

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.3548, -2.7788,
-12.8545)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.3548, -2.7788,
-12.8545) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.2410, -2.7390,
-12.9086)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7286A3
RGB	114, 134, 163
RGB Percent	45%, 53%, 64%
CMY	0.5529, 0.4745, 0.3608
CMYK	0.30, 0.18, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	216°, 21%, 54%
HSV	216°, 30%, 64%
XYZ	22.0754, 23.2719, 37.9787
YIQ	131.3260, -21.2290, 4.7790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

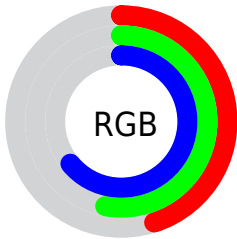
Format	Color
RYB	114, 128, 163
Decimal	7505571
CIELab	55.35, -0.20, -17.76
CIElCh	55, 17.766, 269.341
Yxy	23.2729, 0.2649, 0.2793
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285695651 (0xFF7286A3)
YUV	131.3260, 15.6153, -15.1949
Hunter-Lab	48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086

Details

The HunterLab color $48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $6699CC$. A complement of this color would be $53.5226, -0.4022, 15.3375$, and the grayscale version is $47.7168, -2.5460, 2.5925$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69.8699, -3.8304, -13.2993$, and $29.5545, -2.0011, -11.9936$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44.4176, -1.9054, -18.9163$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52.2059, -3.2026, -7.2396$.

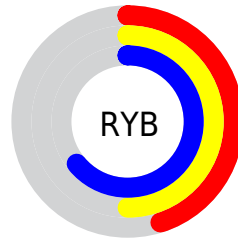
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (53%)

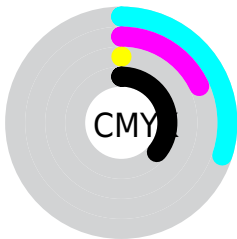
Blue (64%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (64%)

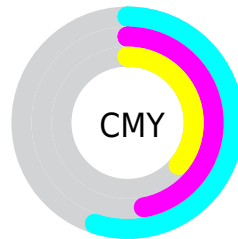


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.2410, -2.7390,
-12.9086

■ 48.2410, -2.7390,
-12.9086

■ 164.0498, -9.0071,
-12.6818

■ 38.4644, -2.2055,
-12.6354

■ 69.8863, -3.9171,
-13.2482

■ 29.4546, -1.7114,
-12.2924

■ 81.6702, -4.5563,
-13.3242

■ 21.2844, -1.2608,
-11.8840

■ 94.0506, -5.2269,
-13.3424

■ 14.0513, -0.8584,
-11.4394

■ 107.0003, -5.9275,
-13.3066

■ 7.6976, -0.5267,
-11.6556

■ 120.4951, -6.6569,
-13.2199

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

134.5139, -7.4139,

-13.0852

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.0378, -8.1976,
-12.9051

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.2410, -2.7390,
-12.9086

■ 48.2410, -2.7390,
-12.9086

■ 44.4176, -1.9054,
-18.9163

■ 52.2059, -3.2026,
-7.2396

■ 40.7514, -0.6338,
-25.3142

■ 56.2941, -3.3507,
-1.8653

■ 37.2660, 1.1512,
-32.1457

■ 60.4935, -3.2306,
3.2579

■ 33.9882, 3.5310,
-39.4405

■ 64.7936, -2.8811,
8.1677

■ 30.9489, 6.5818,
-47.1960

■ 69.1854, -2.3339,
12.8962

■ 28.1817, 10.3534,
-55.3530

■ 73.6613, -1.6154,
17.4711

■ 25.6973, 14.7016,
-63.8559

■ 78.2149, -0.7473,
21.9160

■ 82.8406, 0.2523,
26.2505

■ 86.9044, -0.7852,
29.8961

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.2420, -9.5982, -10.4821



48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086



48.2420, 4.5721, -10.6784

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.2420, -2.7396, -12.9077



48.2420, 10.4205, 8.7806



48.2420, -14.1815, 9.0118

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086



53.5226, -0.4022, 15.3375

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.2420, -9.3320, 12.9690



48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086



48.2420, 4.8710, 12.8503

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.2420, -2.7396, -12.9077



48.2420, 12.4410, 2.4706



48.2420, -2.4135, 14.2631



48.2420, -15.9559, 2.7807

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086



48.2420, 8.6615, -7.0182



48.2420, -2.4135, 14.2631



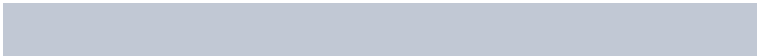
48.2420, -12.8718, 10.6157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.2420, -2.7396, -12.9077



75.8316, -4.4834, -1.8709



56.3408, -19.5062, 7.2018



35.5704, -2.1246, -1.3504



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.2420, -2.7396, -12.9077



61.1556, -2.9895, -22.5317



43.0547, 8.0337, -21.0462



27.0418, -1.6001, -0.6928



22.8408, 12.5358, -55.6102



4.4872, -0.4121, -4.7189

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.4145, 16.5545, 0.0781



58.4587, 28.1171, -0.3475



58.9679, -11.1210, 20.1338



26.7052, 1.3114, 0.9844



25.2404, 44.4896, 6.5070



3.7832, 6.9009, -0.8270

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

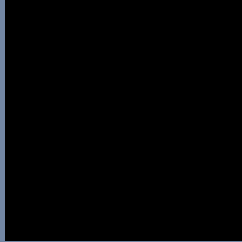
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

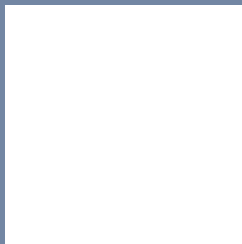
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086.

-12.9086.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086

Protanopia

48.2094, 1.3618, -11.7379

Deuteranopia

48.2833, 3.2574, -13.3195



Tritanopia

48.3828, -7.7603, -4.6556

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086

Protanomaly

48.2169, 0.0222, -12.3210

Deuteranomaly

48.1643, 1.4311, -13.5312

Tritanomaly

48.3249, -6.1281, -7.3049

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086

Achromatopsia

47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884

Achromatomaly

47.7971, -2.7302, -2.8305

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 134, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 134, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 134, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 134, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 134, 163) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 134, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 134, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 134, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 134, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 134,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.2410, -2.7390, -12.9086 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 134, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
134, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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