

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.5556, -31.1704,
0.7531)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.5556, -31.1704,
0.7531) contains.

HunterLab(49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(49.2281,
-29.3222, 1.7674)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009888
RGB	0, 152, 136
RGB Percent	0%, 60%, 53%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4039, 0.4667
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.11, 0.40
HSL	174°, 100%, 30%
HSV	174°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	15.6722, 24.2341, 27.1442
YIQ	104.7280, -85.4560, -37.2000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

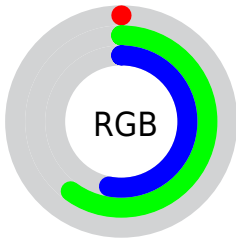
Format	Color
RYB	0, 80, 152
Decimal	39048
CIELab	56.32, -37.55, -1.18
CIELCh	56, 37.570, 181.802
Yxy	24.2350, 0.2337, 0.3614
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278229128 (0xFF009888)
YUV	104.7280, 15.4171, -91.8465
Hunter-Lab	49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674

Details

The HunterLab color **49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **25.9105, 44.5129, 15.6216**, and the grayscale version is **37.4514, -1.9983, 2.0348**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.9750, -34.8678, 2.9061**, and **31.2829, -19.1576, 2.2548** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.2289, -29.3232, 1.7687**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.3803, -28.6225, 1.2380**.

Distribution



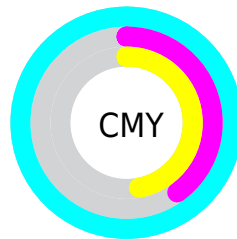
- Red (0%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

49.2281, -29.3222,
1.7674

49.2281, -29.3222,
1.7674

165.5314,
-51.6759, 7.6516

39.3802, -26.3877,
1.2960

71.0024, -34.7773,
2.8369

30.2931, -23.2531,
0.8707

82.8454, -37.3561,
3.4281

22.0377, -19.8395,
0.4975

95.2822, -39.8617,
4.0541

14.7084, -16.0215,
0.1840

108.2858,
-42.3077, 4.7132

8.3661, -14.6407,
-0.1298

121.8323,
-44.7045, 5.4038

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.9009,

-47.0606, 6.1245

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.4729,
-49.3826, 6.8741

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.2281, -29.3222,
1.7674

■ 49.2281, -29.3222,
1.7674

■ 49.2289, -29.3232,
1.7687

■ 49.3803, -28.6225,
1.2380

■ 49.6081, -27.6188,
0.7990

■ 49.9465, -26.1821,
0.4966

■ 50.4071, -24.2773,
0.3480

■ 50.9983, -21.8874,
0.3649

■ 51.7258, -19.0100,
0.5547

■ 52.5930, -15.6559,
0.9203

■ 53.6012, -11.8462,
1.4607

■ 54.7500, -7.6105,
2.1715

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.2290, -26.5164, 14.4128



49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674



49.2290, -25.7548, -14.9893

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.2290, -29.3224, 1.7680



49.2290, 14.3163, -28.5193



49.2290, 12.4679, 21.8690

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674



25.9105, 44.5129, 15.6216

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.2290, 25.7535, 15.5414



49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674



49.2290, 26.9113, -12.9185

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.2290, -29.3224, 1.7680



49.2290, -1.6764, -35.5470



49.2290, 31.3352, 3.5742



49.2290, -3.5752, 23.6131

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674



49.2290, -19.9461, -25.6629



49.2290, 31.3352, 3.5742



49.2290, 17.4708, 20.3314

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.2290, -29.3224, 1.7680



69.7984, -21.0825, 1.1872



47.5221, -40.0673, 28.5808



33.0546, -10.9033, 0.4655



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



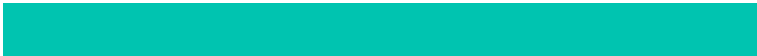
35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.2290, -29.3224, 1.7680



65.3910, -39.0291, 2.5197



31.9794, -2.1130, -35.4080



26.4865, -3.5128, 1.0780



45.0804, -26.8325, 1.5771



5.5373, -3.1289, -0.1668

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.9105, 44.5129, 15.6216



34.4030, 59.0701, 21.0377



31.1930, 28.2538, 19.7146



24.9654, 0.8823, 1.7732



23.7298, 40.7805, 14.2286



2.9431, 5.1401, 1.1270

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

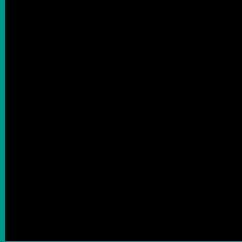
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674.



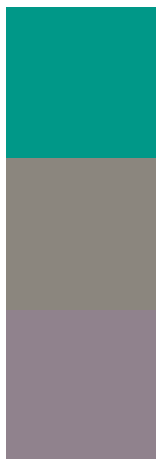
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.2281,

-29.3222, 1.7674.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674

Protanopia

49.0362, -2.3136, 6.3093

Deuteranopia

48.8033, 3.4429, -0.4814



Tritanopia

49.1776, -21.2357, -10.7205

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674



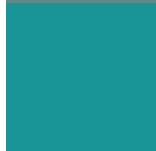
Protanomaly

47.6825, -17.6384, 2.8127



Deuteranomaly

47.2402, -14.0429, -1.7933



Tritanomaly

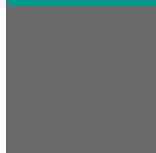
48.9577, -24.3653, -6.2341

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674



Achromatopsia

37.5850, -2.0054, 2.0421



Achromatomaly

40.4640, -15.9938, 0.4433

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 152, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 152, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 152, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 152, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 152, 136) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 152, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 152, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 152, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 152, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 152,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.2281, -29.3222, 1.7674 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 152, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 152,  
136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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