

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.6410, -19.3686,
-4.0138)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.6410, -19.3686,
-4.0138) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.6410,
-19.3686, -4.0138)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	469193
RGB	70, 145, 147
RGB Percent	27%, 57%, 58%
CMY	0.7255, 0.4314, 0.4235
CMYK	0.52, 0.01, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	182°, 35%, 43%
HSV	182°, 52%, 58%
XYZ	17.9176, 23.6595, 31.2261
YIQ	122.8030, -45.3420, -15.2780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

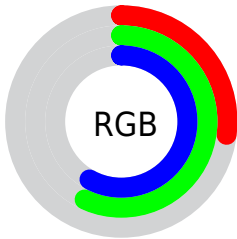
Format	Color
R_{YB}	70, 108, 147
Decimal	4624787
CIE _{Lab}	55.75, -22.55, -8.19
CIE _{LCh}	56, 23.995, 199.962
Yxy	23.6604, 0.2461, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282814867 (0xFF469193)
YUV	122.8030, 11.9291, -46.3082
Hunter-Lab	48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138

Details

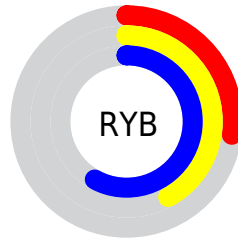
The HunterLab color **48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **33.5863, 23.3671, 10.8750**, and the grayscale version is **44.3969, -2.3689, 2.4122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.3021, -22.9308, -3.6843**, and **29.7800, -15.1900, -4.4316** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.0235, -21.1271, -4.8583**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.3887, -17.1456, -3.0053**.

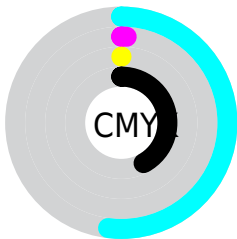
Distribution



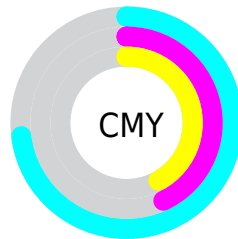
- Red (27%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.6410, -19.3686,
-4.0138

■ 48.6410, -19.3686,
-4.0138

164.6508,
-35.0367, -0.6825

■ 38.8354, -17.4451,
-4.1303

■ 70.3388, -23.0323,
-3.5976

■ 29.7941, -15.4270,
-4.1777

■ 82.1467, -24.8025,
-3.3101

■ 21.5892, -13.2718,
-4.1457

■ 94.5501, -26.5450,
-2.9749

■ 14.3169, -10.9043,
-4.0226

■ 107.5216,
-28.2667, -2.5952

■ 7.9758, -12.7479,
-4.0642

■ 121.0375,
-29.9730, -2.1740

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.0765,

-31.6680, -1.7134

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.6200,
-33.3550, -1.2157

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.6410, -19.3686,
-4.0138

■ 48.6410, -19.3686,
-4.0138

■ 48.0235, -21.1271,
-4.8583

■ 49.3887, -17.1456,
-3.0053

■ 47.5279, -22.4263,
-5.5418

■ 50.2669, -14.4636,
-1.8382

■ 47.1470, -23.2869,
-6.0697

■ 51.2778, -11.3395,
-0.5187

■ 46.8693, -23.7468,
-6.4545

■ 52.4209, -7.7982,
0.9437

■ 46.6982, -23.9390,
-6.6913

■ 53.6944, -3.8699,
2.5376

■ 55.0951, 0.4111,
4.2506

■ 56.6193, 5.0090,
6.0700

■ 58.2622, 9.8882,
7.9829

■ 60.0189, 15.0138,
9.9773

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.6419, -20.1053, 5.7264



48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138



48.6419, -14.3491, -13.5236

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.6419, -19.3689, -4.0131



48.6419, 13.0003, -10.6357



48.6419, 0.7958, 17.4235

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138



33.5863, 23.3671, 10.8750

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.6419, 10.3867, 14.6634



48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138



48.6419, 17.7997, -0.6464

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.6419, -19.3689, -4.0131



48.6419, 4.1353, -17.8500



48.6419, 16.8065, 8.4822



48.6419, -8.9839, 16.8823

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138



48.6419, -9.0067, -17.8384



48.6419, 16.8065, 8.4822



48.6419, 4.1607, 16.8767

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.6419, -19.3689, -4.0131



69.5255, -12.3720, 0.4679



47.5695, -30.3135, 21.2911



33.0826, -6.3313, 0.0501



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.6419, -19.3689, -4.0131



64.1265, -28.6531, -6.6934



37.3764, -2.9748, -20.8093



25.5669, -3.1917, 0.6949



43.4871, -22.2975, -6.2212



4.8788, -2.5480, -0.5978

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.5363, 34.9277, -22.1870



43.8421, 57.1340, -36.4191



42.1320, 5.4580, 17.9022



24.3035, 1.7486, -0.6945



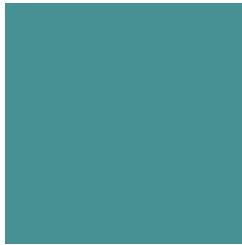
26.6504, 52.1112, -32.9453



2.9596, 5.8041, -3.7901

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

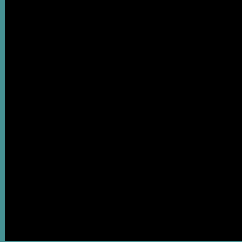
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138.



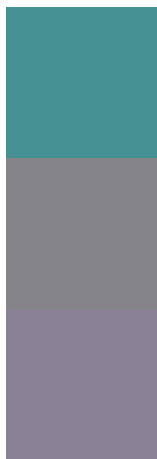
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138.

-19.3686, -4.0138.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138

Protanopia

48.3251, -1.1484, -0.2107

Deuteranopia

48.2761, 3.6520, -5.6257



Tritanopia

48.7130, -16.9546, -8.0237

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138

Protanomaly

48.1241, -9.0750, -2.0339

Deuteranomaly

47.9673, -6.1721, -5.6965

Tritanomaly

48.5708, -17.6969, -6.6423

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138

Achromatopsia

44.5050, -2.3747, 2.4180

Achromatomaly

45.6526, -9.5515, -0.3871

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 145, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(70, 145, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 145, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 145, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 145, 147) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 145, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(70, 145, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 145, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 145, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 145,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.6410, -19.3686, -4.0138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 145, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 145,  
147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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