

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.5132, 0.6350,
2.2712)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.5132, 0.6350, 2.2712)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.5070, 0.6133,
2.3325)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C8386
RGB	140, 131, 134
RGB Percent	55%, 51%, 53%
CMY	0.4510, 0.4863, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.04, 0.45
HSL	340°, 4%, 53%
HSV	340°, 6%, 55%
XYZ	23.2346, 23.5293, 25.8713
YIQ	134.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

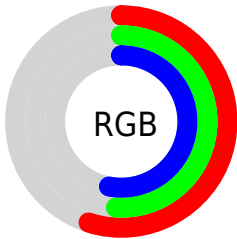
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 131, 134
Decimal	9208710
CIE Lab	55.61, 3.95, -0.40
CIE LCh	56, 3.974, 354.189
Yxy	23.5303, 0.3199, 0.3239
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287398790 (0xFF8C8386)
YUV	134.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331
Hunter-Lab	48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325

Details

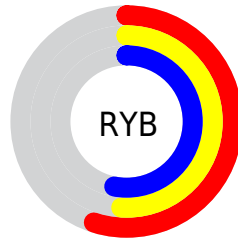
The HunterLab color $[48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $[50.3867, -5.7957, 3.0963]$, and the grayscale version is $[48.8388, -2.6059, 2.6535]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[70.2411, -0.0317, 3.5978]$, and $[29.7462, 0.9549, 1.6282]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[44.4646, 5.9172, 1.7808]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[52.7454, -4.5704, 3.0599]$.

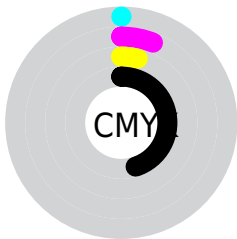
Distribution



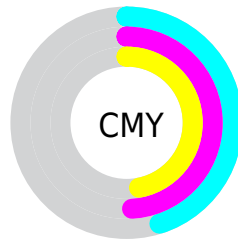
- Red (55%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.5070, 0.6133,
2.3325

■ 48.5070, 0.6133,
2.3325

164.4498, -4.0060,
8.4909

■ 38.7112, 0.9094,
1.8221

■ 70.1874, -0.1362,
3.4734

■ 29.6804, 1.1473,
1.3545

■ 81.9872, -0.5781,
4.0973

■ 21.4872, 1.3164,
0.9349

■ 94.3830, -1.0608,
4.7546

■ 14.2279, 1.4027,
0.5696

107.3472, -1.5815,
5.4435

■ 7.8839, 1.7641,
0.2176

120.8560, -2.1382,
6.1628

0.0000, NaN, NaN

134.8883, -2.7289,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.9112

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.4252, -3.3519,
7.6875

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.5070, 0.6133,
2.3325

■ 48.5070, 0.6133,
2.3325

■ 44.4646, 5.9172,
1.7808

■ 52.7454, -4.5704,
3.0599

■ 40.6474, 11.3356,
1.4414

■ 57.1508, -9.6349,
3.9291

■ 37.0962, 16.8303,
1.3626

■ 61.7034, -14.5931,
4.9164

■ 33.8597, 22.3173,
1.5982

■ 66.3862, -19.4589,
6.0024

■ 30.9947, 27.6398,
2.2024

■ 71.1855, -24.2465,
7.1717

■ 28.5633, 32.5458,
3.2147

■ 76.0900, -28.9690,
8.4124

■ 26.6247, 36.6919,
4.6372

■ 81.0903, -33.6382,
9.7148

■ 25.2198, 39.7075,
6.4076

■ 86.1784, -38.2643,
11.0711

■ 24.3192, 41.4457,
8.3602

■ 90.6415, -41.9743,
11.7198

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.5081, 0.0138, 0.8377



48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325



48.5081, 0.3428, 3.8631

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.5081, 0.6120, 2.3333



48.5081, -3.8864, 5.3184



48.5081, -4.4367, 0.1238

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325



50.3867, -5.7957, 3.0963

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.5081, -5.4564, 1.3850



48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325



48.5081, -5.1417, 4.3765

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.5081, 0.6120, 2.3333



48.5081, -2.2686, 5.5533



48.5081, -5.7128, 2.9455



48.5081, -2.9122, -0.4651

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325



48.5081, -0.2906, 4.7011



48.5081, -5.7128, 2.9455



48.5081, -4.8491, 0.4852

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.5081, 0.6120, 2.3333



66.8459, -2.2243, 3.4953



48.4206, 0.6689, -0.5326



32.1237, -1.1119, 1.6840



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.5081, 0.6120, 2.3333



63.4537, 2.0281, 2.9524



48.8402, -0.5625, 4.0167



22.5262, 0.9694, 1.0289



22.6654, 39.6234, 8.3813



1.9140, 3.4723, -0.2712

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.5081, 0.6120, 2.3333



63.4537, 2.0281, 2.9524



50.0402, -4.6170, 1.3561



22.5262, 0.9694, 1.0289



22.6654, 39.6234, 8.3813



1.9140, 3.4723, -0.2712

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.5070, 0.6133,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325

Protanopia

48.6572, -1.6825, 2.0223

Deuteranopia

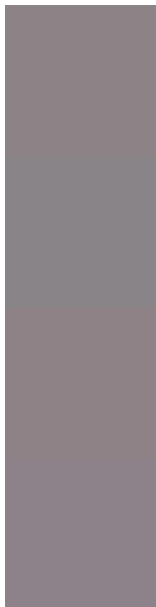
48.4164, 3.1284, 2.2691



Tritanopia

48.4989, 2.3575, -0.4054

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325

Protanomaly

48.5491, -0.6141, 1.9122

Deuteranomaly

48.5037, 2.0188, 2.3533

Tritanomaly

48.4386, 2.0330, 0.4519

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325

Achromatopsia

48.8260, -2.6052, 2.6528

Achromatomaly

48.7140, -1.5437, 2.5394

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 131, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 131, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 131, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 131, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 131, 134) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 131, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 131, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 131, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 131, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 131,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.5070, 0.6133, 2.3325 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 131, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
131, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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