

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.6095, 32.0060,  
5.1810)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(48.6095, 32.0060,  
5.1810) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(48.6095, 32.0060,  
5.1810)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C46A81
RGB	196, 106, 129
RGB Percent	77%, 42%, 51%
CMY	0.2314, 0.5843, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.34, 0.23
HSL	345°, 43%, 59%
HSV	345°, 46%, 77%
XYZ	31.8815, 23.6288, 23.6494
YIQ	135.5320, 46.2570, 26.2330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

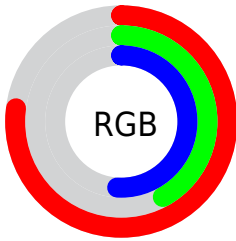
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	196, 106, 129
Decimal	12872321
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.72, 38.29, 3.42
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 38.442, 5.111
Yxy	23.6300, 0.4027, 0.2985
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291062401 (0xFFC46A81)
YUV	135.5320, -3.2203, 53.0304
Hunter-Lab	48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810

# Details

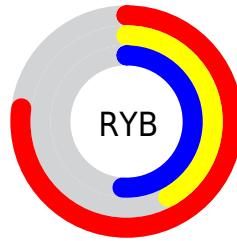
The HunterLab color  $48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC6699$ . A complement of this color would be  $67.4995, -30.2543, 6.3342$ , and the grayscale version is  $49.4336, -2.6377, 2.6858$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $70.3091, 34.5713, 6.6093$ , and  $29.6657, 29.0843, 3.6208$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $44.3628, 39.7986, 6.5932$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $53.4397, 23.9841, 4.2558$ .

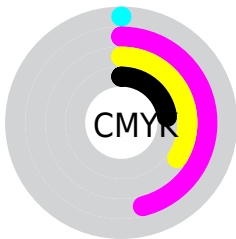
# Distribution



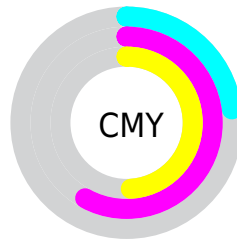
- Red (77%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (49%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 48.6095, 32.0060,  
5.1810


 48.6095, 32.0060,  
5.1810


164.6039, 39.8034,  
12.8276


 38.8064, 30.6457,  
4.4543


 70.3035, 34.3679,  
6.7122


 29.7676, 29.1612,  
3.7507


 82.1095, 35.3930,  
7.5146

 21.5654, 27.5525,  
3.0694

 94.5111, 36.3246,  
8.3415

 14.2961, 25.8582,  
2.4059

 107.4810, 37.1697,  
9.1924

 7.9545, 25.2266,  
2.2176

120.9952, 37.9350,  
10.0669

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.0326, 38.6258,

10.9646

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.5745, 39.2472,  
11.8850

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.6095, 32.0060,  
5.1810

■ 48.6095, 32.0060,  
5.1810

■ 44.3628, 39.7986,  
6.5932

■ 53.4397, 23.9841,  
4.2558

■ 40.7965, 46.9686,  
8.5063

■ 58.7575, 15.9848,  
3.7610

■ 38.0063, 52.9630,  
10.8660


■ 64.4860, 8.1303,  
3.6330


■ 36.0527, 57.2023,  
13.5146


■ 70.5615, 0.4707,  
3.8102


■ 34.9221, 59.3449,  
16.1967


■ 76.9328, -6.9860,  
4.2395

 34.5930, 59.9094,  
17.1771

 83.5595, -14.2524,  
4.8768

 90.4090, -21.3504,  
5.6868

 94.8121, -24.4969,  
3.6040

 95.1188, -22.7571,  
-0.7581

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.6107, 28.5823, -11.3546



48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810



48.6107, 25.2215, 16.6500

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.6107, 32.0033, 5.1820



48.6107, -19.0580, 21.0165



48.6107, -14.8799, -32.0976

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810



67.4995, -30.2543, 6.3342

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.6107, -25.2929, -17.3788



48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810



48.6107, -27.4775, 13.4230

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.6107, 32.0033, 5.1820



48.6107, -5.3072, 23.7035



48.6107, -29.6038, -0.0344



48.6107, 0.1753, -36.4672



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810



48.6107, 16.2848, 21.0526



48.6107, -29.6038, -0.0344



48.6107, -18.9737, -28.0063

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.6107, 32.0033, 5.1820



88.1502, 9.1753, 4.9034



48.0267, 35.3781, -34.2594



39.9728, 5.3024, 2.2614

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.6107, 32.0033, 5.1820



59.7373, 53.5132, 8.8623



52.8738, 18.7316, 17.6164



31.8107, 1.4347, 1.7284



27.7510, 48.1026, 13.4506



5.8684, 10.3661, 1.3400



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.6107, 32.0033, 5.1820



59.7373, 53.5132, 8.8623



61.4089, -16.6630, -12.8745



31.8107, 1.4347, 1.7284



27.7510, 48.1026, 13.4506



5.8684, 10.3661, 1.3400



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

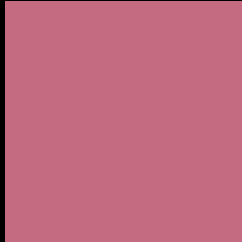
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

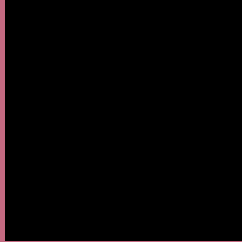
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.6095, 32.0060,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810

### Protanopia

48.7913, -0.6143, -2.4980

### Deuteranopia

48.6469, 3.4066, 6.3888



## Tritanopia

48.5677, 29.0162, 10.2643

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810

## Protanomaly

48.0603, 10.4308, -0.3363

## Deuteranomaly

48.3700, 13.2917, 5.8432

## Tritanomaly

48.4747, 30.1117, 8.2720

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810

## Achromatopsia

49.6187, -2.6475, 2.6959

## Achromatomaly

48.6105, 9.1851, 3.0489

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 106, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 106, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 106, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 106, 129) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 106, 129) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 106, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 106, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 106, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 106, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 106,  
129) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.6095, 32.0060, 5.1810 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 106, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
106, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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