
7.3726

■ 41.8726, 7.7057,
20.1925

■ 55.6326, -2.8186,
3.6592

■ 39.9270, 10.3039,
21.3605

■ 58.2099, -3.8258,
-0.3596

■ 38.1007, 13.1425,
21.9978

■ 60.8532, -4.6568,
-4.6555

■ 36.4004, 16.1980,
22.1040

■ 63.5578, -5.3255,
-9.2034

■ 35.0613, 18.8664,
21.9349

■ 66.3197, -5.8447,
-13.9809

■ 69.1351, -6.2266,
-18.9679

■ 72.0006, -6.4823,
-24.1470

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.3492, 7.9618, 10.9678



48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558



48.3492, -5.8637, 13.8698

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.3492, 1.4042, 13.7565



48.3492, -15.4520, -0.6403



48.3492, 7.4883, -8.0212

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558



45.1533, -4.0435, -11.2538

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.3492, 0.7888, -12.1855



48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558



48.3492, -12.2938, -7.5170

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.3492, 1.4042, 13.7565



48.3492, -15.3090, 6.2175



48.3492, -6.4438, -11.9884



48.3492, 11.6141, -1.2515

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558



48.3492, -10.1188, 12.4542



48.3492, -6.4438, -11.9884



48.3492, 5.4459, -9.8139

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.3492, 1.4042, 13.7565



71.3731, -2.5601, 8.6486



42.5603, 16.7115, -1.5488



33.8138, -1.1122, 4.4328



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.3492, 1.4042, 13.7565



62.0746, 3.5980, 20.8082



54.8220, -9.5677, 19.4491



25.9389, -0.9273, 3.1537



32.2020, 17.0577, 20.1414



4.7734, 0.4121, 2.9486

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.1533, -4.0435, -11.2538



56.9192, -5.1152, -19.6339



38.9347, 7.1449, -21.1198



25.4757, -1.7270, -0.4581



24.3684, 6.9515, -45.4648



4.0128, -0.9127, -3.0452

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

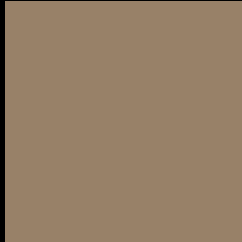
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

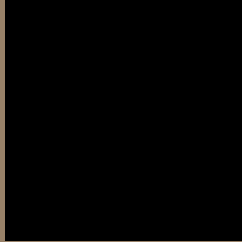
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558

Protanopia

48.4545, -3.8477, 13.1052

Deuteranopia

48.3801, 2.9073, 13.8125



Tritanopia

48.3291, 8.3295, 2.2565

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558

Protanomaly

48.5203, -2.2164, 13.5281

Deuteranomaly

48.2782, 2.5639, 13.7097

Tritanomaly

48.1890, 5.9117, 6.7417

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558

Achromatopsia

48.4304, -2.5841, 2.6313

Achromatomaly

48.4594, -1.6330, 7.3044

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 129, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 129, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 129, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 129, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 129, 104) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 129, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 129, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 129, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 129, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 129,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.3481, 1.4059, 13.7558 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 129, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
129, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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