

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.5645, -35.7691,
16.5124)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.5645, -35.7691,
16.5124) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.5702,
-35.7089, 16.3767)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00995E
RGB	0, 153, 94
RGB Percent	0%, 60%, 37%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4000, 0.6314
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.39, 0.40
HSL	157°, 100%, 30%
HSV	157°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	13.4116, 23.5906, 14.4363
YIQ	100.5270, -72.2490, -50.7850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

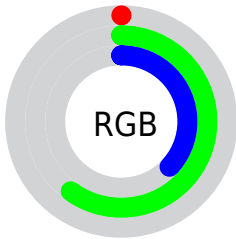
Format	Color
RYB	0, 95, 153
Decimal	39262
CIELab	55.68, -48.64, 21.60
CIELCh	56, 53.219, 156.059
Yxy	23.5916, 0.2607, 0.4586
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278229342 (0xFF00995E)
YUV	100.5270, -3.2178, -88.1622
Hunter-Lab	48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767

Details

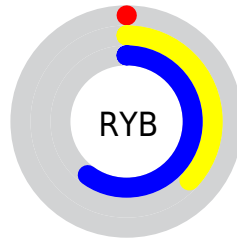
The HunterLab color **48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **26.6244, 46.7798, 8.0079**, and the grayscale version is **35.9293, -1.9171, 1.9521**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.0960, -42.4417, 19.7914**, and **30.5280, -23.7777, 13.1719** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.5711, -35.7099, 16.3778**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.7911, -34.5713, 14.8389**.

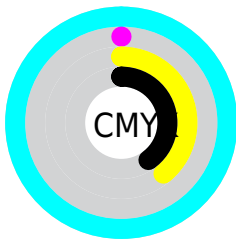
Distribution



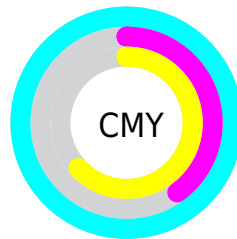
- Red (0%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.5702, -35.7089,
16.3767

■ 48.5702, -35.7089,
16.3767

164.5446,
-63.2584, 31.7820

■ 38.7697, -31.9720,
14.4719

■ 70.2587, -42.5743,
19.9910

■ 29.7340, -27.9447,
12.4666

■ 82.0624, -45.7847,
21.7327

■ 21.5353, -23.5181,
10.3172

■ 94.4617, -48.8839,
23.4454

■ 14.2699, -19.1915,
8.4108

■ 107.4294,
-51.8911, 25.1365

■ 7.9273, -13.8729,
5.5491

■ 120.9416,
-54.8214, 26.8116

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 134.9770,

-57.6866, 28.4754

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.5170,
-60.4963, 30.1312

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.5702, -35.7089,
16.3767

■ 48.5702, -35.7089,
16.3767

■ 48.5711, -35.7099,
16.3778

■ 48.7911, -34.5713,
14.8389

■ 49.0970, -33.0707,
13.2727

■ 49.5230, -31.0771,
11.7230

■ 50.0806, -28.5617,
10.2141

■ 50.7775, -25.5156,
8.7682

■ 51.6184, -21.9466,
7.4052

■ 52.6059, -17.8760,
6.1416

■ 53.7402, -13.3358,
4.9911

■ 55.0199, -8.3654,
3.9637

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.5712, -25.2050, 25.3144



48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767



48.5712, -38.1016, -1.8296

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.5712, -35.7093, 16.3771



48.5712, 1.9832, -57.3532



48.5712, 36.8483, 20.9552

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767



26.6244, 46.7798, 8.0079

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.5712, 47.4208, 6.7286



48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767



48.5712, 25.0997, -42.8287

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.5712, -35.7093, 16.3771



48.5712, -18.6950, -50.8655



48.5712, 42.7762, -16.8347



48.5712, 15.9224, 27.0077

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767



48.5712, -35.2354, -18.7312



48.5712, 42.7762, -16.8347



48.5712, 41.8868, 17.2855

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.5712, -35.7093, 16.3771



70.3135, -24.2658, 8.3158



48.7668, -36.5545, 29.4097



32.7926, -12.4173, 4.2071



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.5712, -35.7093, 16.3771



64.9699, -47.9639, 22.3336



45.1575, -20.5392, -12.1040



26.4313, -3.8197, 1.8652



44.1632, -32.4172, 14.7794



5.4650, -3.5649, 0.8648

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.6244, 46.7798, 8.0079



35.5810, 62.4277, 11.4092



26.6889, 42.3315, 17.1862



25.0203, 1.1776, 0.9906



24.2164, 42.5745, 7.0966



3.0733, 5.6138, -0.7318

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

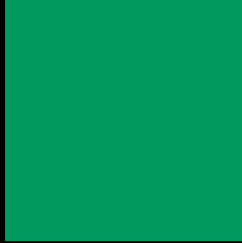
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767.

-35.7089, 16.3767.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767

Protanopia

48.3490, -4.9805, 18.9088

Deuteranopia

48.1319, 3.2910, 14.8646



Tritanopia

48.4741, -19.3320, -9.4847

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767



Protanomaly

46.6398, -21.9350, 16.3406



Deuteranomaly

45.9813, -17.7559, 13.1228



Tritanomaly

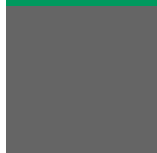
48.2269, -26.7090, 1.5215

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767



Achromatopsia

36.0744, -1.9248, 1.9600



Achromatomaly

39.2489, -18.4976, 6.4056

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 153, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 153, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 153, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 153, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 153, 94) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 153, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 153, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 153, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 94)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.5702, -35.7089, 16.3767 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 153, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 153,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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