

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.5448, 71.5026,  
23.4059)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(48.5448, 71.5026,  
23.4059) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(48.5223, 71.5468,  
23.4496)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FC3349
RGB	252, 51, 73
RGB Percent	99%, 20%, 29%
CMY	0.0118, 0.7999, 0.7137
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.71, 0.01
HSL	353°, 97%, 59%
HSV	353°, 80%, 99%
XYZ	42.5313, 23.5441, 8.6062
YIQ	113.6070, 112.7340, 49.4540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

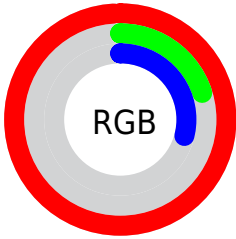
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	252, 51, 73
Decimal	16528201
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.63, 73.69, 37.67
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 82.758, 27.074
Yxy	23.5456, 0.5695, 0.3153
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294718281 (0xFFFC3349)
YUV	113.6070, -20.0193, 121.3707
Hunter-Lab	48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496

# Details

The HunterLab color **48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0033**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **87.2002, -49.3048, 1.9595**, and the grayscale version is **40.9170, -2.1832, 2.2231**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.2924, 49.7686, 18.9954**, and **32.6397, 56.1683, 18.9843** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.5416, 76.1739, 26.0873**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.6997, 64.3067, 20.4451**.

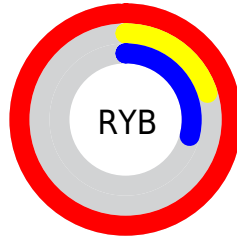
# Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (20%)

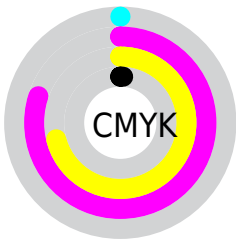
Blue (29%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (29%)

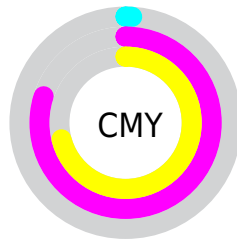


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (71%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48.5223, 71.5468,  
23.4496

■ 48.5223, 71.5468,  
23.4496

164.4734, 89.4560,  
46.4507

■ 38.7258, 69.1772,  
20.3836

■ 70.2051, 76.1312,  
29.1244

■ 29.6938, 66.8580,  
17.1060

■ 82.0059, 78.3055,  
31.7916

■ 21.4991, 64.7690,  
13.7919

■ 94.4026, 80.3883,  
34.3741

■ 14.2384, 63.3949,  
9.9669

■ 107.3677, 82.3784,  
36.8870

■ 7.8947, 66.1432,  
5.5263

■ 120.8773, 84.2773,  
39.3424

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, INF, NaN

134.9104, 86.0876,

41.7498

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.4481, 87.8127,  
44.1172

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.5223, 71.5468,  
23.4496

■ 48.5223, 71.5468,  
23.4496

■ 46.5416, 76.1739,  
26.0873

■ 51.6997, 64.3067,  
20.4451

■ 45.5995, 78.1999,  
28.0295

■ 56.0262, 55.2086,  
17.3885

■ 45.5819, 78.2397,  
28.0635

■ 61.3830, 45.0820,  
14.5242

■ 67.6231, 34.5837,  
11.9866

■ 74.6046, 24.1250,  
9.8201

82.2046, 13.9165,  
8.0144

90.3223, 4.0400,  
6.5336

98.8775, -5.4943,  
5.3342

99.7173, -6.3207,  
5.0827

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.5238, 82.7992, -0.6840



48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496



48.5238, 38.8883, 31.3430

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.5238, 71.5414, 23.4505



48.5238, -46.5940, 25.9169



48.5238, -5.9245, -111.7294

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496



87.2002, -49.3048, 1.9595

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.5238, -33.5867, -85.5239



48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496



48.5238, -52.5863, 5.7467

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.5238, 71.5414, 23.4505



48.5238, -29.1960, 31.9114



48.5238, -48.5879, -35.6520



48.5238, 31.3644, -93.5436



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496



48.5238, 13.1218, 32.6593



48.5238, -48.5879, -35.6520



48.5238, -16.5295, -107.5526

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.5238, 71.5414, 23.4505



79.9674, 18.4744, 8.8600



50.9723, 89.1339, -74.1536



35.7353, 10.2596, 4.4068

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.5238, 71.5414, 23.4505



46.4918, 78.6815, 27.7959



60.3230, 37.8597, 34.7532



41.5404, 1.7363, 2.9815



32.9140, 56.5267, 20.0244



10.0654, 17.3831, 5.3743



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.5238, 71.5414, 23.4505



46.4918, 78.6815, 27.7959



61.9479, -9.6955, -50.1411



41.5404, 1.7363, 2.9815



32.9140, 56.5267, 20.0244



10.0654, 17.3831, 5.3743



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

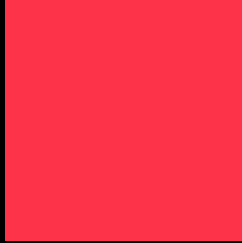
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.5223, 71.5468,

23.4496.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496

### Protanopia

48.5531, -3.6701, 14.5038

### Deuteranopia

48.4923, 3.2938, 24.5404



## Tritanopia

48.3977, 69.4423, 26.6103

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496

## Protanomaly

45.3024, 24.2176, 15.3856

## Deuteranomaly

46.0170, 29.7965, 22.4336

## Tritanomaly

48.3769, 70.0391, 25.4503

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496

## Achromatopsia

41.0207, -2.1888, 2.2287

## Achromatomaly

40.3430, 23.6566, 7.9250

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 51, 73)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 51, 73)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 51, 73) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 51, 73) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 51, 73) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 51, 73) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 51, 73)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 51, 73); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 51, 73);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 51,  
73) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.5223, 71.5468, 23.4496 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 51, 73) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252, 51,  
73) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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