

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.6562, -6.7828,
-4.2771)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.6562, -6.7828,
-4.2771) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.6562, -6.7828,
-4.2771)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	738994
RGB	115, 137, 148
RGB Percent	45%, 54%, 58%
CMY	0.5490, 0.4627, 0.4196
CMYK	0.22, 0.07, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	200°, 13%, 52%
HSV	200°, 22%, 58%
XYZ	21.3612, 23.6743, 31.4607
YIQ	131.6760, -16.6430, -1.2430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

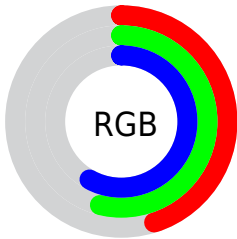
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 128, 148
Decimal	7571860
CIE _{Lab}	55.76, -5.32, -8.50
CIE _{LCh}	56, 10.022, 237.956
Yxy	23.6752, 0.2792, 0.3095
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285761940 (0xFF738994)
YUV	131.6760, 8.0477, -14.6249
Hunter-Lab	48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771

Details

The HunterLab color $48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $47.3872, 2.8370, 8.9551$, and the grayscale version is $47.8824, -2.5549, 2.6015$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70.2187, -8.4635, -4.0602$, and $29.7283, -5.1145, -4.3263$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.2391, -8.0192, -7.5733$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51.1812, -5.2216, -1.0101$.

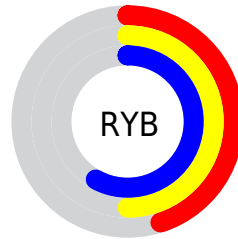
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (54%)

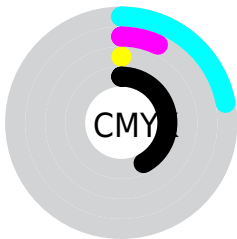
Blue (58%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (58%)

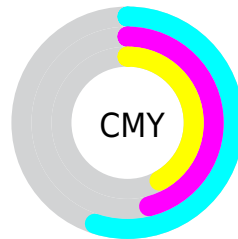


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.6562, -6.7828,
-4.2771

■ 48.6562, -6.7828,
-4.2771

164.6737,
-15.1389, -1.0498

■ 38.8496, -5.9463,
-4.3796

■ 70.3560, -8.5077,
-3.8869

■ 29.8070, -5.1224,
-4.4125

■ 82.1648, -9.3972,
-3.6117

■ 21.6009, -4.3066,
-4.3654

■ 94.5691, -10.3058,
-3.2884

■ 14.3271, -3.4890,
-4.2271

107.5415,
-11.2337, -2.9202

■ 7.9862, -3.3279,
-4.2542

121.0582,
-12.1810, -2.5100

0.0000, NaN, -NF

135.0980,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-13.1477, -2.0602

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.6421,
-14.1337, -1.5729

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.6562, -6.7828,
-4.2771

■ 48.6562, -6.7828,
-4.2771

■ 46.2391, -8.0192,
-7.5733

■ 51.1812, -5.2216,
-1.0101

■ 43.9347, -8.8924,
-10.8928

■ 53.8035, -3.3674,
2.2202

■ 41.7518, -9.3665,
-14.2229

■ 56.5173, -1.2524,
5.4119

■ 39.6980, -9.4069,
-17.5476

■ 59.3160, 1.0951,
8.5643

■ 37.7797, -8.9845,
-20.8470

■ 62.1935, 3.6502,
11.6779

■ 36.0012, -8.0817,
-24.0992

■ 65.1446, 6.3906,
14.7542

■ 34.3632, -6.7004,
-27.2837

■ 68.1642, 9.2970,
17.7954

■ 33.1667, -5.4258,
-29.7427

■ 71.2478, 12.3525,
20.8037

■ 74.3915, 15.5425,
23.7819

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.6572, -9.4859, -1.0676



48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771



48.6572, -2.8847, -5.6142

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.6572, -6.7835, -4.2763



48.6572, 5.6829, 2.3755



48.6572, -6.3038, 8.9202

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771



47.3872, 2.8370, 8.9551

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.6572, -2.3123, 9.6762



48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771



48.6572, 4.6940, 6.0929

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.6572, -6.7835, -4.2763



48.6572, 4.3915, -1.5780



48.6572, 1.7323, 8.6848



48.6572, -9.2155, 6.5270

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771



48.6572, -0.1002, -5.1870



48.6572, 1.7323, 8.6848



48.6572, -5.0480, 9.3649

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.6572, -6.7835, -4.2763



69.7654, -5.7115, 0.8773



51.3004, -15.3452, 8.7435



33.2478, -2.7890, 0.3144



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.6572, -6.7835, -4.2763



62.9301, -9.9282, -7.9716



44.1252, 0.6912, -10.4444



24.9796, -2.2477, -0.0031



30.7362, -5.1439, -27.3133



4.1229, -1.5998, -1.6997

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.1266, 11.4498, -3.0892



57.2796, 19.7825, -5.8294



51.8317, -4.7017, 13.3020



24.2418, 1.4178, 0.1821



24.7932, 45.5621, -8.0323



2.8412, 5.3901, -2.2301

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

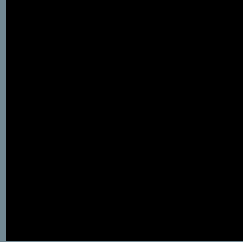
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

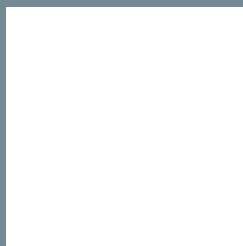
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771.

-4.2771.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771

Protanopia

48.4277, -0.4229, -2.9631

Deuteranopia

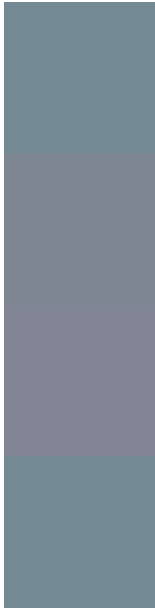
48.6047, 3.2831, -4.6772



Tritanopia

48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771

Protanomaly

48.5398, -2.8741, -3.3572

Deuteranomaly

48.6732, -0.7629, -4.6570

Tritanomaly

48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771

Achromatopsia

48.0354, -2.5630, 2.6099

Achromatomaly

48.2916, -4.2389, 0.1619

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 137, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 137, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 137, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 137, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

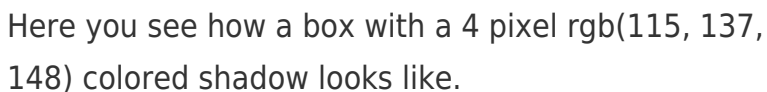
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 137, 148) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 137, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 137, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 137, 148); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 137, 148); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 137, 148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.6562, -6.7828, -4.2771 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 137, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
137, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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