

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.4367, 89.4639,
-19.2020)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.4367, 89.4639,
-19.2020) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.4751, 89.5632,
-19.4369)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FA00B1
RGB	250, 0, 177
RGB Percent	98%, 0%, 69%
CMY	0.0196, 0.9998, 0.3059
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.29, 0.02
HSL	318°, 100%, 49%
HSV	318°, 100%, 98%
XYZ	47.3602, 23.4984, 43.6345
YIQ	94.9280, 92.1830, 108.0470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

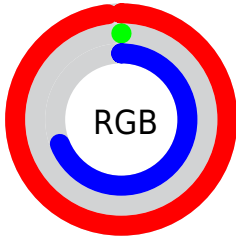
Format	Color
R_{YB}	250, 0, 177
Decimal	16384177
CIE _{Lab}	55.58, 87.85, -24.03
CIE _{LCh}	56, 91.077, 344.699
Yxy	23.4996, 0.4136, 0.2052
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294574257 (0xFFFA00B1)
YUV	94.9280, 40.4615, 135.9981
Hunter-Lab	48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369

Details

The HunterLab color **48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33CC**. The color can be described as middle saturated rose. A complement of this color would be **82.9781, -69.0797, 45.4103**, and the grayscale version is **33.6437, -1.7951, 1.8279**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.3743, 73.5172, -37.2169**, and **34.8520, 63.8604, -9.8461** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.4745, 89.5609, -19.4275**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.4926, 88.1522, -22.4830**.

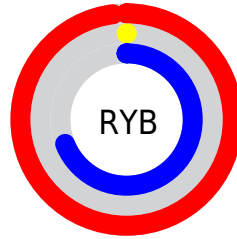
Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (0%)

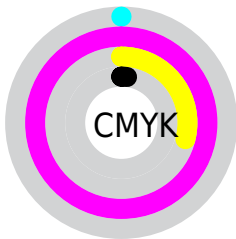
Blue (69%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (69%)

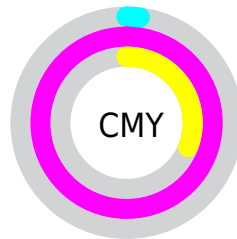


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

48.4751, 89.5632,
-19.4369

48.4751, 89.5632,
-19.4369

164.4023,
110.6348, -20.9568

38.6819, 87.0341,
-18.9798

70.1516, 94.7062,
-20.1680

29.6536, 84.7139,
-18.4773

81.9495, 97.2200,
-20.4436

21.4631, 82.9247,
-17.9591

94.3435, 99.6629,
-20.6608

14.2069, 82.4912,
-17.5189

107.3060,
102.0256, -20.8219

7.8620, 88.4076,
-18.0776

120.8132,
104.3042, -20.9297

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, INF, NaN

134.8438,

106.4979, -20.9865

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.3792,
108.6075, -20.9948

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.4751, 89.5632,
-19.4369

■ 48.4751, 89.5632,
-19.4369

■ 48.4745, 89.5609,
-19.4275

■ 49.4926, 88.1522,
-22.4830

■ 51.3794, 83.9263,
-24.1530

■ 54.2984, 76.7186,
-24.1357

■ 58.2372, 67.1313,
-22.5218

■ 63.1156, 55.9564,
-19.5826

■ 68.8226, 43.9079,
-15.6408

■ 75.2423, 31.5065,
-10.9861

■ 82.2687, 19.0784,
-5.8426

■ 89.8107, 6.8013,
-0.3696

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.4764, 60.0109, -76.9551



48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369



48.4764, 89.8856, 17.1322

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.4764, 89.5588, -19.4350



48.4764, -19.7199, 33.2719



48.4764, -44.2555, -75.7641

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369



82.9781, -69.0797, 45.4103

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.4764, -54.8364, -18.4385



48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369



48.4764, -43.9170, 30.5698

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.4764, 89.5588, -19.4350



48.4764, 18.1656, 33.2507



48.4764, -54.7353, 17.5920



48.4764, -20.3499, -123.0385

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369



48.4764, 72.9951, 27.8303



48.4764, -54.7353, 17.5920



48.4764, -49.1111, -55.6894

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.4764, 89.5588, -19.4350



76.9180, 32.2929, -11.2635



28.7023, 73.1891, -167.8587



34.2666, 17.4253, -6.1736

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.4764, 89.5588, -19.4350



49.5748, 91.5884, -19.8256



45.3802, 78.2992, 24.7399



41.7529, 2.8774, -0.0461



35.3415, 65.3610, -14.6634



10.8410, 20.1965, -5.6377

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.4764, 89.5588, -19.4350



49.5748, 91.5884, -19.8256



85.0590, -56.2388, 15.0895



41.7529, 2.8774, -0.0461



35.3415, 65.3610, -14.6634



10.8410, 20.1965, -5.6377

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

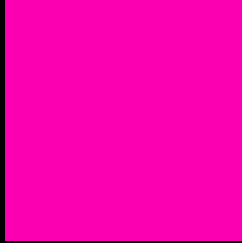
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369.

-19.4369.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369

Protanopia

49.5610, 14.8799, -79.3743

Deuteranopia

49.1169, 3.2958, -12.6470



Tritanopia

48.9040, 61.7136, 23.5728

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369



Protanomaly

40.9556, 44.5896, -77.1058



Deuteranomaly

42.8009, 41.9173, -24.8894



Tritanomaly

47.5576, 73.7150, 11.8463

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369



Achromatopsia

33.8283, -1.8050, 1.8380



Achromatomaly

33.6031, 37.2358, -12.8754

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 0, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 0, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 0, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 0, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 0, 177) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 0, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 0, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 0, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 0, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 0,  
177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.4751, 89.5632, -19.4369 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 0, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250, 0,  
177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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