

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.3975, -8.3721,
-119.3519)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.3975, -8.3721,
-119.3519) contains.

HunterLab(52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(52.9976, 3.1896,
-73.1278)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0093FF
RGB	0, 147, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 58%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.4235, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.42, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	205°, 100%, 50%
HSV	205°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	28.4837, 28.0875, 98.5279
YIQ	115.3590, -122.2800, 2.4240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	0, 93, 255
Decimal	37887
CIE Lab	59.97, 7.15, -62.47
CIE LCh	60, 62.876, 276.531
Yxy	28.0882, 0.1837, 0.1811
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278227967 (0xFF0093FF)
YUV	115.3590, 68.8430, -101.1698
Hunter-Lab	52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278

Details

The HunterLab color **52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **56.5697, 48.0794, 35.6974**, and the grayscale version is **41.3298, -2.2053, 2.2455**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.0925, -13.7859, -33.6252**, and **35.4691, 10.1598, -66.2653** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.9883, 3.2060, -73.1517**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.4101, -1.7035, -64.7079**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.9976, 3.1896,
-73.1278

■ 52.9976, 3.1896,
-73.1278

171.1398, -0.3449,
-79.9846

■ 42.8861, 3.3390,
-72.9231

■ 75.2498, 2.7181,
-74.3102

■ 33.5140, 3.4185,
-73.2626

■ 87.3127, 2.4046,
-75.0836

■ 24.9460, 3.4181,
-74.6198

■ 99.9591, 2.0452,
-75.9052

■ 17.2661, 3.3218,
-78.0662

■ 113.1632, 1.6430,
-76.7451

■ 10.5920, 3.1038,
-86.5471

■ 126.9024, 1.2008,
-77.5839

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

141.1566, 0.7208,

-78.4087

0.0000, NaN, -NF

155.9078, 0.2050,
-79.2108

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 52.9976, 3.1896,
-73.1278

■ 52.9976, 3.1896,
-73.1278

■ 52.9883, 3.2060,
-73.1517

■ 56.4101, -1.7035,
-64.7079

■ 60.1297, -5.6782,
-56.3343

■ 64.1757, -8.6186,
-48.0114

■ 68.5337, -10.5481,
-39.8017

■ 73.1830, -11.5327,
-31.7544

■ 78.1004, -11.6582,
-23.9006

■ 83.2631, -11.0156,
-16.2548

■ 88.6496, -9.6935,
-8.8191

■ 94.2404, -7.7732,
-1.5867

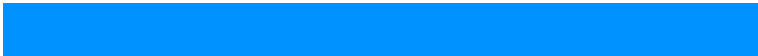
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.9983, -21.9211, -65.1341



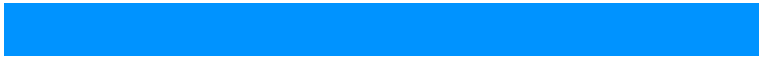
52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278



52.9983, 31.6602, -53.9421

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.9983, 3.1907, -73.1259



52.9983, 45.5409, 24.6321



52.9983, -42.4653, 18.9950

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278



56.5697, 48.0794, 35.6974

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.9983, -30.2733, 29.1686



52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278



52.9983, 19.4145, 31.1010

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.9983, 3.1907, -73.1259



52.9983, 59.0706, 8.1891



52.9983, -8.5947, 32.2022



52.9983, -45.0980, -3.0315

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278



52.9983, 47.6676, -32.1160



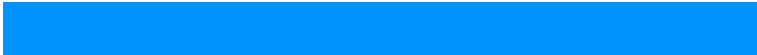
52.9983, -8.5947, 32.2022



52.9983, -39.4871, 23.4988

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.9983, 3.1907, -73.1259



83.2473, -11.0186, -16.2775



85.1864, -68.6591, 41.7430



37.4939, -5.2633, -9.0103

0.0000, NaN, NaN



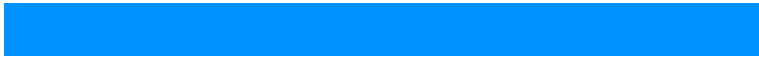
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.9983, 3.1907, -73.1259



52.9883, 3.2060, -73.1517



27.8723, 68.5807, -182.8741



43.7225, -3.5487, -0.5806



38.6955, 1.6243, -51.8723



12.9401, -0.9622, -14.0970

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.3407, 87.1339, -2.5438



48.3380, 87.1361, -2.5310



89.4244, -15.5801, 54.8287



42.6176, 2.6880, 0.6479



34.9850, 63.1449, -2.4469



11.0163, 20.0635, -2.1667

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

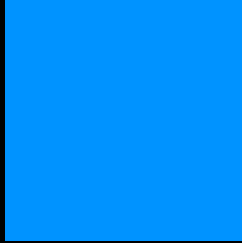
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

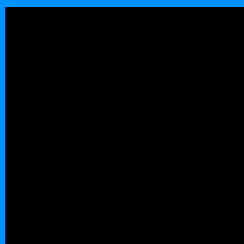
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

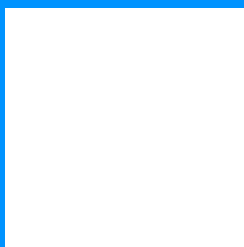
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278.

-73.1278.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278

Protanopia

52.9342, 12.3904, -66.6353

Deuteranopia

53.1309, 5.1355, -72.7462



Tritanopia

52.9923, -25.6328, -10.9019

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278

Protanomaly

52.5377, 7.1304, -70.4985

Deuteranomaly

52.9003, 4.3665, -73.3618

Tritanomaly

52.6374, -16.2152, -30.7881

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278

Achromatopsia

41.4054, -2.2093, 2.2496

Achromatomaly

43.9868, -7.0977, -21.6473

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 147, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 147, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 147, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 147, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 147, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 147, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 147, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 147, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 147, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 147,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.9976, 3.1896, -73.1278 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 147, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 147,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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