

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.5522, -35.8195,
16.6380)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.5522, -35.8195,
16.6380) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.5518,
-35.8220, 16.6439)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00995D
RGB	0, 153, 93
RGB Percent	0%, 60%, 36%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4000, 0.6353
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.39, 0.40
HSL	156°, 100%, 30%
HSV	156°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	13.3670, 23.5728, 14.2014
YIQ	100.4130, -71.9280, -51.0960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

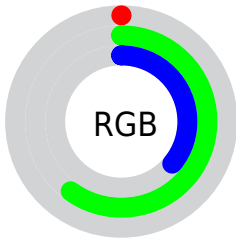
Format	Color
RYB	0, 95, 153
Decimal	39261
CIELab	55.66, -48.85, 22.12
CIELCh	56, 53.626, 155.638
Yxy	23.5737, 0.2614, 0.4609
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278229341 (0xFF00995D)
YUV	100.4130, -3.6546, -88.0622
Hunter-Lab	48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439

Details

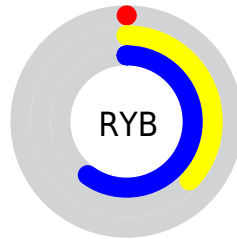
The HunterLab color $48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 009966 . A complement of this color would be $26.6441, 46.8519, 7.7224$, and the grayscale version is $35.8879, -1.9149, 1.9499$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70.0741, -42.5739, 20.1091$, and $30.5149, -23.8588, 13.3633$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48.5527, -35.8230, 16.6451$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48.7733, -34.6801, 15.0964$.

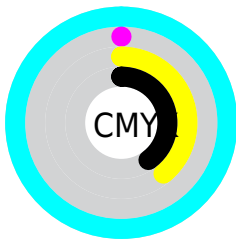
Distribution



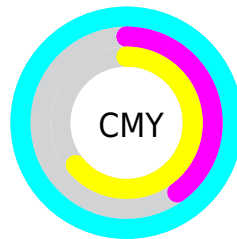
- Red (0%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.5518, -35.8220,
16.6439

■ 48.5518, -35.8220,
16.6439

164.5169,
-63.4726, 32.2885

■ 38.7527, -32.0694,
14.7022

■ 70.2379, -42.7150,
20.3232

■ 29.7184, -28.0245,
12.6559

■ 82.0405, -45.9377,
22.0941

■ 21.5212, -23.5779,
10.4606

■ 94.4388, -49.0485,
23.8341

■ 14.2576, -19.2534,
8.5625

■ 107.4055,
-52.0666, 25.5510

■ 7.9147, -13.8507,
5.5403

■ 120.9166,
-55.0072, 27.2507

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 134.9512,

-57.8823, 28.9379

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.4903,
-60.7014, 30.6162

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.5518, -35.8220,
16.6439

■ 48.5518, -35.8220,
16.6439

■ 48.5527, -35.8230,
16.6451

■ 48.7733, -34.6801,
15.0964

■ 49.0801, -33.1733,
13.5165

■ 49.5074, -31.1717,
11.9489

■ 50.0665, -28.6464,
10.4179

■ 50.7651, -25.5888,
8.9461

■ 51.6081, -22.0069,
7.5533

■ 52.5979, -17.9222,
6.2568

■ 53.7347, -13.3670,
5.0703

■ 55.0170, -8.3811,
4.0044

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.5528, -25.1490, 25.4881



48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439



48.5528, -38.3385, -1.5405

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.5528, -35.8224, 16.6443



48.5528, 1.6944, -58.0450



48.5528, 37.4280, 20.9168

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439



26.6441, 46.8519, 7.7224

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.5528, 47.9066, 6.4842



48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439



48.5528, 25.0205, -43.6046

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.5528, -35.8224, 16.6443



48.5528, -19.0543, -51.1764



48.5528, 42.9993, -17.3872



48.5528, 16.4027, 27.0597

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439



48.5528, -35.5356, -18.5415



48.5528, 42.9993, -17.3872



48.5528, 42.4582, 17.1938

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.5528, -35.8224, 16.6443



70.3025, -24.3290, 8.4728



48.7668, -36.5544, 29.4096



32.7869, -12.4505, 4.2891



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.5528, -35.8224, 16.6443



64.9452, -48.1161, 22.6931



45.1574, -20.5392, -12.1040



26.4301, -3.8268, 1.8832



44.1465, -32.5199, 15.0219



5.4633, -3.5751, 0.8888

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.6441, 46.8519, 7.7224



35.6070, 62.5229, 11.0324



26.6889, 42.3314, 17.1861



25.0216, 1.1846, 0.9721



24.2344, 42.6404, 6.8359



3.0763, 5.6244, -0.7733

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439.

-35.8220, 16.6439.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439

Protanopia

48.3324, -5.0721, 19.1506

Deuteranopia

48.1119, 3.1839, 15.1551



Tritanopia

48.4741, -19.3320, -9.4847

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439

Protanomaly

46.6219, -22.0405, 16.6012

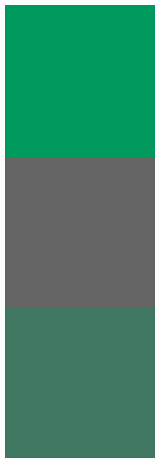
Deuteranomaly

45.9609, -17.8746, 13.4189

Tritanomaly

48.2269, -26.7090, 1.5215

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439

Achromatopsia

35.6984, -1.9048, 1.9396

Achromatomaly

38.9188, -18.2581, 6.4331

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 153, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 153, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 153, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 153, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 153, 93) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 153, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 153, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 153, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 93)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.5518, -35.8220, 16.6439 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 153, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 153,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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