

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.3852, -14.4052,
-54.5438)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.3852, -14.4052,
-54.5438) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.4691, -6.3496,
-49.3750)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0091DD
RGB	0, 145, 221
RGB Percent	0%, 57%, 87%
CMY	0.9998, 0.4314, 0.1333
CMYK	1.00, 0.34, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	201°, 100%, 43%
HSV	201°, 100%, 87%
XYZ	23.1766, 25.4713, 72.1016
YIQ	110.3090, -110.8160, -7.1040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

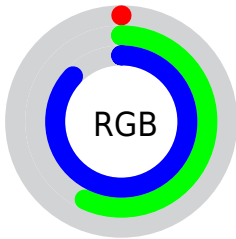
Format	Color
<code>RYB</code>	<code>0, 88, 221</code>
Decimal	<code>37341</code>
CIELab	<code>57.53, -4.57, -47.54</code>
CIELCh	<code>58, 47.764, 264.506</code>
Yxy	<code>25.4721, 0.1919, 0.2109</code>
Android (<code>android.graphics.Color</code>)	<code>4278227421 (0xFF0091DD)</code>
YUV	<code>110.3090, 54.5707, -96.7410</code>
Hunter-Lab	<code>50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750</code>

Details

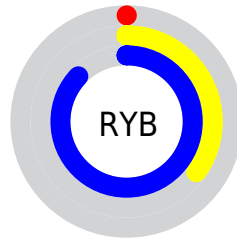
The HunterLab color **50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **45.3308, 48.2829, 28.7758**, and the grayscale version is **39.4408, -2.1045, 2.1429**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.3796, -14.7153, -34.8579**, and **33.0167, 1.0621, -43.5608** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.4638, -6.3408, -49.3873**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.9582, -9.3829, -44.1179**.

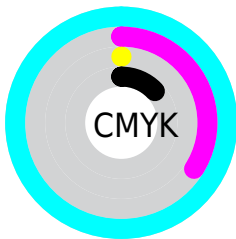
Distribution



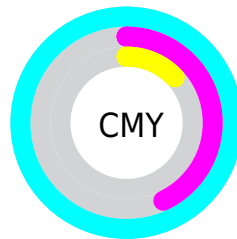
- Red (0%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.4691, -6.3496,
-49.3750

■ 50.4691, -6.3496,
-49.3750

167.3861,
-14.4317, -55.2896

■ 40.5329, -5.5528,
-48.7949

■ 72.4031, -8.0000,
-50.7870

■ 31.3502, -4.7746,
-48.4474

■ 84.3196, -8.8565,
-51.5194

■ 22.9897, -4.0107,
-48.5913

■ 96.8264, -9.7341,
-52.2359

■ 15.5422, -3.2546,
-49.8443

■ 109.8968,
-10.6325, -52.9243

■ 9.1318, -2.6699,
-54.0707

■ 123.5076,
-11.5516, -53.5772

0.0000, NaN, -NF

137.6381,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-12.4914, -54.1904

0.0000, NaN, -NF

152.2698,
-13.4515, -54.7616

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.4691, -6.3496,
-49.3750

■ 50.4691, -6.3496,
-49.3750

■ 50.4638, -6.3408,
-49.3873

■ 52.9582, -9.3829,
-44.1179

■ 55.6547, -11.7378,
-38.7868

■ 58.5877, -13.2930,
-33.3585

■ 61.7551, -14.0487,
-27.8694

■ 65.1480, -14.0385,
-22.3580

■ 68.7546, -13.3151,
-16.8573

■ 72.5612, -11.9399,
-11.3930

■ 76.5539, -9.9767,
-5.9831

■ 80.7191, -7.4872,
-0.6390

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.4699, -23.2630, -37.3720



50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750



50.4699, 14.3861, -43.5602

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.4699, -6.3488, -49.3739



50.4699, 37.5795, 15.7592



50.4699, -30.5047, 19.7925

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750



45.3308, 48.2829, 28.7758

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.4699, -17.7700, 26.0809



50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750



50.4699, 21.8050, 24.4731

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.4699, -6.3488, -49.3739



50.4699, 41.9074, -0.9072



50.4699, 1.0644, 27.3750



50.4699, -35.7381, 6.1473

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750



50.4699, 27.4080, -31.2042



50.4699, 1.0644, 27.3750



50.4699, -27.0662, 22.5856

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.4699, -6.3488, -49.3739



85.2111, -14.0938, -13.5683



72.2524, -59.5320, 38.2059



38.5307, -6.8758, -7.5380

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.4699, -6.3488, -49.3739



59.1292, -7.1116, -58.5544



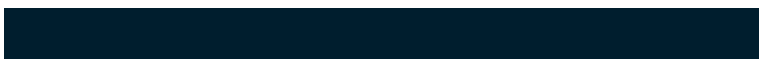
25.5666, 50.9768, -141.9926



37.4648, -3.3957, -0.1616



38.7454, -5.2814, -37.0273



10.6333, -2.5219, -7.8467

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.7347, 76.3629, -11.0034



49.0516, 89.7118, -12.5623



70.5173, -4.4430, 43.3733



36.3246, 2.3496, 0.2218



31.8422, 58.3285, -8.8641



8.2026, 15.1970, -3.6120

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

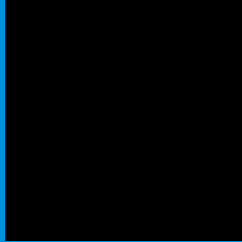
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750.

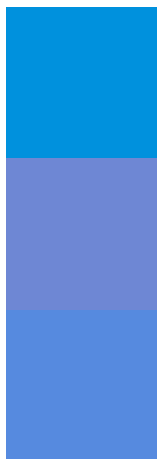


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750

Protanopia

50.3948, 7.3660, -42.0996

Deuteranopia

50.4808, 4.4627, -50.8105



Tritanopia

50.4607, -24.3071, -10.5993

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750

Protanomaly

49.6726, -0.5954, -46.1400

Deuteranomaly

50.1357, -1.2739, -50.8544

Tritanomaly

50.3145, -18.2911, -23.4034

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750

Achromatopsia

39.4875, -2.1070, 2.1454

Achromatomaly

42.0357, -9.3836, -14.9599

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 145, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 145, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 145, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 145, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 145, 221) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 145, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 145, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 145, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 145, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 145,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.4691, -6.3496, -49.3750 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 145, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 145,  
221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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