

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.5452, 24.1641,  
20.8284)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(48.5452, 24.1641,  
20.8284) contains.

<b>HunterLab(48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(48.5439, 24.1670,  
20.8277)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C36F51
RGB	195, 111, 81
RGB Percent	76%, 44%, 32%
CMY	0.2353, 0.5647, 0.6823
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.58, 0.24
HSL	16°, 49%, 54%
HSV	16°, 58%, 76%
XYZ	29.6754, 23.5651, 10.7691
YIQ	132.6960, 59.6940, 8.4780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

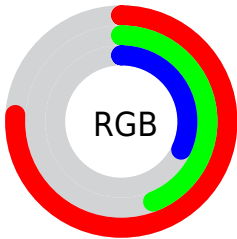
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	195, 122, 81
Decimal	12808017
CIELab	55.65, 30.36, 31.04
CIElCh	56, 43.423, 45.636
Yxy	23.5663, 0.4636, 0.3682
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290998097 (0xFFC36F51)
YUV	132.6960, -25.4861, 54.6406
Hunter-Lab	48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277

# Details

The HunterLab color **48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **57.0947, -16.4475, -18.7212**, and the grayscale version is **48.3923, -2.5821, 2.6292**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.3204, 25.7193, 25.6768**, and **29.6263, 22.1935, 15.4619** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.1964, 29.9219, 22.4887**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.2435, 18.6295, 18.6908**.

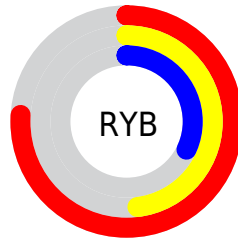
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (44%)

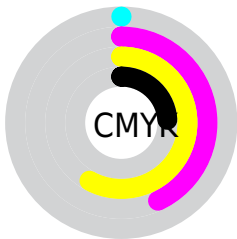
Blue (32%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (32%)

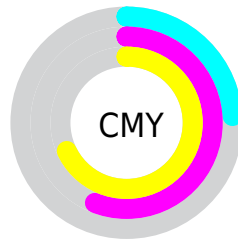


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (58%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (68%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48.5439, 24.1670,  
20.8277

■ 48.5439, 24.1670,  
20.8277

164.5055, 29.3118,  
40.6348

■ 38.7456, 23.1349,  
18.2468

■ 70.2293, 25.8869,  
25.6374

■ 29.7119, 21.9772,  
15.4964

■ 82.0314, 26.6022,  
27.9152

■ 21.5154, 20.6795,  
12.5210

■ 94.4293, 27.2318,  
30.1315

■ 14.2526, 19.2426,  
9.9768

■ 107.3955, 27.7828,  
32.2985

■ 7.9095, 18.6276,  
5.5366

■ 120.9063, 28.2615,  
34.4256

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

134.9405, 28.6729,

36.5202

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.4792, 29.0217,  
38.5883

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.5439, 24.1670,  
20.8277

■ 48.5439, 24.1670,  
20.8277

■ 45.1964, 29.9219,  
22.4887

■ 52.2435, 18.6295,  
18.6908

■ 42.2430, 35.7754,  
23.5816

■ 56.2483, 13.3848,  
16.1636

■ 39.7297, 41.5212,  
24.0372

■ 60.5210, 8.4540,  
13.3229

■ 37.6881, 46.8616,  
23.9080

■ 65.0282, 3.8343,  
10.2302

■ 37.4141, 47.6138,  
23.8879

■ 69.7417, -0.4920,  
6.9339

■ 74.6377, -4.5499,  
3.4710

■ 79.6960, -8.3668,  
-0.1300

■ 84.9000, -11.9697,  
-3.8476

■ 90.1816, -15.6851,  
-6.9051

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.5452, 35.5953, 10.7320



48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277



48.5452, 6.3298, 24.9925

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.5452, 24.1641, 20.8284



48.5452, -31.8708, 10.1468



48.5452, 7.1294, -41.1691

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277



57.0947, -16.4475, -18.7212

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.5452, -10.9142, -41.5096



48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277



48.5452, -31.7219, -7.1347

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.5452, 24.1641, 20.8284



48.5452, -25.0158, 20.5356



48.5452, -24.5737, -27.4171



48.5452, 24.8228, -26.6089



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277



48.5452, -5.9574, 25.3671



48.5452, -24.5737, -27.4171



48.5452, 0.8659, -43.0899

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.5452, 24.1641, 20.8284



87.1389, 5.0229, 13.6131



45.0097, 49.6345, -19.2362



39.9256, 3.1879, 6.9602

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.5452, 24.1641, 20.8284



59.3948, 42.0971, 30.5585



62.9689, -3.2746, 31.4138



32.4028, -0.0527, 3.3843



30.3593, 37.8024, 19.3690



7.1779, 5.5107, 4.5195



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.0947, -16.4475, -18.7212



72.5917, -22.1409, -31.1826



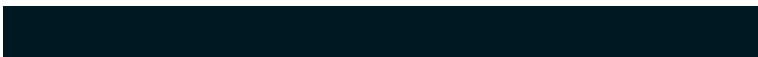
40.9072, 10.2985, -49.4437



33.1139, -3.3060, 0.1414



39.5023, -10.7294, -26.2127



8.8407, -3.1127, -4.3306



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

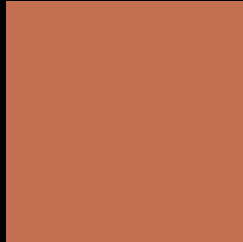
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.5439, 24.1670,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277

### Protanopia

48.7936, -4.7326, 18.2298

### Deuteranopia

48.7595, 3.2575, 21.3381



## Tritanopia

48.5805, 30.0672, 11.0324

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277

## Protanomaly

48.3698, 4.9738, 18.8398

## Deuteranomaly

48.5773, 10.7120, 21.0922

## Tritanomaly

48.3944, 27.9024, 14.9084

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277

## Achromatopsia

48.4304, -2.5841, 2.6313

## Achromatomaly

47.9062, 5.8913, 9.9202

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 111, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 111, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 111, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 111, 81) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 111, 81) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 111, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 111, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 111, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 111, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 111,  
81) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.5439, 24.1670, 20.8277 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 111, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
111, 81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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